

#### Pepwave Products:

MAX 700/HD2/HD2 IP67/HD2 mini/HD4/BR1/BR1 IP55/BR2 IP55/On-The-Go MAX HD2/HD4 with MediaFast Surf SOHO

Pepwave Firmware 6.2.1 June 2015

**COPYRIGHT & TRADEMARKS** 

Specifications are subject to change without notice. Copyright © 2015 Pepwave Ltd. All Rights Reserved. Pepwave and the Pepwave logo are trademarks of Pepwave Ltd. Other brands or products mentioned may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

# **Table of Contents**

1	INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE		
2	GLOSSAR	Υ	6
3	PRODUCT	FEATURES	7
	3.1 3.2	Supported Network Features Other Supported Features	
4	PEPWAVE	MAX MOBILE ROUTER OVERVIEW1	0
	4.1	MAX 7001	0
	4.2	MAX HD21	2
	4.3	MAX HD2 IP671	4
	4.4	MAX HD2 mini	5
	4.5	MAX HD41	7
	4.6	MAX BR11	8
	4.7	MAX BR1/2 IP55	3
	4.8	MAX ON-THE-GO2	5
	4.9	Surf SOHO2	6
5	INSTALLA	TION2	8
	5.1	PREPARATION	8
	5.2	CONSTRUCTING THE NETWORK	9
	5.3	CONFIGURING THE NETWORK ENVIRONMENT	0
6	MOUNTIN	IG THE UNIT	1
	6.1	WALL MOUNT	1
	6.2	Car Mount	
	6.3	IP67 INSTALLATION GUIDE	
7	CONNECT	ING TO THE WEB ADMIN INTERFACE	1
8	CONFIGU	RING THE LAN INTERFACE(S)3	4
	8 1	BASIC SETTINGS	4
	8.2	CAPTIVE PORTAL	4
9	CONFIGU	RING THE WAN INTERFACE(S)4	6
	9.1	ETHERNET WAN	7
	9.2	Cellular WAN	
	9.3	WI-FI WAN	-
	9.4	WAN HEALTH CHECK	-
	9.5	DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS	
10		D WLEI SETTINGS 7	1

11 MEDIAFA	AST CONFIGURATION74
11.1 11.2 11.3	Setting Up MediaFast Content Caching
12 BANDWI	DTH BONDING SPEEDFUSION <sup>™</sup> / PEPVPN77
12.1 12.2 12.3	PepVPN
13 IPSEC VP	N85
13.1	IPsec VPN Settings
14 OUTBOU	ND POLICY MANAGEMENT
14.1 14.2	Outbound Policy
15 INBOUNI	D ACCESS
15.1	Port Forwarding Service
16 NAT MAR	PPINGS
17 QOS 10	4
17.1 17.2 17.3	User Groups
18 FIREWAL	L107
18.1 18.2	Outbound and Inbound Firewall Rules
19 MISCELL	ANEOUS SETTINGS
19.1 19.2 19.3 19.4 19.5 19.6	High Availability.116PPTP Server.119Certificate Manager.120Service Forwarding120Service Passthrough.123GPS Forwarding124
20 AP CONT	ROLLER
20.1 20.2 20.3	WIRELESS SSID         .125           SETTINGS         .129           TOOLBOX         .133
21 SYSTEM	SETTINGS

21.1	Admin Security	ł
21.2	FIRMWARE	3
21.3	Тіме	)
21.4	EMAIL NOTIFICATION	)
21.5	Event Log141	L
21.6	SNMP142	2
21.7	INCONTROL144	ł
21.8	CONFIGURATION145	5
21.9	Feature Add-ons146	5
21.10	Rевоот146	5
21.11	Ping147	1
21.12	TRACEROUTE TEST	3
21.13	PepVPN Test	3
21.14	CLI (COMMAND LINE INTERFACE SUPPORT)149	)
22 STATUS		)
22.1	DEVICE	)
22.2	ACTIVE SESSIONS	,
22.3	CLIENT LIST	ł
22.4	WINS CLIENT	ł
22.5	UPNP / NAT-PMP	5
22.6	SPEEDFUSION STATUS	5
22.7	Event Log	)
22.8	BANDWIDTH	)
APPENDIX A.	RESTORATION OF FACTORY DEFAULTS165	5
APPENDIX B.	DECLARATION166	5

4

# 1 Introduction and Scope

Pepwave routers provide link aggregation and load balancing across multiple WAN connections, allowing a combination of technologies like 3G HSDPA, EVDO, 4G LTE, Wi-Fi, external WiMAX dongle, and satellite to be utilized to connect to the Internet.

This manual covers setting up Pepwave routers and provides an introduction to their features and usage.

Want to know more about Pepwave routers? Visit our YouTube Channel for a video introduction!
Numerical Nation Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status and an investigation         Person Nation       Status an investigation
■ (1) 123/5.57 360p 5.3 http://youtu.be/UCk/QThLKO4

# 2 Glossary

The following terms, acronyms, and abbreviations are frequently used in this manual:

Term	Definition		
3G	3rd Generation standards for wireless communications		
4G	4th Generation standards for wireless communications		
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol		
DNS	Domain Name System		
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized		
HSDPA	High-Speed Downlink Packet Access		
HTTP	Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol		
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol		
IP	Internet Protocol		
LAN	Local Area Network		
MAC Address	Media Access Control Address		
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit		
MSS	Maximum Segment Size		
NAT	Network Address Translation		
PPPoE	Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet		
QoS	Quality of Service		
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol		
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol		
UDP	User Datagram Protocol		
VPN	Virtual Private Network		
VRRP	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol		
WAN	Wide Area Network		
WINS	Windows Internet Name Service		
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network		

## **3 Product Features**

Pepwave routers enable all LAN users to share broadband Internet connections, and they provide advanced features to enhance Internet access. Below is a list of supported features on Pepwave routers. Features vary by model. For more information, please see peplink.com/products.

### 3.1 Supported Network Features

#### 3.1.1 WAN

- Ethernet WAN connection in full/half duplex
- Static IP support for PPPoE
- Built-in HSPA and EVDO cellular modems
- USB mobile connection(s)
- Wi-Fi WAN connection
- Network address translation (NAT)/port address translation (PAT)
- Inbound and outbound NAT mapping
- IPsec NAT-T and PPTP packet passthrough
- MAC address clone and passthrough
- Customizable MTU and MSS values
- WAN connection health check
- Dynamic DNS (supported service providers: changeip.com, dyndns.org, noip.org, tzo.com and DNS-O-Matic)
- Ping, DNS lookup, and HTTP-based health check

### 3.1.2 LAN

- Wi-Fi AP
- Ethernet LAN ports
- DHCP server on LAN
- Extended DHCP option support
- Static routing rules
- VLAN on LAN support

#### 3.1.3 VPN

- PepVPN with SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup>
- PepVPN performance analyzer
- X.509 certificate support
- VPN load balancing and failover among selected WAN connections

- Bandwidth bonding and failover among selected WAN connections
- IPsec VPN for network-to-network connections (works with Cisco and Juniper only)
- Ability to route Internet traffic to a remote VPN peer
- Optional pre-shared key setting
- SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> throughput, ping, and traceroute tests
- PPTP server
- PPTP and IPsec passthrough

#### 3.1.4 Firewall

- Outbound (LAN to WAN) firewall rules
- Inbound (WAN to LAN) firewall rules per WAN connection
- Intrusion detection and prevention
- Specification of NAT mappings
- Outbound firewall rules can be defined by destination domain name

#### 3.1.5 Captive Portal

- Splash screen of open networks, login page for secure networks
- Customizable built-in captive portal
- Supports linking to outside page for captive portal

#### 3.1.6 Outbound Policy

- Link load distribution per TCP/UDP service
- Persistent routing for specified source and/or destination IP addresses per TCP/UDP service
- Traffic prioritization and DSL optimization
- Prioritize and route traffic to VPN tunnels with Priority and Enforced algorithms

#### 3.1.7 AP Controller

- Configure and manage Pepwave AP devices
- Review the status of connected APs

### 3.1.8 QoS

- Quality of service for different applications and custom protocols
- User group classification for different service levels
- Bandwidth usage control and monitoring on group- and user-level

• Application prioritization for custom protocols and DSL/cable optimization

### 3.2 Other Supported Features

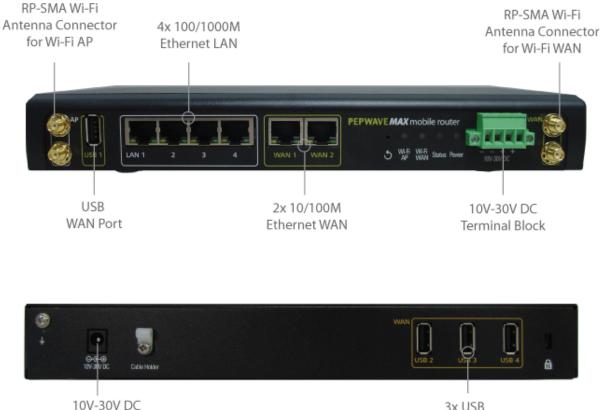
- User-friendly web-based administration interface
- HTTP and HTTPS support for web admin interface
- Configurable web administration port and administrator password
- Firmware upgrades, configuration backups, ping, and traceroute via web admin interface
- Remote web-based configuration (via WAN and LAN interfaces)
- Time server synchronization
- SNMP
- Email notification
- Read-only user for web admin
- Shared IP drop-in mode
- Authentication and accounting by RADIUS server for web admin
- Built-in WINS servers\*
- Syslog
- SIP passthrough
- PPTP packet passthrough
- Event log
- Active sessions
- Client list
- WINS client list \*
- UPnP / NAT-PMP
- Real-time, hourly, daily, and monthly bandwidth usage reports and charts
- IPv6 support
- Support USB tethering on Android 2.2+ phones

\* Not supported on MAX Surf-On-The-Go, Surf SOHO, and BR1 variants

# 4 Pepwave MAX Mobile Router Overview

### 4.1 MAX 700

### 4.1.1 Panel Appearance



10V-30V DC Connector 3x USB WAN Ports

### 4.1.2 LED Indicators

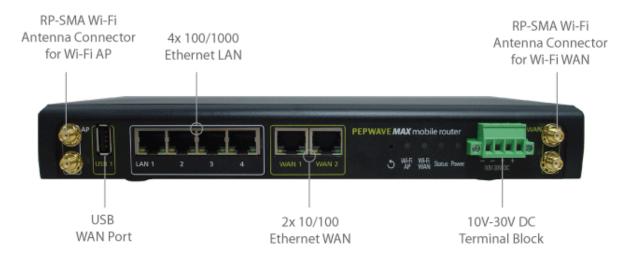
		Status Indicators
	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
Status	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi AP and Wi-Fi WAN Indicators			
	OFF	Disconnected	
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to network	
Wi-Fi WAN	Blinking	Connected to network with traffic	
	ON	Connected to network without traffic	
	OFF	Disabled	
Wi-Fi AP	Blinking slowly	Enabled but no client connected	
	Blinking	Connected to network with traffic	
	ON	Client(s) connected to wireless network	

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports				
Green LED	ON	10 / 100/ 1000 Mbps		
	Blinking	Data is transferring		
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected		
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports			

### 4.2 MAX HD2

### 4.2.1 Panel Appearance





http://www.pepwave.com

### 4.2.2 LED Indicators

Status Indicators			
	OFF	System initializing	
	Red	Booting up or busy	
Status	Blinking red	Boot up error	
	Green	Ready	

Wi-Fi AP and Wi-Fi WAN Indicators			
	OFF	Disabled Intermittent	
Wi-Fi WAN /	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)	
Cellular 1 / Cellular 2	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic	
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic	

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports			
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps	
	Blinking	Data is transferring	
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected	
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports		

### 4.3 MAX HD2 IP67

### 4.3.1 Panel Appearance



Status Indicators		
	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
Status	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

### 4.4 MAX HD2 mini

### 4.4.1 Panel Appearance



\* With 48V DC power, all 3 Ethernet ports can act as 802.3af PoeE or 24V Passive PoE outputs

#### 4.4.2 LED Indicators

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Cellular WAN Indicators		
	OFF	Disabled intermittent
Cellular 1 / Cellular 2	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

### 4.5 MAX HD4

### 4.5.1 Panel Appearance



### 4.5.2 LED Indicators

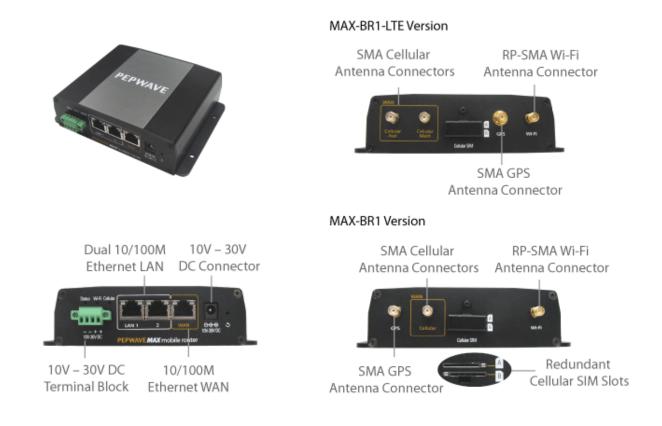
Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi AP and Wi-Fi WAN Indicators			
Wi-Fi WAN / Cellular 1 / Cellular 2	OFF	Disabled Intermittent	
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)	
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic	
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic	

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports			
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps	
	Blinking	Data is transferring	
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected	
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports		

### 4.6 MAX BR1

#### 4.6.1 Panel Appearance



### 4.6.2 LED Indicators

Status Indicators		
	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
Status	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

		Wi-Fi Indicators
	OFF	Disabled intermittent
Wi-Fi	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

		Cellular Indicators	
Cellular	OFF	Disabled or no SIM card inserted	
Cellular	ON	Connecting or connected to network(s)	
	LA	N and Ethernet WAN Ports	
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps	
Green LLD	OFF	10 Mbps	
	ON	Port is connected without traffic	
Orange LED	Blinking	Data is transferring	
	OFF	Port is not connected	
Port Type	Auto MDI/	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

### 4.7 MAX BR1 Slim

### 4.7.1 Panel Appearance



### 4.7.2 LED Indicators

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi Indicators		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disabled intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

Cellular Indicators		
Cellular	OFF	Disabled or no SIM card inserted
	ON	Connecting or connected to network(s)

•				
	LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports			
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps		
Green LLD	OFF	10 Mbps		
	ON	Port is connected without traffic		
Orange LED	Blinking	Data is transferring		
	OFF	Port is not connected		
Port Type	Auto MDI/M	DI-X ports		
•				

### 4.8 MAX BR1 ENT

### 4.8.1 Panel Appearance



#### 4.8.2 LED Indicators

		Status Indicators
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Cellular Indicators			
Cellular	OFF	Disabled or no SIM card inserted	
	ON	Connecting or connected to network(s)	

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports				
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps		
Green LLD	OFF	10 Mbps		
	ON	Port is connected without traffic		
Orange LED	Blinking	Data is transferring		
	OFF	Port is not connected		
Port Type	Auto MDI/M	DI-X ports		

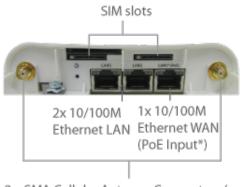
#### 4.9 **MAX BR1/2 IP55**

#### 4.9.1 Panel Appearance





Screw-Holes for Wall Mounting (screws not included)



2 x SMA Cellular Antenna Connectors (optional)

\* Requires 48V Pepwave Passive PoE input. Available separately.

#### Accessory – Wall/Pole Mount with Ball Joint for IP55 Outdoor Products ^

Flexible ball joint allows for high-precision installation



To connect to MAX BR1 IP55/BR2 IP55

^ Available separately.

#### 4.9.2 LED Indicators

		Status Indicators
	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
Status	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

		Wi-Fi Indicators		
	OFF	Disabled Intermittent		
Wi-Fi	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)		
VVI-F1	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic		
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic		
		Cellular Indicators		
Cellular	OFF	Disabled or no SIM card inserted		
Cellular	ON	Connecting or connected to network(s)		
LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports				
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps		
Oreen EED	OFF	10 Mbps		
	ON	Port is connected without traffic		
Orange LED	Blinking	Data is transferring		
	OFF	Port is not connected		

Auto MDI/MDI-X ports

Port Type

### 4.10 MAX On-The-Go

### 4.10.1 Panel Appearance

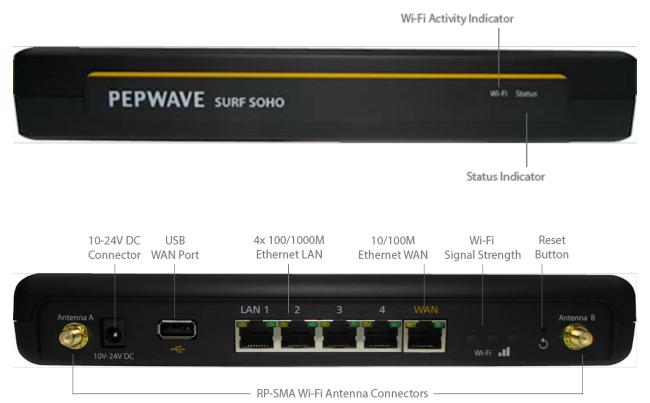


### 4.10.2 LED Indicators

		Cellular Indicators	
WAN	OFF	Modem is not attached to the port	
VVAN	Green	Modem is attached to the port	
		Wi-Fi Indicators	
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disconnected from AP	
VVI-1-1	Green	Connected to AP	
		Status Indicators	
	OFF	System initializing	
Status	Red	Booting up or busy	
	Green	Ready	
	LA	N and Ethernet WAN Ports	
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps	
Green LLD	OFF	10 Mbps	
Orango I ED	ON	Port is connected without traffic	
Orange LED	Blinking	Data is transferring	
Port Type	Auto MDI	/MDI-X ports	

### 4.11 Surf SOHO

### 4.11.1 Panel Appearance



#### 4.11.2 LED Indicators

	Wi-Fi and Status Indicators			
	OFF	Disabled Intermittent		
	Blinking	Enabled but no client connected		
Wi-Fi	ON	Client(s) connected to wireless network		
	Continuous blinking	Transferring data to wireless network		
	OFF	System initializing		
Status	Red	Booting up or busy		
	Green	Ready state		
LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports				
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 Mbps		

Orange LED Port type	Blinking OFF Auto MDI/MD	Data is transferring No data is being transferred or port is not connected I-X ports
		Wi-Fi Signal
Off	No connectior	1
Signal strength	Wi-Fi signal s	trength (low, medium, and high)

# 5 Installation

The following section details connecting Pepwave routers to your network.

### 5.1 Preparation

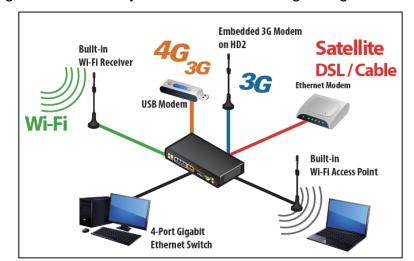
Before installing your Pepwave router, please prepare the following as appropriate for your installation:

- At least one Internet/WAN access account and/or Wi-Fi access information
- Depending on network connection type(s), one or more of the following:
  - Ethernet WAN: A 10/100/1000BaseT UTP cable with RJ45 connector
  - USB: A USB modem
  - Embedded modem: A SIM card for GSM/HSPA service
  - Wi-Fi WAN: Wi-Fi antennas
  - PC Card/Express Card WAN: A PC Card/ExpressCard for the corresponding card slot
- A computer installed with the TCP/IP network protocol and a supported web browser. Supported browsers include Microsoft Internet Explorer 8.0 or above, Mozilla Firefox 10.0 or above, Apple Safari 5.1 or above, and Google Chrome 18 or above.

### 5.2 Constructing the Network

At a high level, construct the network according to the following steps:

- 1. With an Ethernet cable, connect a computer to one of the LAN ports on the Pepwave router. Repeat with different cables for up to 4 computers to be connected.
- 2. With another Ethernet cable or a USB modem/Wi-Fi antenna/PC Card/Express Card, connect to one of the WAN ports on the Pepwave router. Repeat the same procedure for other WAN ports.
- 3. Connect the power adapter to the power connector on the rear panel of the Pepwave router, and then plug it into a power outlet.



The following figure schematically illustrates the resulting configuration:

### 5.3 Configuring the Network Environment

To ensure that the Pepwave router works properly in the LAN environment and can access the Internet via WAN connections, please refer to the following setup procedures:

• LAN configuration

For basic configuration, refer to **Section 7, Connecting to the Web Admin Interface**.

For advanced configuration, go to Section 8, Configuring the LAN Interface(s).

• WAN configuration

For basic configuration, refer to **Section 7, Connecting to the Web Admin Interface**.

For advanced configuration, go to **Section 8.2, Captive Portal**.

# 6 Mounting the Unit

### 6.1 Wall Mount

The Pepwave MAX 700/HD2/On-The-Go can be wall mounted using screws. After adding the screw on the wall, slide the MAX in the screw hole socket as indicated below. Recommended screw specification: M3.5 x 20mm, head diameter 6mm, head thickness 2.4mm.

The Pepwave MAX BR1 requires four screws for wall mounting.

### 6.2 Car Mount

The Pepwave MAX700/HD2 can be mounted in a vehicle using the included mounting brackets. Place the mounting brackets by the two sides and screw them onto the device.



### 6.3 IP67 Installation Guide

Installation instructions for IP67 devices can be found here: http://download.peplink.com/manual/IP67\_Installation\_Guide.pdf

# 7 Connecting to the Web Admin Interface

- 1. Start a web browser on a computer that is connected with the Pepwave router through the LAN.
- 2. To connect to the router's web admin interface, enter the following LAN IP address in the address field of the web browser:

http://192.168.50.1

(This is the default LAN IP address for Pepwave routers.)

3. Enter the following to access the web admin interface.

Username: admin

Password: admin

(This is the default username and password for Pepwave routers. The admin and read-only user passwords can be changed at **System>Admin Security**.)

PEPWAVE Broadband Possibilitie	5	Web Admin
	Login	
	Usemame	
	Password:	
	Login	

4. After successful login, the **Dashboard** will be displayed.

WAN Connection Status		?
Priority 1 (Highest)		
1 WAN 1	Connected	Details
2 WAN 2	Connected	Details
Priority 2		
🚹 Cellular 1	No SIM Card Detected Reload SIM	Details
12 Cellular 2	No SIM Card Detected Reload SIM	Details
Priority 3		
	Drag desired (Priority 3) connections here	
Disabled		
😸 🗟 Wi-Fi WAN	Disabled	Details
LAN Interface		mmmmm
Router IP Address: 192.16	58.50.1	
Wi-Fi AP		V V Details
奈 <u>वि</u> PEPWAVE_8D1C		
Device Information		
Model: Firmware: Uptime: CPU Load:	Pepwave MAX HD2 6.2.0 build 2891 1 day 16 hours 35 minutes 12%	
Throughput:	🖡 0.0 Mbps 👕 0.1 Mbps	

The **Dashboard** shows current WAN, LAN, and Wi-Fi AP statuses. Here, you can change WAN connection priority and switch on/off the Wi-Fi AP. For further information on setting up these connections, please refer to **Sections 8** and **9**.

**Device Information** displays details about the device, including model name, firmware version, and uptime. For further information, please refer to **Section 22.** 

#### **Important Note**

Configuration changes (e.g. WAN, LAN, admin settings, etc.) will take effect only after clicking the **Save** button at the bottom of each page. The **Apply Changes** button causes the changes to be saved and applied.

http://www.pepwave.com

# 8 Configuring the LAN Interface(s)

### 8.1 Basic Settings

LAN interface settings are located at **Network>LAN>Basic Settings**.

IP Settings		
IP Address	192.168.50.1	255.255.255.0 (/24) 🔻

IP Settings	
IP Address	The IP address and subnet mask of the Pepwave router on the LAN.

Network Settings	
Name	
VLAN ID	
Inter-VLAN routing	
Captive Portal	

	Network Settings
Name	Enter a name for the LAN.
VLAN ID	Enter a number for your VLAN.
Inter-VLAN routing	Check this box to enable routing between virtual LANs.
Captive Portal	Check this box to turn on captive portals.

Drop-In Mode Settings		
Enable	۲	
WAN for Drop-In Mode	WAN 1 V	
Share Drop-In IP 🔹 ?	☑	
Shared IP Address	255.255.255.0 (/24) 🔻	
WAN Default Gateway 🕜	<pre>     I have other host(s) on WAN segment Host IP Address(es)</pre>	
WAN DNS Servers ?	DNS server 1: DNS server 2:	
NOTE: The DHCP Server Settings w	ill be overwritten.	
The following WAN 1 settings will b Dynamic DNS Settings.	e overwritten: Connection Method, MTU, Health Check, Additional Public IP, and	
The PPTP Server will be disabled.		
Tip: please review the DNS Forward	ling setting under the Service Forwarding section.	

Drop-in Mode Settings	
Enable	Drop-in mode eases the installation of Peplink routers on a live network between the existing firewall and router, such that no configuration changes are required on existing equipment. Check the box to enable the drop-in mode feature, if available on your model.
WAN for Drop- In Mode	Select the WAN port to be used for drop-in mode. If <b>WAN 1 with LAN Bypass</b> is selected, the high availability feature will be disabled automatically.
Share Drop-In IP <sup>A</sup>	When this option is enabled, the passthrough IP address will be used to connect to WAN hosts (email notification, remote syslog, etc.). The Pepwave router will listen for this IP address when WAN hosts access services provided by the Pepwave router (web admin access from the WAN, DNS server requests, etc.).
	To connect to hosts on the LAN (email notification, remote syslog, etc.), the default gateway address will be used. The Pepwave router will listen for this IP address when LAN hosts access services provided by the Pepwave router (web admin access from the WAN, DNS proxy, etc.).
Shared IP Address <sup>A</sup>	Access to this IP address will be passed through to the LAN port if this device is not serving the service being accessed. The shared IP address will be used in connecting to hosts on the WAN (email notification, remote syslog, etc.) The device will also listen on the IP address when hosts on the WAN access services served on this device (web admin access from the WAN, DNS server, etc.)
WAN Default Gateway	Enter the WAN router's IP address in this field. If there are more hosts in addition to the router on the WAN segment, check the I have other host(s) on WAN segment box and enter the IP address of the hosts that need to access LAN devices or be accessed by others.
WAN DNS Servers	Enter the selected WAN's corresponding DNS server IP addresses.

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature, please click the Ø button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

Layer 2 PepVPN Bridging		
PepVPN Profiles to Bridge 🔹 🕐	Connection 1	
Spanning Tree Protocol	۲	
Override IP Address when ?	$\odot$ Do not override $\bigcirc$ Static $\bigcirc$ By DHCP $\bigcirc$ As None	

# Layer 2 PepVPN Bridging

PepVPN Profiles to Bridge	The remote network of the selected PepVPN profiles will be bridged with this local LAN, creating a Layer 2 PepVPN, they will be connected and operate like a single LAN, and any broadcast or multicast packets will be sent over the VPN.
Spanning Tree Protocol	Click the box will enable STP for this layer 2 profile bridge.
Override IP	Select "Do not override" if the LAN IP address and local DHCP server should remain unchanged after the Layer 2 PepVPN is up.

### Address when

bridge connected If you choose to override IP address when the VPN is connected, the device will not act as a router, and most Layer 3 routing functions will cease to work.

DHCP Server Settings	
DHCP Server	✓ Enable
IP Range	192.168.50.10 - 192.168.50.250
Subnet Mask 🤇 🤅	255.255.255.0 (/24)
Lease Time	1 Days 0 Hours 0 Mins
DNS Servers	Assign DNS server automatically
WINS Server	<ul> <li>Assign WINS server</li> <li>Built-in</li> <li>External</li> </ul>
BOOTP	✓ Server IP Address:
	Boot File:
	Server Name: (Optional)
Extended DHCP Option	Option Value
-	No Extended DHCP Option
	Add
DHCP Reservation	Name MAC Address Static IP
	+

	DHCP Server Settings
DHCP Server	When this setting is enabled, the DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address to each computer that is connected via LAN and configured to obtain an IP address via DHCP. The Pepwave router's DHCP server can prevent IP address collision on the LAN.
IP Range & Subnet Mask	These settings allocate a range of IP addresses that will be assigned to LAN computers by the Pepwave router's DHCP server.
Lease Time	This setting specifies the length of time throughout which an IP address of a DHCP client remains valid. Upon expiration of the lease time, the assigned IP address will no longer be valid and renewal of the IP address assignment will be required.
DNS Servers	This option allows you to input the DNS server addresses to be offered to DHCP clients. If <b>Assign DNS server automatically</b> is selected, the Pepwave router's built-in DNS server address (i.e., LAN IP address) will be offered.
WINS Server	This option allows you to optionally specify a Windows Internet Name Service (WINS) server. You may choose to use the <b>built-in WINS server</b> or <b>external WINS servers</b> . When this unit is connected using SpeedFusion <sup>™</sup> , other VPN peers can share this unit's built-in WINS server by entering this unit's LAN IP address in their DHCP <b>WINS Server</b> setting. Afterward, all PC clients in the VPN can resolve the NetBIOS names of other clients in remote peers. If you have enabled this option, a list of WINS clients will be displayed at <b>Status&gt;WINS Clients</b> .
BOOTP	Check this box to enable BOOTP on older networks that still require it.
Extended DHCP Option	In addition to standard DHCP options (e.g., DNS server address, gateway address, subnet mask), you can specify the value of additional extended DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132. With these extended options enabled, you can pass additional configuration information to LAN hosts.
	To define an extended DHCP option, click the Add button, choose the option to define and

enter its value. For values that are in IP address list format, you can enter one IP address per line in the provided text area input control. Each option can be defined once only.

This setting reserves the assignment of fixed IP addresses for a list of computers on the LAN. The computers to be assigned fixed IP addresses on the LAN are identified by their MAC addresses. The fixed IP address assignment is displayed as a cross-reference list between the computers' names, MAC addresses, and fixed IP addresses.

#### DHCP Reservation

Name (an optional field) allows you to specify a name to represent the device. MAC

addresses should be in the format of **00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE**. Press to create a new record. Press to remove a record. Reserved client information can be imported from the **Client List**, located at **Status>Client List**. For more details, please refer to **Section 22.3**.

 LAN Physical Settings

 Speed

#### LAN Physical Settings

Speed

This is the port speed of the LAN interface. It should be set to the same speed as the connected device to avoid port negotiation problems. When a static speed is set, you may choose whether to advertise its speed to the peer device. **Auto** is selected by default. You can choose not to advertise the port speed if the port has difficulty negotiating with the peer device.

Static Route Settings					h
Static Route	?	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway	
	Ŭ		255.255.255.0 (/24) <b>•</b>		+

Static Route Settings	
	This table is for defining static routing rules for the LAN segment. A static route consists of the network address, subnet mask, and gateway address. The address and subnet mask values are in <i>w.x.y.z</i> format.
Static Route	The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN will be advertised to the VPN. Remote routes sent over the VPN will also be accepted. Any VPN member will be able to route to the local subnets. Press to create a new route. Press to remove a route.

WINS Server Settings	
Enable	

# WINS Server Settings Enable Check the box to enable the WINS server. A list of WINS clients will be displayed at Status>WINS Clients.

DNS Proxy Settings				
Enable				
DNS Caching	?			
Include Google Public DNS Servers	?			
Local DNS Records	?	Host Name	IP Addres	
				+
DNS Resolvers	?	Connection		Current Status
		🗆 WAN 1		10.88.3.1
		WAN 2		
		🗆 Wi-Fi WAN		
		🗆 Cellular 1		
		Cellular 2		
		USB		
		Connection		DNS Servers
		LAN		
		Preferred connections are shown with 🗹		

	DNS Proxy Settings
Enable	To enable the DNS proxy feature, check this box, and then set up the feature at <b>Network&gt;LAN&gt;DNS Proxy Settings</b> . A DNS proxy server can be enabled to serve DNS requests originating from LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion <sup>™</sup> peers. Requests are forwarded to the <b>DNS servers/resolvers</b> defined for each WAN connection.
DNS Caching	This field is to enable DNS caching on the built-in DNS proxy server. When the option is enabled, queried DNS replies will be cached until the records' TTL has been reached. This feature can help improve DNS lookup time. However, it cannot return the most up-to-date result for those frequently updated DNS records. By default, <b>DNS Caching</b> is disabled.
Include Google Public DNS Servers	When this option is <b>enabled</b> , the DNS proxy server will also forward DNS requests to Google's Public DNS Servers, in addition to the DNS servers defined in each WAN. This could increase the DNS service's availability. This setting is disabled by default.
Local DNS Records	This table is for defining custom local DNS records. A static local DNS record consists of a host name and IP address. When looking up the host name from the LAN to LAN IP of the Pepwave router, the corresponding IP address will be returned. Press to create a new record. Press to remove a record.
DNS Resolvers <sup>A</sup>	Check the box to enable the WINS server. A list of WINS clients will be displayed at <b>Network&gt;LAN&gt;DNS Proxy Settings&gt;DNS Resolvers</b> . This field specifies which DNS resolvers will receive forwarded DNS requests. If no WAN/VPN/LAN DNS resolver is selected, all of the WAN's DNS resolvers will be selected. If a SpeedFusion <sup>™</sup> peer is selected, you may enter the VPN peer's DNS resolver IP address(es). Queries will be forwarded to the selected connections' resolvers. If all of the selected connections are down, queries will be forwarded to all resolvers on healthy WAN connections.

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature, please click the 2 button on the top right hand corner to activate.

Finally, if needed, configure Bonjour forwarding, Apple's zero configuration networking

protocol. Once VLAN configuration is complete, click **Save** to store your changes.

Bonjour Forwarding Settings		
Enable		
Bonjour Service	Service Network	Client Network
		v -
	Save	

Bonjour Forwarding Settings	
Enable	Check this box to turn on Bonjour forwarding.
Bonjour Service	Choose <b>Service</b> and <b>Client</b> networks from the drop-down menus, and then click to add the networks. To delete an existing Bonjour listing, click .

To enable VLAN configuration, click the 2 button in the IP Settings section.

 IP Settings
 ?

 IP Address
 192.168.50.1
 255.255.255.0 (/24)

To add a new LAN, click the **New LAN** button. To change LAN settings, click the name of the LAN to change under the **LAN** heading.

LAN	VLAN	Network	?
Untagged LAN	None	192.168.50.1/24	
New LAN			

The following settings are displayed when creating a new LAN or editing an existing LAN.

LAN	

IP Address	255.255.255.0 (/24)

	IP Settings
IP Address & Subnet Mask	Enter the Pepwave router's IP address and subnet mask values to be used on the LAN.

Network Settings		
Name		
VLAN ID		
Inter-VLAN routing		
Captive Portal		

	Network Settings
Name	Enter a name for the LAN.
VLAN ID	Enter a number for your VLAN.
Inter-VLAN routing	Check this box to enable routing between virtual LANs.
Captive Portal	Check this box to turn on captive portals.

DHCP Server Settings						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
DHCP Server	🗹 Enable					
IP Range	-		255.255.	255.0 (/24)	•	
Lease Time	1 Days 0 Hours 0	Mins				
DNS Servers	Assign DNS server auto	Assign DNS server automatically				
WINS Servers	Assign WINS server					
BOOTP						
Extended DHCP Option	Option		Value			
		No Extend	ed DHCP Opti	on		
	Add					
DHCP Reservation	Name	MAC Addre	ess	Static IP		
Ŭ						+

	DHCP Server Settings
DHCP Server	When this setting is enabled, the Pepwave router's DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address to each computer that is connected via LAN and configured to obtain an IP address via DHCP. The Pepwave router's DHCP server can prevent IP address collisions on the LAN.
	To enable DHCP bridge relay, please click the 🞯 icon on this menu item.
IP Range & Subnet Mask	These settings allocate a range of IP address that will be assigned to LAN computers by the Pepwave router's DHCP server.
Lease Time	This setting specifies the length of time throughout which an IP address of a DHCP client remains valid. Upon expiration of <b>Lease Time</b> , the assigned IP address will no longer be valid and the IP address assignment must be renewed.
DNS Servers	This option allows you to input the DNS server addresses to be offered to DHCP clients. If <b>Assign DNS server automatically</b> is selected, the Pepwave router's built-in DNS server address (i.e., LAN IP address) will be offered.
WINS Servers	This option allows you to specify the Windows Internet Name Service (WINS) server. You may choose to use the built-in WINS server or external WINS servers. When this unit is connected using SpeedFusion <sup>™</sup> , other VPN peers can share this unit's built-in WINS server by entering this unit's LAN IP address in their <b>DHCP WINS Servers</b> setting. Therefore, all PC clients in the VPN can resolve the NetBIOS names of other clients in remote peers. If you have enabled this option, a list of WINS clients will be displayed at <b>Status&gt;WINS Clients</b> .
BOOTP	Check this box to enable BOOTP on older networks that still require it.
Extended DHCP Option	In addition to standard DHCP options (e.g. DNS server address, gateway address, subnet mask), you can specify the value of additional extended DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132. With these extended options enabled, you can pass additional configuration information to LAN hosts. To define an extended DHCP option, click the <b>Add</b> button, choose the option to define, and then enter its value. For values that are in IP address list format, you can enter one IP address per line in the provided text area input control. Each option can be defined once only.
DHCP Reservation	This setting reserves the assignment of fixed IP addresses for a list of computers on the LAN. The computers to be assigned fixed IP addresses on the LAN are identified by their MAC addresses. The fixed IP address assignment is displayed as a cross-reference list between the computers' names, MAC addresses, and fixed IP addresses. <b>Name</b> (an optional field) allows you to specify a name to represent the device. MAC addresses should be in the format of <b>00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE</b> . Press to create a new record. Press to remove a record. Reserved clients information can be imported from the <b>Client List</b> , located at <b>Status&gt;Client List</b> . For more details, please refer to <b>Section</b>

22.3.

To configure DHCP relay, first click the **button** found next to the **DHCP Server** option to display the settings.

DHCP Relay Settings		
DHCP Relay ————————————————————————————————————	🖉 Enable	
DHCP Server IP Address	DHCP Server 1:	
DUCD Option 92	DHCP Server 2:	
DHCP Option 82		

	DHCP Relay Settings
Enable	Check this box to turn on DHCP relay. Click the 🞯 icon to disable DHCP relay.
DHCP Server IP Address	Enter the IP addresses of one or two DHCP servers in the provided fields. The DHCP servers entered here will receive relayed DHCP requests from the LAN. For active-passive DHCP server configurations, enter active and passive DHCP server relay IP addresses in <b>DHCP Server 1</b> and <b>DHCP Server 2</b> .
DHCP Option 82	DCHP Option 82 includes device information as relay agent for the attached client when forwarding DHCP requests from client to server. This option also embeds the device's MAC address and network name in circuit and remote IDs. Check this box to enable DHCP Option 82.

Once DHCP is set up, configure LAN Physical Settings, Static Route Settings, WINS Server Settings, and DNS Proxy Settings as noted above.

### 8.2 Captive Portal

The captive portal serves as gateway that clients have to pass if they wish to access the internet using your router. To configure, navigate to **Network>LAN>Captive Portal**.

Captive Portal Settings		
Enable	Untagged LAN	
Hostname ?	captive-portal.peplink.com Default	
Access Mode	● Open Access ○ User Authentication	
Access Quota	30mins (0: Unlimited)0MB (0: Unlimited)	
Quota Reset Time	<ul> <li>● Daily at 00 ▼ :00</li> <li>○ 1440 minutes after quota reached</li> </ul>	
Allowed Networks	Domain Name / IP Address	
Allowed Clients	MAC / IP Address	
Splash Page 🕜	Built-in      External, URL: http://	

	Captiv	ve Portal Settings		
Enable		nen, optionally, select the LANs/VLANs that will use the capt		
Hostname		To customize the portal's form submission and redirection URL, enter a new URL in t field. To reset the URL to factory settings, click <b>Default</b> .		
Access Mode		Click <b>Open Access</b> to allow clients to freely access your router. Click <b>User</b> <b>Authentication</b> to force your clients to authenticate before accessing your router.		
	This authenticates yo will see the following	our clients through a RADIUS server. After selecting this opt fields:		
	Authentication	RADIUS Server *		
	Auth Server	Port 1812 Default		
	Auth Server Secret	Hide Characters		
ADIUS Server	CoA-DM			
	Accounting Server	Port 1813 Default		
	Accounting Server Secret Accounting Interim Interval	Ide Characters       seconds		
	Accounting Interim Interval	seconds		
	Accounting Interim Interval Fill in the necessary in authentication. This authenticates you will see the following	information to complete your connection to the server and e our clients through a LDAP server. Upon selecting this optio fields:		
	Accounting Interim Interval Fill in the necessary is authentication. This authenticates you will see the following Authentication	information to complete your connection to the server and e		
	Accounting Interim Interval Fill in the necessary in authentication. This authenticates you will see the following	information to complete your connection to the server and e pur clients through a LDAP server. Upon selecting this option fields:           LDAP Server           Port 389   Default		
LDAP Server	Accounting Interim Interval Fill in the necessary is authentication. This authenticates you will see the following Authentication	information to complete your connection to the server and e         pur clients through a LDAP server. Upon selecting this optio         fields:		
LDAP Server	Accounting Interim Interval Fill in the necessary is authentication. This authenticates you will see the following Authentication	information to complete your connection to the server and e pur clients through a LDAP server. Upon selecting this option fields:           LDAP Server           Port 389   Default		

Access Quota	Set a time and data cap to each user's Internet usage.
Quota Reset Time	This menu determines how your usage quota resets. Setting it to <b>Daily</b> will reset it at a specified time every day. Setting a number of <b>minutes after quota reached</b> establish a timer for each user that begins after the quota has been reached.
Allowed Networks	To whitelist a network, enter the domain name / IP address here and click . To delete an existing network from the list of allowed networks, click the <b>x</b> button next to the listing.
Splash Page	Here, you can choose between using the Pepwave router's built-in captive portal and redirecting clients to a URL you define.

The **Portal Customization** menu has two options: **Preview** and **C**. Clicking **Preview** displays a pop-up previewing the captive portal that your clients will see. Clicking **C** displays the following menu:

Portal Customization	
Logo Image	<ul> <li>No image [Use default Logo Image]</li> <li>Choose File No file chosen</li> <li>NOTE: Size max 512KB. Supported images types: JPEG, PNG and GIF.</li> </ul>
Message	
Terms & Conditions	[Use default Terms & Conditions]
Custom Landing Page	✓ http://

http://www.pepwave.com

45

Copyright @ 2015 Pepwave

Portal Customization		
Logo Image	Click the <b>Choose File</b> button to select a logo to use for the built-in portal.	
Message	If you have any additional messages for your users, enter them in this field.	
Terms & Conditions	If you would like to use your own set of terms and conditions, please enter them here. If left empty, the built-in portal will display the default terms and conditions.	
Custom Landing Page	Fill in this field to redirect clients to an external URL.	

### 9 Configuring the WAN Interface(s)

WAN Interface settings are located at **Network>WAN**. To reorder WAN priority, drag on the appropriate WAN by holding the left mouse button, move it to the desired priority (the first one would be the highest priority, the second one would be lower priority, and so on), and drop it by releasing the mouse button.

WAN Connection Status		
Priority 1 (Highest)		
1 WAN 1	Connected	Details
2 WAN 2	Connected	Details
Priority 2		
👔 🚹 Cellular 1	No SIM Card Detected Reload SIM	Details
2 Cellular 2	No SIM Card Detected Reload SIM	Details
Priority 3		
	Drag desired (Priority 3) connections here	
Disabled		
😪 🗟 Wi-Fi WAN	Disabled	Details
IPv6		
Disabled		

To disable a particular WAN connection, drag on the appropriate WAN by holding the left mouse button, move it the **Disabled** row, and drop it by releasing the mouse button. You can also set priorities on the **Dashboard**. Click the **Details** button in the corresponding row to modify the connection setting.

#### **Important Note**

Connection details will be changed and become effective immediately after clicking the Save and Apply button.

### 9.1 Ethernet WAN

From Network>WAN, choose a WAN connection and then click Details.

WAN Port		
WAN Connection Name	WAN 1 Default	
Connection Method	DHCP •	
Routing Mode ?	● NAT ○ IP Forwarding	
IP Address	10.88.3.158	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253	
Hostname (Optional)	Use custom hostname	
DNS Servers	<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1</li> <li>Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:</li> </ul>	

	WAN Port (Section 1)
WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.
Connection Method	<ul> <li>There are three possible connection methods for Ethernet WAN:</li> <li>DHCP</li> <li>Static IP</li> <li>PPPoE</li> </ul> The connection method and details are determined by, and can be obtained from, the ISP. See the following sections for details on each connection method.
Routing Mode	This field shows that <b>NAT</b> (network address translation) will be applied to the traffic routed over this WAN connection. <b>IP Forwarding</b> is available when you click the link in the help text.
IP Address/Subnet Mask/Default Gateway	Enter the WAN IP address and subnet mask, as well as the IP address of the default gateway, in these fields.
Hostname	Enter a hostname for this WAN port if needed.
DNS Servers	Select a DNS server for this port to use. This port can either be automatically selected or manually designated.

Standby State	Remain connected O Disconnect
Upstream Bandwidth	1 Gbps 🔻
Downstream Bandwidth 🛛 🤶	1 Gbps 🔻
Health Check Settings	
Health Check Method	PING •
PING Hosts ?	Host 1: 8.8.8.8 Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as PING Hosts
Timeout 🤶	5 v second(s)
Health Check Interval 🛛 🤶	5 v second(s)
Health Check Retries	3 •
Recovery Retries	3 •

WAN Port (Section 2)	
Standby State	This setting specifies the standby state of the WAN connection. The available options are <b>Remain connected</b> and <b>Disconnect</b> . The default state is <b>Remain Connected</b> .
Upstream Bandwidth	This setting specifies the data bandwidth in the outbound direction from the LAN through the WAN interface.
Downstream Bandwidth	This setting specifies the data bandwidth in the inbound direction from the WAN interface to the LAN. This value is referenced as the default weight value when using the algorithm <b>Least Used</b> or the algorithm <b>Persistence (Auto)</b> in outbound policy with <b>Managed by Custom Rules</b> chosen (see <b>Section 14.2</b> ).
Health Check Method	This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. The value of method can be configured as <b>Disabled</b> , <b>Ping</b> , <b>DNS Lookup</b> , or <b>HTTP</b> . The default method is <b>Disabled</b> . See <b>Section 9.4</b> for configuration details.
	These fields are for specifying the target DNS servers where DNS lookups will be sent to for health check.
PING Hosts	If the box Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking the connection healthiness. If the box is not checked, the field Host 1 must be filled and the field Host 2 is optional.
	The connection is considered to be up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of whether the result is positive or negative.
Timeout	If a health check test cannot be completed within the specified amount of time, the test will be treated as failed.

Health Check Interval	This is the number of consecutive check failures before treating a connection as down.
Health Check Retries	This is the number of consecutive check failures before treating a connection as down.
Recovery Retries	This is the number of responses required after a health check failure before treating a connection as up again.

Dynamic DNS Service Provider	Disabled •
Bandwidth Allowance (? Monitor	Enable
Port Speed	Auto
мти	Auto  Custom Value: 1440 Default Default

	WAN Port (Section 3)	
	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers:	
Dynamic DNS Service Provider	changeip.com	
	<ul><li>dyndns.org</li><li>no-ip.org</li></ul>	
	• tzo.com	
	DNS-O-Matic Select <b>Disabled</b> to disable this feature. See <b>Section 9.5</b> for configuration details.	
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	This option enables bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this setting is not enabled, each month's bandwidth usage is tracked, but no action will be taken.	
Port Speed	This setting specifies port speed and duplex configurations of the WAN port. By default, <b>Auto</b> is selected and the appropriate data speed is automatically detected by the Pepwave router. In the event of negotiation issues, the port speed can be manually specified. You can also choose whether or not to advertise the speed to the peer by selecting the <b>Advertise</b> <b>Speed</b> checkbox.	
MTU	This setting specifies the maximum transmission unit. By default, MTU is set to <b>Custom</b> <b>1440</b> . You may adjust the MTU value by editing the text field. Click <b>Default</b> to restore the default MTU value. Select <b>Auto</b> and the appropriate MTU value will be automatically detected. Auto-detection will run each time the WAN connection establishes.	

MSS ?	• Auto O Custom Value:
MAC Address Clone 🔹 🥐	00 :1A :DD :BD :54 :41 Default
VLAN	✓ VLAN ID:
Reply to ICMP PING 🛛 🕐	● Yes ○ No
Additional Public IP Address	IP Address Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0 (/24)

	WAN Port (Section 4)
MSS	This setting should be configured based on the maximum payload size that the local system can handle. The MSS (maximum segment size) is computed from the MTU minus 40 bytes for TCP over IPv4. If MTU is set to <b>Auto</b> , the MSS will also be set automatically. By default, MSS is set to <b>Auto</b> .
MAC Address Clone	Some service providers (e.g., cable providers) identify the client's MAC address and require the client to always use the same MAC address to connect to the network. In such cases, change the WAN interface's MAC address to the original client PC's MAC address via this field. The default MAC address is a unique value assigned at the factory. In most cases, the default value is sufficient. Clicking <b>Default</b> restores the MAC address to the default value.
VLAN	Click the square if you wish to enable VLAN functionality and enable multiple broadcast domains. Once you enable VLAN, you will be able to enter a name for your network.
Reply to ICMP PING	If this field is disabled, the WAN connection will not respond to ICMP ping requests. By default, this is <b>enabled</b> .
Additional Public IP Address	The <b>IP Address</b> list represents the list of fixed Internet IP addresses assigned by the ISP, in the event that more than one Internet IP address is assigned to this WAN connection. Enter the fixed Internet IP addresses and the corresponding subnet mask, and then click the <b>Down Arrow</b> button to populate IP address entries to the <b>IP Address</b> List.

<b>IPv6</b> Disabled	1
	IPv6
IPv6	IPv6 support can be enabled on one of the available Ethernet WAN ports. On this screen, you can choose which WAN will support IPv6. To enable IPv6 support on a WAN, the WAN router must respond to stateless address auto configuration advertisements and DHCPv6 requests. IPv6 clients on the LAN will acquire their IPv6, gateway, and DNS server addresses from it. The device will also acquire an IPv6 address for performing ping/traceroute checks and accepting web admin accesses. Note: This feature is only available on the Pepwave MAX 700, HD2, and HD2 IP67.

#### 9.1.1 DHCP Connection

There are four possible connection methods:

- 1. DHCP
- 2. Static IP
- 3. PPPoE
- 4. L2TP

The DHCP connection method is suitable if the ISP provides an IP address automatically using DHCP (e.g., satellite modem, WiMAX modem, cable, Metro Ethernet, etc.).

Connection Method	DHCP •
Routing Mode ?	• NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
Hostname (Optional)	Use custom hostname
DNS Servers	<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1</li> <li>Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:</li> </ul>

DHCP Connection Settings		
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the <b>IP Forwarding</b> option, if your network requires it.	
IP Address/ Subnet Mask/ Default Gateway	This information is obtained from the ISP automatically.	

Hostname (Optional)	If your service provider's DHCP server requires you to supply a hostname value upon acquiring an IP address, you may enter the value here. If your service provider does not provide you with the value, you can safely bypass this option.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.
	Selecting <b>Obtain DNS server address automatically</b> results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.)
	When <b>Use the following DNS server address(es)</b> is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the <b>DNS Server 1</b> and <b>DNS Server 2</b> fields.

#### 9.1.2 Static IP Connection

The static IP connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a static IP address to connect directly.

Connection Method	Static IP 🔻
Routing Mode ?	• NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0 (/24)
Default Gateway	
DNS Servers	Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

Static IP Settings		
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the <b>IP Forwarding</b> option, if your network requires it.	
IP Address / Subnet Mask / Default Gateway	These settings allow you to specify the information required in order to communicate on the Internet via a fixed Internet IP address. The information is typically determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.	
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting <b>Obtain DNS server address automatically</b> results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.) When <b>Use the following DNS server address(es)</b> is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the <b>DNS Server 1</b> and <b>DNS Server 2</b> fields.	

#### 9.1.3 **PPPoE** Connection

This connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a login ID/password to connect via PPPoE.

Connection Method	PPPoE V
Routing Mode 🕜	• NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
PPPoE User Name	
PPPoE Password	
Confirm PPPoE Password	
Service Name (Optional)	Leave it blank unless it is provided by ISP
IP Address (Optional)	Leave it blank unless it is provided by ISP
DNS Servers	<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1</li> <li>Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:</li> </ul>

	PPPoE Settings	
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the <b>IP Forwarding</b> option, if your network requires it.	
IP Address / Subnet Mask / Default Gateway	This information is obtained from the ISP automatically.	
PPPoE User Name / Password	Enter the required information in these fields in order to connect via PPPoE to the ISP. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.	
Confirm PPPoE Password	Verify your password by entering it again in this field.	
Service Name (Optional)	Service name is provided by the ISP. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.	
IP Address (Optional)	If your ISP provides a PPPoE IP address, enter it here. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.	
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting <b>Obtain DNS server address automatically</b> results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.) When <b>Use the following DNS server address(es)</b> is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN	

connection into the DNS Server 1 and DNS Server 2 fields.

#### 9.1.4 L2TP Connection

L2TP has all the compatibility and convenience of PPTP with greater security. Combine this with IPsec for a good balance between ease of use and security.

Connection Method	L2TP V
Routing Mode 🕜	• NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
L2TP User Name	
L2TP Password	
Confirm L2TP Password	
Server IP Address / Host	
Address Type	● Dynamic IP ○ Static IP
DNS Servers	<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1</li> <li>Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:</li> </ul>

	L2TP Settings	
L2TP User Name / Password	Enter the required information in these fields in order to connect via L2TP to your ISP. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from your ISP.	
Confirm L2TP Password	Verify your password by entering it again in this field.	
Server IP Address / Host	L2TP server address is a parameter which is provided by your ISP. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.	
Address Type	Your ISP will also indicate whether the server IP address is Dynamic or Static. Please click the appropriate value.	
	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.	
DNS Servers	Selecting <b>Obtain DNS server address automatically</b> results in the DNS servers assigned by the PPPoE server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the WAN connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the PPPoE server.)	
	When <b>Use the following DNS server address(es)</b> is selected, you can enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the <b>DNS server 1</b> and <b>DNS server 2</b> fields.	

### 9.2 Cellular WAN

WAN Connection Status		?
Priority 1 (Highest)		
1 WAN 1	Connected	Details
2 WAN 2	Connected	Details
Priority 2		
🚹 Cellular 1	No SIM Card Detected Reload SIM	Details
T2 Cellular 2	No SIM Card Detected Reload SIM	Details
Priority 3		_
	Drag desired (Priority 3) connections here	
Disabled		
🐼 Wi-Fi WAN	Disabled	Details

To access cellular WAN settings, click **Network>WAN>Details**. (Available on the Pepwave MAX BR1, HD2, and HD2 IP67 only)

#### **Connection Details**

Cellular 1 Status	
IMSI	(No SIM Card Detected)
MEID	A100001F7DC038 270113180708241208
ESN	8052FC8A
IMEI	356144040031862

Cellular Status		
IMSI	This is the International Mobile Subscriber Identity which uniquely identifies the SIM card. This is applicable to 3G modems only.	
MEID	Some Pepwave routers support both HSPA and EV-DO. For Sprint or Verizon Wireless EV-DO users, a unique MEID identifier code (in hexadecimal format) is used by the carrier to associate the EV-DO device with the user. This information is presented in hex and decimal format.	
ESN	This serves the same purpose as MEID HEX but uses an older format.	
IMEI	This is the unique ID for identifying the modem in GSM/HSPA mode.	

2

WAN Connection Settings			
WAN Connection Name	Cellular 1	Default	
Network Mode	● HSPA ○ Sprint,EV-DO ○ Verizon Wireless,EV-DO		
Routing Mode 🔹 🕐	• NAT		
DNS Servers	<ul> <li>Obtain DNS server address automatically</li> <li>Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1:</li> <li>DNS Server 2:</li> </ul>		

### WAN Connection Settings

WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.
Network Mode	Users have to specify the network they are on accordingly.
Routing Mode	This option allows you to select the routing method to be used in routing IP frames via the WAN connection. The mode can be either <b>NAT</b> (network address translation) or <b>IP Forwarding</b> . Click the <b>O</b> button to enable IP forwarding.
	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.
DNS Servers	Selecting <b>Obtain DNS server address automatically</b> results in the DNS servers assigned by the PPPoE server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the WAN connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the PPPoE server.)
	When <b>Use the following DNS server address(es)</b> is selected, you can enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the <b>DNS server 1</b> and <b>DNS server 2</b> fields.

Cellular Settings	
Network Selection	🖲 Auto 🔘 Manual
3G/2G ?	Auto
Authentication	Auto
Band Selection	<ul> <li>WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (800 MHz)</li> <li>WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (850 MHz)</li> <li>WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (900 MHz)</li> <li>WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (1700 MHz)</li> <li>WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (1900 MHz)</li> <li>WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (2100 MHz)</li> <li>GSM / GPRS / EDGE (850 MHz)</li> <li>GSM / GPRS / EDGE (900 MHz)</li> <li>GSM / GPRS / EDGE (1800 MHz)</li> <li>GSM / GPRS / EDGE (1900 MHz)</li> </ul>
Data Roaming	
Operator Settings	🖲 Auto 🔾 Custom
APN	
Username	
Password	
SIM PIN (Optional)	
Bandwidth Allowance ?	✓ Enable
Action 🥐	<ul> <li>Disconnect when usage hits 100%</li> <li>Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling <u>Email Notification</u>.</li> </ul>
Start Day	On 1st • of each month
Monthly Allowance	GB T

Cellular Settings	
Network Selection	By default, the MAX router will automatically choose a network to connect to. If you wish to use only certain networks, click the 🙆 button beside the menu item.
3G/2G	This drop-down menu allows restricting cellular to particular band. Click the 2 button to enable the selection of specific bands.
Authentication	Choose from <b>PAP Only</b> or <b>CHAP Only</b> to use those authentication methods exclusively. Select <b>Auto</b> to automatically choose an authentication method.
Data Roaming	This checkbox enables data roaming on this particular SIM card. Please check your service provider's data roaming policy before proceeding.
Operator Settings	This setting applies to 3G/EDGE/GPRS modems only. It does not apply to EVDO/EVDO Rev. A modems. This allows you to configure the APN settings of your connection. If <b>Auto</b> is selected, the mobile operator should be detected automatically. The connected device will be configured and connection will be made automatically. If there is any difficulty in making connection, you may select <b>Custom</b> to enter your carrier's <b>APN</b> , <b>Login</b> , <b>Password</b> , and <b>Dial</b> <b>Number</b> settings manually. The correct values can be obtained from your carrier. The default

http://www.pepwave.com

	and recommended setting is Auto.
APN / Login / Password / SIM PIN	When <b>Auto</b> is selected, the information in these fields will be filled automatically. Select <b>Custom</b> to customize these parameters. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	Check the box Enable to enable bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this option is not enabled, bandwidth usage of each month is still being tracked but no action will be taken.
Action	If email notification is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance. If <b>Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance</b> is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.
Start Day	This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.
Monthly Allowance	This field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each month.

General Settings	
Standby State	● Remain connected ○ Disconnected
Idle Disconnect	Image: Second

	General Settings
Standby State	This option allows you to choose whether to remain connected or disconnected when this WAN connection is no longer in the highest priority and has entered the standby state. When <b>Remain connected</b> is chosen, bringing up this WAN connection to active makes it immediately available for use.
Idle Disconnect	When Internet traffic is not detected within the user-specified timeframe, the modem will automatically disconnect. Once the traffic is resumed by the LAN host, the connection will be reactivated.

Health Check Settings		
Health Check Method	?	SmartCheck •
Timeout	?	5 v second(s)
Health Check Interval	?	10 • second(s)
Health Check Retries	?	3 •
Recovery Retries	?	3 •

	Health Check Settings
Heath Check Method	This setting allows you to specify the health check method for the cellular connection. Available options are <b>Disabled</b> , <b>Ping</b> , <b>DNS Lookup</b> , <b>HTTP</b> , and <b>SmartCheck</b> . The default method is <b>DNS Lookup</b> . See <b>Section 9.4</b> for configuration details.
Timeout	If a health check test cannot be completed within the specified amount of time, the test will be treated as failed.
Health Check Interval	This is the time interval between each health check test.
Health Check Retries	This is the number of consecutive check failures before treating a connection as down.
Recovery Retries	This is the number of responses required after a health check failure before treating a connection as up again.

Dynamic DNS Service Provider	Disabled •	]

Dynamic DNS Settings	
	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers:
	changeip.com
Dynamic DNS Service Provider	• dyndns.org
	• no-ip.org
	• tzo.com
	DNS-O-Matic
	Select <b>Disabled</b> to disable this feature. See <b>Section 9.5</b> for configuration details.

### 9.3 Wi-Fi WAN

To access Wi-Fi WAN settings, click Network>WAN>Details.

WAN Connection Settings		
WAN Connection Name	Wi-Fi WAN Default	
Standby State	Remain connected O Disconnected	
MTU	O Auto   Custom Value: 1500 Default	
Reply to ICMP PING	● Yes ○ No	

Wi-Fi Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.
Standby State	This setting specifies the state of the WAN connection while in standby. The available options are <b>Remain Connected</b> (hot standby) and <b>Disconnect</b> (cold standby).
MTU	This setting specifies the maximum transmission unit. By default, MTU is set to <b>Custom 1440</b> . You may adjust the MTU value by editing the text field. Click <b>Default</b> to restore the default MTU value. Select <b>Auto</b> and the appropriate MTU value will be automatically detected. The auto-detection will run each time the WAN connection establishes
Reply to ICMP PING	If this setting is disabled, the WAN connection will not respond to ICMP ping requests. By default, this setting is enabled.

Wi-Fi WAN Settings	
Channel Selection	• Auto O Custom
Roaming	
Connect to Any Open Mode ? AP	⊖ Yes ◉ No

#### Wi-Fi WAN Settings

Determine whether the channel will be automatically selected. If you select custom, the following table will appear:

	Scan Channels	Scan Channels					
Channel Selection	Scan Channels	Clear 2.4GHz:	<b>All</b>	€ 3 € 8	✔ 4 ✔ 9	<ul><li>✓ 5</li><li>✓ 10</li></ul>	
					OK	Cancel	

Connect to Any Open This option is to specify whether the Wi-Fi WAN will connect to any open mode acce	Roaming	Checking this box will enable Wi-Fi roaming. Click the 🙆 icon for additional options.
Mode AP points it finds.	Any Open	This option is to specify whether the Wi-Fi WAN will connect to any open mode access points it finds.

Bandwidth Allowance N Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	Monito ?	er
Action	?	Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling <u>Email Notification</u> .
Start Day		On 1st • of each month at 00:00 midnight
Monthly Allowance		MB T

	Bandwidth Allowance Monitor
	If <b>Email Notification</b> is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance.
Action	If <b>Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance</b> is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.
Start Day	This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.
Monthly Allowance	This field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each month.

Health Check Settings	
Health Check Method 🛛 🕐	DNS Lookup 🔻
Health Check DNS Servers 🥐	Host 1: Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers Include public DNS servers
Timeout 🕐	5 ▼ second(s)
Health Check Interval 🛛 🕐	5 second(s)
Health Check Retries 🛛 🕐	3 🔻
Recovery Retries 🛛 🥐	3 🔻

#### **Health Check Settings**

Method

This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. This value can be configured as **Disabled**, **PING**, **DNS Lookup**, or **HTTP**. The default method is **DNS Lookup**. For mobile Internet connections, the value of **Method** can be configured as

	Disabled or SmartCheck.				
Health Check Disabled					
	Health Check Method: PING				
connection is consider	<ul> <li>Host 1: Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as PING Hosts</li> <li>be issued to test the connectivity with a configurable target IP address or hostname. A WAN ed as up if ping responses are received from either one or both of the ping hosts.</li> <li>This setting specifies IP addresses or hostnames with which connectivity is to be tested via ICMP ping. If Use first two DNS servers as Ping Hosts is checked, the target ping host</li> </ul>				
PING Hosts	PING Hosts       will be the first DNS server for the corresponding WAN connection. Reliable ping hosts with a high uptime should be considered. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the ping hosts.         Health Check Method: DNS Lookup				
Health Check Me	thod () DNS Lookup •				
Health Check DN	S Servers (?) Host 1: Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers Include public DNS servers				
	sued to test connectivity with target DNS servers. The connection will be treated as up if DNS d from one or both of the servers, regardless of whether the result was positive or negative.				
Health Check DNS ServersThis field allows you to specify two DNS hosts' IP addresses with which connectivity is to be tested via DNS Lookup.Health Check DNS ServersIf Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking a connection's health. If the box is not checked, Host 1 must be filled, while a value for Host 2 is optional.If Include public DNS servers is selected and no response is received from all specified DNS servers, DNS lookups will also be issued to some public DNS servers. A WAN connection will be treated as down only if there is also no response received from the public DNS servers.Connections will be considered as up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of a positive or negative result. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the health check DNS servers.					
	Health Check Method: HTTP				

Health Check M	ethod ?	HTTP	•	·						
URL 1	?	http://								1
		Matchin	g String:							4
URL 2	?	http://								
		Matchin	g String:							
HTTP connections wil	I be issued to te	st conn	nectivity	with con	figurable	URLs and	d strin	gs to match.		
URL1	WAN Setting The URL will is left blank, a (Note: HTTP filled, a health HTTP respon	be retri health redirect check	eved wh check tion cod will pas	hen perfo will pass les 301 c ss if the l	orming an if the HT or 302 are HTTP retu	n HTTP he TP return e treated a	ealth c code as failu	is between 2 res). When <b>\$</b>	200 and 29 String to	99 <b>Match</b> is
URL 2	WAN Setting If URL2 is als					•		of the tests	passed.	

	Other Health Check Settings			
Timeout	? 5 ▼ second(s)			
Health Check In	nterval ? 5 • second(s)			
Health Check Re	etries ? 3			
Recovery Retries				
Timeout	This setting specifies the timeout in seconds for ping/DNS lookup requests. The default timeout is <b>5 seconds</b> .			
Health Check Interval	This setting specifies the time interval in seconds between ping or DNS lookup requests. The default health check interval is <b>5 seconds</b> .			
Health Check Retries This setting specifies the number of consecutive ping/DNS lookup timeouts after which the Peplink Balance will treat the corresponding WAN connection as down. Default health retries is set to 3. Using the default Health Retries setting of 3, the corresponding WAN connection will be treated as down after three consecutive timeouts.				
Recovery Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses that must be received before the Peplink Balance treats a previously down WAN connection as up again. By default, <b>Recover Retries</b> is set to <b>3</b> . Using the default setting, a WAN connection that is treated as down will be considered as up again upon receiving three consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses.			

Dynamic DNS Settings		
Service Provider	DNS-O-Matic	
Username		
Password		
Confirm Password		
Update All Hosts		
Hosts / IDs		

	Dynamic DNS Settings	
Service Provider	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN. Supported providers are: changeip.com dyndns.org no-ip.org tzo.com DNS-O-Matic Select <b>Disabled</b> to disable this feature.	
User ID / User / Email	This setting specifies the registered user name for the dynamic DNS service.	
Password / Pass /	This setting specifies the password for the dynamic DNS service.	

TZO Key	
Update All Hosts	Check this box to automatically update all hosts.
Hosts / Domain	This setting specifies a list of hostnames or domains to be associated with the public Internet IP address of the WAN connection.

#### **Important Note**

In order to use dynamic DNS services, appropriate hostname registration(s), as well as a valid account with a supported dynamic DNS service provider, are required.

A dynamic DNS update is performed whenever a WAN's IP address is changed, such as when an IP is changed after a DHCP IP refresh or reconnection.

Due to dynamic DNS service providers' policies, a dynamic DNS host expires automatically when the host record has not been not updated for a long time. Therefore, the Peplink Balance performs an update every 23 days, even if a WAN's IP address did not change.

#### 9.3.1 Creating Wi-Fi Connection Profiles

You can manually create a profile to connect to a Wi-Fi connection. This is useful for creating a profile for connecting to hidden-SSID access points. Click **Network>WAN>Details>Create Profile...** to get started.

Wi-Fi Connection Profiles		
Network Name (SSID)	Security	
<u>Peplink</u>	🔂 WPA/WPA2-Personal	×
Peplink Guest	Open [	×
Create Profile	· · ·	

This will open a window similar to the one shown below:

Create Wi-Fi Connection Profile		
Wi-Fi Connection		
Network Name (SSID)		
Security	Open •	
IP Address	<ul> <li>Obtain an IP address automatically</li> <li>Static</li> </ul>	

Туре	Select	Select whether the network will connect automatically or manually.		
letwork Name (SSID)	Enter a	name to represent th	his Wi-Fi connection.	
		tion allows you to sele le options:	lect which security policy is used for this wireless network.	
	•	Open		
		Security	Open •	
	•	WEP		
		Security	WEP •	
		Encryption Key	?	
			✓ Hide Characters	
	•	WPA/WPA2 – Pers		
		Security	WPA/WPA2-Personal	
Security		Shared Key	⑦ Hide Characters	
	•	WPA/WPA2 – Ente		
		Security	WPA/WPA2-Enterprise	
		Login ID		
		Password		
		Confirm Password		
		EAP Method	PEAP V	
		EAP Phase 2 Method	EAP/CHAP •	
		EAP outer authentication identity	<ul> <li>Anonymous</li> <li>User Credentials</li> <li>Other:</li> </ul>	

http://www.pepwave.com

#### 9.4 WAN Health Check

To ensure traffic is routed to healthy WAN connections only, the Pepwave router can periodically check the health of each WAN connection. The health check settings for each WAN connection can be independently configured via **Network>WAN>Details**.

	Health Check Settings
Method	This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. This value can be configured as <b>Disabled</b> , <b>PING</b> , <b>DNS Lookup</b> , or <b>HTTP</b> . The default method is <b>DNS Lookup</b> . For mobile Internet connections, the value of <b>Method</b> can be configured as <b>Disabled</b> or <b>SmartCheck</b> .
	Health Check Disabled
Health Check M	Iethod       Iealth Check disabled. Network problem cannot be detected.
	sen in the <b>Method</b> field, the WAN connection will always be considered as up. The event of IP routing errors.
	Health Check Method: PING
Health Check M	1ethod ? PING ·
PING Hosts	<ul> <li>Host 1:</li> <li>Host 2:</li> <li>Use first two DNS servers as PING Hosts</li> </ul>
	be issued to test the connectivity with a configurable target IP address or hostname. A WAN ed as up if ping responses are received from either one or both of the ping hosts.
PING Hosts	This setting specifies IP addresses or hostnames with which connectivity is to be tested via ICMP ping. If <b>Use first two DNS servers as Ping Hosts</b> is checked, the target ping host will be the first DNS server for the corresponding WAN connection. Reliable ping hosts with a high uptime should be considered. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the ping hosts.
	Health Check Method: DNS Lookup
DNS lookups will be is:	Aethod (? DNS Lookup DNS Servers (?) Host 1: Host 2: Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers Include public DNS servers sued to test connectivity with target DNS servers. The connection will be treated as up if DNS d from one or both of the servers, regardless of whether the result was positive or negative.
Health Check DNS Servers	This field allows you to specify two DNS hosts' IP addresses with which connectivity is to be tested via DNS lookup. If <b>Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers</b> is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking a connection's health. If the box is not checked, <b>Host 1</b> must be filled, while a value for <b>Host 2</b> is optional. If <b>Include public DNS servers</b> is selected and no response is received from all specified DNS servers, DNS lookups will also be issued to some public DNS servers. A WAN connection will be treated as down only if there is also no response received from the public DNS servers. Connections will be considered as up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of a positive or negative result. By default, the first two DNS servers.

	Н	ealth Check Method: HTTP
Health Che	ck Method 🛛 🥐	HTTP V
URL 1	?	http:// Matching String:
URL 2	?	http:// Matching String:
HTTP connections wi	II be issued to test	connectivity with configurable URLs and strings to match.
URL1	The URL will be is left blank, a h (Note: HTTP red filled, a health c	WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL1 e retrieved when performing an HTTP health check. When String to Match health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 direction codes 301 or 302 are treated as failures). When String to Match is sheck will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 and if the e content contains the string.
URL 2		>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL2 provided, a health check will pass if either one of the tests passed.

Timeout	?	10 • second(s)
Health Check Interval	?	5 second(s)
Health Check Retries	?	3 •
Recovery Retries	?	3 •

	Other Health Check Settings
Timeout	This setting specifies the timeout in seconds for ping/DNS lookup requests. The default timeout is <b>5 seconds</b> .
Health Check Interval	This setting specifies the time interval in seconds between ping or DNS lookup requests. The default health check interval is <b>5 seconds</b> .
Health Check Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive ping/DNS lookup timeouts after which the Pepwave router will treat the corresponding WAN connection as down. Default health retries is set to <b>3</b> . Using the default <b>Health Retries</b> setting of <b>3</b> , the corresponding WAN connection will be treated as down after three consecutive timeouts.
Recovery Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses that must be received before the Pepwave router treats a previously down WAN connection as up again. By default, <b>Recover Retries</b> is set to <b>3</b> . Using the default setting, a WAN connection that is treated as down will be considered as up again upon receiving three consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses.

#### Automatic Public DNS Server Check on DNS Test Failure

When the health check method is set to **DNS Lookup** and health checks fail, the Pepwave router will automatically perform DNS lookups on public DNS servers. If the tests are successful, the WAN may not be down, but rather the target DNS server malfunctioned. You will see the following warning message on the main page:

Failed to receive DNS response from the health-check DNS servers for WAN connection 3. But public DNS server lookup test via the WAN passed. So please check the DNS server settings.

### 9.5 Dynamic DNS Settings

Pepwave routers are capable of registering the domain name relationships to dynamic DNS service providers. Through registration with dynamic DNS service provider(s), the default public Internet IP address of each WAN connection can be associated with a host name. With dynamic DNS service enabled for a WAN connection, you can connect to your WAN's IP address from the external, even if its IP address is dynamic. You must register for an account from the listed dynamic DNS service providers before enabling this option.

If the WAN connection's IP address is a reserved private IP address (i.e., behind a NAT router), the public IP of each WAN will be automatically reported to the DNS service provider.

Either upon a change in IP addresses or every 23 days without link reconnection, the Pepwave router will connect to the dynamic DNS service provider to perform an IP address update within the provider's records.

The settings for dynamic DNS service provider(s) and the association of hostname(s) are configured via **Network>WAN>Details>Dynamic DNS Service Provider/Dynamic DNS Settings**.

Dynamic DNS Service Provider	changeip.com 🔻
User ID	
Password	
Confirm Password	
Hosts	

	Dynamic DNS Settings
	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers:
Dynamic DNS	<ul> <li>changeip.com</li> <li>dyndns.org</li> <li>no-ip.org</li> <li>tzo.com</li> <li>DNS-O-Matic</li> </ul>
	Select <b>Disabled</b> to disable this feature.
Account Name /	This setting specifies the registered user name for the dynamic DNS service.

Email Address	
Password / TZO Key	This setting specifies the password for the dynamic DNS service.
Hosts / Domain	This field allows you to specify a list of host names or domains to be associated with the public Internet IP address of the WAN connection. If you need to enter more than one host, use a carriage return to separate them.

#### **Important Note**

In order to use dynamic DNS services, appropriate host name registration(s) and a valid account with a supported dynamic DNS service provider are required. A dynamic DNS update is performed whenever a WAN's IP address changes (e.g., the IP is changed after a DHCP IP refresh, reconnection, etc.). Due to dynamic DNS service providers' policy, a dynamic DNS host will automatically expire if the host record has not been updated for a long time. Therefore the Pepwave router performs an update every 23 days, even if a WAN's IP address has not changed.

### 10 Advanced Wi-Fi Settings

Wi-Fi settings can be configured at **Advanced>Wi-Fi Settings** (or **AP>Settings** on some models). Note that menus displayed can vary by model.

Wi-Fi Radio Settings	
Operating Country	United States

	Wi-Fi Radio Settings
	This drop-down menu specifies the national/regional regulations which the Wi-Fi radio should follow.
Operating Country	<ul> <li>If a North American region is selected, RF channels 1 to 11 will be available and the maximum transmission power will be 26 dBm (400 mW).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If European region is selected, RF channels 1 to 13 will be available. The maximum transmission power will be 20 dBm (100 mW).</li> </ul>
	NOTE: Users are required to choose an option suitable to local laws and regulations.

#### **Important Note**

Per FCC regulation, the country selection is not available on all models marketed in the US. All US models are fixed to US channels only.

Wi-Fi AP Settings	
Protocol	802.11ng
Channel	1 (2.412 GHz)
Channel Width	Auto
Output Power	Max 🔻 🗖 Boost

Wi-Fi AP Settings		
Protocol	This option allows you to specify whether 802.11b and/or 802.11g client association requests will be accepted. Available options are <b>802.11ng</b> and <b>802.11na</b> . By default, <b>802.11ng</b> is selected.	
Channel	This option allows you to select which 802.11 RF channel will be utilized. <b>Channel 1</b> (2.412 GHz) is selected by default.	
Channel Width	Available options are <b>20 MHz</b> , <b>40 MHz</b> , and <b>Auto (20/40 MHz)</b> . Default is <b>Auto (20/40 MHz)</b> , which allows both widths to be used simultaneously.	
Output Power	This option is for specifying the transmission output power for the Wi-Fi AP. There are 4 relative power levels available – <b>Max</b> , <b>High</b> , <b>Mid</b> , and <b>Low</b> . The actual output power will be bound by the regulatory limits of the selected country.	

Advanced Wi-Fi AP settings can be displayed by clicking the 2 on the top right-hand corner of the **Wi-Fi AP Settings** section, which can be found at **AP>Settings**. Other models will display a separate section called **Wi-Fi AP Advanced Settings**, which can be found at **Advanced>Wi-Fi Settings**.

Beacon Rate	1Mbps V
Beacon Interval	100ms •
DTIM	
Slot Time	9 µs
ACK Timeout	48 μs
Frame Aggregation	
Guard Interval	○ Short ◉ Long

Wi-Fi AP Advanced Settings		
Beacon Rate <sup>A</sup>	This option is for setting the transmit bit rate for sending a beacon. By default, <b>1Mbps</b> is selected.	
Beacon Interval <sup>A</sup>	This option is for setting the time interval between each beacon. By default, <b>100ms</b> is selected.	
DTIM <sup>A</sup>	This field allows you to set the frequency for the beacon to include delivery traffic indication messages. The interval is measured in milliseconds. The default value is set to <b>1 ms</b> .	
Slot Time <sup>A</sup>	This field is for specifying the unit wait time before transmitting a packet. By default, this field is set to $9 \ \mu s$ .	
ACK Timeout <sup>A</sup>	This field is for setting the wait time to receive an acknowledgement packet before performing a retransmission. By default, this field is set to <b>48 <math>\mu</math>s</b> .	
Frame Aggregation <sup>A</sup>	This option allows you to enable frame aggregation to increase transmission throughput.	
Guard Interval <sup>A</sup>	This is where you opt for a short or long guard period interval for your transmissions.	

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature, please click the 2 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

# Wi-Fi WAN settings can be configured at **Advanced>Wi-Fi Settings** (or **Advanced>Wi-Fi WAN** or some models).

Wi-Fi WAN Settings	
Channel Width	20/40 MHz •
Bit Rate	Auto
Output Power	Max 🔻 🗆 Boost

Wi-Fi WAN Settings				
Channel Width	Available options are <b>20/40 MHz</b> and <b>20 MHz</b> . Default is <b>20/40 MHz</b> , which allows both widths to be used simultaneously.			
Bit Rate	This option allows you to select a specific bit rate for data transfer over the device's Wi- Fi network. By default, <b>Auto</b> is selected.			
Output Power	This option is for specifying the transmission output power for the Wi-Fi AP. There are 4 relative power levels available – <b>Max</b> , <b>High</b> , <b>Mid</b> , and <b>Low</b> . The actual output power will be bound by the regulatory limits of the selected country. Note that selecting the <b>Boost</b> option may cause the MAX's radio output to exceed local regulatory limits.			

# 11 MediaFast Configuration

MediaFast settings can be configured from the **Network** menu.

### 11.1 Setting Up MediaFast Content Caching

To access MediaFast content caching settings, select Advanced>Cache Control.

Cache Control			
Domains / IP Addresses ??	Cache all Whitelist Blacklist ted.com		
Content Type 🥐	<ul> <li>✓ Video</li> <li>✓ Audio</li> <li>✓ Images</li> <li>✓ OS / Application Update</li> </ul>	ates	
Cache Lifetime Settings	File Extension	Lifetime (days) 30	

	Cache Control Settings
Domain	Choose to <b>Cache on all domains</b> , or enter domain names and then choose either <b>Cache the specified domains only</b> or <b>Do not cache the specified domains</b> .
Content Type	Check these boxes to cache the listed content types or leave boxes unchecked to disable caching for the listed types.
Cache Lifetime Settings	Enter a file extension, such as JPG or DOC. Then enter a lifetime in days to specify how long files with that extension will be cached. Add or delete entries using the controls on the right.

### **11.2 Scheduling Content Prefetching**

Content prefetching allows you to download content on a schedule that you define, which can help to preserve network bandwidth during busy times and keep costs down. To access MediaFast content prefetching settings, select **Advanced >Prefetch Schedule**.

		Next Run Time	Last Run Time	Last Duration		Last Download	Actions
Course Progress	Downloading	04-11 06:00	04-09 02:03	-	$\otimes$	0 B	
National Geog	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 00:00	00:01	1	4.98 kB	🛓 🕜 🕽
Syllabus	Downloading	04-11 06:00	04-09 06:00	-	1	0 B	
► Vimeo	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 02:03	00:01	1	115.91 kB	🛓 🕜 🕽
▶ ted	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 00:00	00:01	<b>v</b>	62.26 kB	🛓 🕜 🕽
		Ne	w Schedule				

	Prefetch Schedule Settings
Name	This field displays the name given to the scheduled download.
Status	Check the status of your scheduled download here.
Next Run Time/Last Run Time	These fields display the date and time of the next and most recent occurrences of the scheduled download.
Last Duration	Check this field to ensure that the most recent download took as long as expected to complete. A value that is too low might indicate an incomplete download or incorrectly specified download target, while a value that is too long could mean a download with an incorrectly specified target or stop time.
Result	This field indicates whether downloads are in progress ( $^{\textcircled{0}}$ ) or complete ( $\checkmark$ ).
Last Download	Check this field to ensure that the most recent download file size is within the expected range. A value that is too low might indicate an incomplete download or incorrectly specified download target, while a value that is too long could mean a download with an incorrectly specified target or stop time. This field is also useful for quickly seeing which downloads are consuming the most storage space.
Actions	To begin a scheduled download immediately, click . To cancel a scheduled download, click . To edit a scheduled download, click . To delete a scheduled download, click .
New Schedule	To begin creating a new scheduled download, click this button.

Clear Web Cache To clear all cached content, click this button. Note that this action cannot be undone.

**Clear Statistics** To clear all prefetch and status page statistics, click this button.

### 11.3 Viewing MediaFast Statistics

To get details on storage and bandwidth usage, select Status>MediaFast.

Storage Usage											
Т	ue Feb 17 15:35	:00					162.1	0 GB f	ree ( Total:	238.48 GB )	
	ystem reserved 2.95 GB		eo 🗖 53 GB	Aud 122	lio .74 MB		ages 🗖 0 GB	Applic 2.12 (		es 🗖 Other 29.28 GB	
Bandwidth Sum	mary										
			Bandy	widtl	h Saved			Total E	Bandwidth		Accesses
Today			2.94	4 GB	(68.9%)				4.27 GB		76374
Last week			1.3	32 GB	(9.4%)				14.05 GB		138395
Last month			141.54	4 GB	(36.5%)				388.00 GB		7.00 million
Last year			142.14	4 GB	(36.0%)				394.40 GB		7.13 million
Bandwidth Deta	nils (1997)	MMMM.			MANANA MARKANA MANANA MANA Manana mangkana mangka Manana mangkana mangka			MMMM		****	hhhhhhh
Period	Т	oday	1 Week	1	Month	1 Yea	r				
Order	(T	op Hit	Top Usa	ae	Top V	sited	Top Mis	sed			
				-	h Saved		100 110		Bandwidth		Accesses
Web Domain			Danu	wiati	i Saveu			TOTAL	andwidth		more
apple.com			2.52	GB	(92.0%)				2.74 GB		436
office.net					(98.0%)				29.23 MB		92
canonical.com					(100%)				13.51 MB		2
ubuntu.com					(25.0%)				32.60 MB		425
blogspot.com					(22.3%)				14.04 MB		115
nextmedia.com					(54.6%)				5.21 MB		326
File Category			2100		(0 110 /0)				0122110		020
application			2.72	GB	(82.8%)				3.28 GB		27752
image					(40.0%)				361.82 MB		14359
text					(11.6%)				429.80 MB		33252
video					(16.5%)				221.94 MB		914
font					(81.8%)				2.77 MB		75
Media Type					,						more
octet-stream			2.52	2 GB	(91.4%)				2.75 GB		695
png					(53.1%)				198.16 MB		3620
pkix-crl					(83.2%)				119.72 MB		93
zip					、 (50.3%)				109.82 MB		12
mp4					(25.3%)				144.70 MB		46
jpeg					(24.2%)				142.67 MB		4798
plain					(15.9%)				190.47 MB		7413

### 12 Bandwidth Bonding SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> / PepVPN



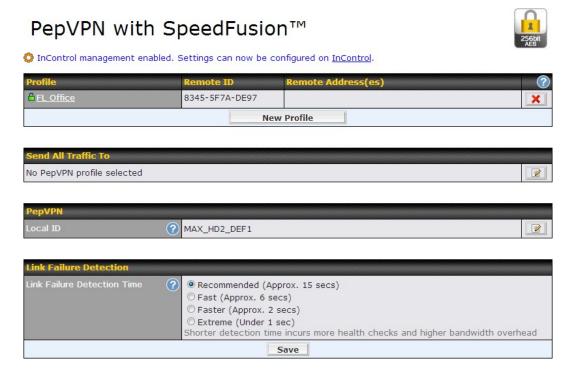
Pepwave bandwidth bonding SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> functionality securely connects your Pepwave router to another Pepwave or Peplink device (Peplink Balance 210/310/380/580/710/1350 only). Data, voice, or video communications between these locations are kept confidential across the public Internet.

Bandwidth bonding SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> is specifically designed for multi-WAN environments. Pepwave routers can aggregate all WAN connections' bandwidth for routing SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> traffic. Unless all the WAN connections of one site are down, Pepwave routers can keep the VPN up and running.

VPN bandwidth bonding is supported in Firmware 5.1 or above. All available bandwidth will be utilized to establish the VPN tunnel, and all traffic will be load balanced at packet level across all links. VPN bandwidth bonding is enabled by default.

### 12.1 PepVPN

To configure PepVPN and SpeedFusion, navigate to **Advanced>SpeedFusion™** or **Advanced>PepVPN**.



The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN (defined under **Static Route** on the LAN settings page) will be advertised to the VPN. All VPN members (branch offices and headquarters) will be able to route to local subnets.

Note that all LAN subnets and the subnets behind them must be unique. Otherwise, VPN members will not be able to access each other.

All data can be routed over the VPN using the 256-bit AES encryption standard. To configure, navigate to **Advanced>SpeedFusion™** or **Advanced>PepVPN** and click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN profile (you may have to first save the displayed default profile in order to access the **New Profile** button). Each profile specifies the settings for making VPN connection with one remote Pepwave or Peplink device. Note that available settings vary by model.

PepVPN Profile		······			
Name 📀					
Active					
SpeedFusion	Supported				
Encryption	) ● 🖁 256-bit AES 🗢 🗎 OFF				
Authentication	Remote ID / Pre-shared Ke	y 🔍 X.509			
Remote ID / Pre-shared 🛛 ?	Remote ID	Pre-shared Key			
Кеу		+			
Allow shared Remote ID					
NAT Mode					
Remote IP Address / Host ? Names (Optional)					
	If this field is empty, this field on the	e remote unit must be filled			
Data Port 📀	🖲 🔍 🔍 🔍 🔍 🔍 🔍				
Bandwidth Limit 📀					
WAN Smoothing	Normal 🔻				

A list of defined SpeedFusion connection profiles and a **Link Failure Detection Time** option will be shown. Click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN connection profile for making a VPN connection to a remote Peplink Balance via the available WAN connections. Each profile is for making a VPN connection with one remote Peplink Balance.

	PepVPN Profile Settings
Name	This field is for specifying a name to represent this profile. The name can be any combination of alphanumeric characters (0-9, A-Z, a-z), underscores (_), dashes (-), and/or non-leading/trailing spaces ().
Active	When this box is checked, this VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Encryption	By default, VPN traffic is encrypted with 256-bit AES. If Off is selected on both sides of a

	VPN connection, no encryption will be applied.
Authentication	Select from <b>By Remote ID Only</b> , <b>Preshared Key</b> , or <b>X.509</b> to specify the method the Peplink Balance will use to authenticate peers. When selecting <b>By Remote ID Only</b> , be sure to enter a unique peer ID number in the <b>Remote ID</b> field.
Remote ID / Pre-shared Key	This optional field becomes available when <b>Remote ID / Pre-shared Key</b> is selected as the Peplink Balance's VPN <b>Authentication</b> method, as explained above. <b>Pre-shared Key</b> defines the pre-shared key used for this particular VPN connection. The VPN connection's session key will be further protected by the pre-shared key. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match. When the peer is running firmware 5.0+, this setting will be ignored.
	Enter Remote IDs either by typing out each Remote ID and Pre-shared Key, or by pasting a CSV. If you wish to paste a CSV, click the local icon next to the "Remote ID / Preshared Key" setting.
Remote ID/Remote Certificate	These optional fields become available when <b>X.509</b> is selected as the Peplink Balance's VPN authentication method, as explained above. To authenticate VPN connections using X.509 certificates, copy and paste certificate details into these fields. To get more information on a listed X.509 certificate, click the <b>Show Details</b> link below the field.
Allow Shared Remote ID	When this option is enabled, the router will allow multiple peers to run using the same remote ID.
NAT Mode	Check this box to allow the local DHCP server to assign an IP address to the remote peer. When <b>NAT Mode</b> is enabled, all remote traffic over the VPN will be tagged with the assigned IP address using network address translation.
Remote IP Address / Host	If <b>NAT Mode</b> is not enabled, you can enter a remote peer's WAN IP address or hostname(s) here. If the remote uses more than one address, enter only one of them here. Multiple hostnames are allowed and can be separated by a space character or carriage return. Dynamic-DNS host names are also accepted.
Names (Optional)	This field is optional. With this field filled, the Peplink Balance will initiate connection to each of the remote IP addresses until it succeeds in making a connection. If the field is empty, the Peplink Balance will wait for connection from the remote peer. Therefore, at least one of the two VPN peers must specify this value. Otherwise, VPN connections cannot be established.
Data Port	This field is used to specify a UDP port number for transporting outgoing VPN data. If <b>Default</b> is selected, UDP port 4500 will be used. Port 32015 will be used if the remote unit uses Firmware prior to version 5.4 or if port 4500 is unavailable. If <b>Custom</b> is selected, enter an outgoing port number from 1 to 65535.
Bandwidth Limit	Define maximum download and upload speed to each individual peer. This functionality requires the peer to use PepVPN version 4.0.0 or above.
WAN Smoothing <sup>A</sup>	Select the degree to which WAN Smoothing will be implemented across your WAN links.
<b>A</b>	ture places disk the 🖉 button on the ten right hand corner to estimate

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature, please click the 2 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

# To enable Layer 2 Bridging between PepVPN profiles, navigate to **Network>LAN>Basic Settings>\*LAN Profile Name\*** and refer to instructions in section 8.1

WAN Connection Prior	rity,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		handhandh		?
	Priority	Direction	Connect to Remote	Cut-off latency (ms)	Suspension Time after Packet Loss (ms)
1. WAN 1	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All 🔻		
2. WAN 2	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All 🔻		
3. Wi-Fi WAN	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All 🔻		
4. Cellular 1	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All 🔻		
5. Cellular 2	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All 🔻		
6. USB	1 (Highest) 🔻	Up/Down 🔻	All 🔻		

#### **WAN Connection Priority**

If your device supports it, you can specify the priority of WAN connections to be used for making VPN connections. WAN connections set to **OFF** will never be used. Only available WAN connections with the highest priority will be used.

To enable asymmetric connections, connection mapping to remote WANs, cut-off latency, and packet loss suspension time, click the 2 button.

Send All Traffic To	
No PepVPN profile selected	

	Se	end All Traffic To				
This feature allows you to redirect all traffic to a specified PepVPN connection. Click the connection and the following menu will appear:						
	Send All Traffic Send All Traffic To	VPN Connection 2 DNS Server 135.36.14.0				

You could also specify a DNS server to resolve incoming DNS requests.

#### Outbound Policy/PepVPN Outbound Custom Rules

Some models allow you to set outbound policy and custom outbound rules from **Advanced>PepVPN**. See **Section 14** for more information on outbound policy settings.

WAN

Connection Priority

According to custom	rules				C
PepVPN Outbound C	ustom Rules				
PepVPN Outbound C Service	Custom Rules	Source	Destination	Protocol	
	ustom Rules				

PepVPN Local ID		
Local ID	MAX_HD2_8D1C	

### **PepVPN Local ID**

The local ID is a text string to identify this local unit when establishing a VPN connection. When creating a profile on a remote unit, this local ID must be entered in the remote unit's **Remote ID** field. Click the *local* icon to edit **Local ID**.

PepVPN Settings				
Handshake Port	Default O Custom     Cust			
Backward Compatibility	● High (firmware 5.3+) ○ Latest (firmware 6.2+)			
Link Failure Detection Time ( ?	<ul> <li>Recommended (Approx. 15 secs)</li> <li>Fast (Approx. 6 secs)</li> <li>Faster (Approx. 2 secs)</li> <li>Extreme (Under 1 sec)</li> <li>Shorter detection time incurs more health checks and higher bandwidth overhead</li> </ul>			

	PepVPN Settings
Handshake Port <sup>A</sup>	To designate a custom handshake port (TCP), click the <b>custom</b> radio button and enter the port number you wish to designate.
Backward Compatibility	Determine the level of backward compatibility needed for PepVPN tunnels. The use of the <b>Latest</b> setting is recommended as it will improve the performance and resilience of SpeedFusion connections.
Link Failure Detection Time	The bonded VPN can detect routing failures on the path between two sites over each WAN connection. Failed WAN connections will not be used to route VPN traffic. Health check packets are sent to the remote unit to detect any failure. The more frequently checks are sent, the shorter the detection time, although more bandwidth will be consumed. When <b>Recommended</b> (default) is selected, a health check packet is sent every five seconds, and the expected detection time is 15 seconds. When <b>Fast</b> is selected, a health check packet is sent every three seconds, and the expected detection time is six seconds. When <b>Faster</b> is selected, a health check packet is sent every second, and the expected detection time is selected, a health check packet is sent every second, and the expected detection time is two seconds. When <b>Extreme</b> is selected, a health check packet is sent every 0.1 second, and the expected detection time is less than one second.

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature, please click the Ø button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

#### Important Note

Peplink proprietary SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> uses TCP port 32015 and UDP port 4500 for establishing VPN connections. If you have a firewall in front of your Pepwave devices, you will need to add firewall rules for these ports and protocols to allow inbound and outbound traffic to pass through the firewall.



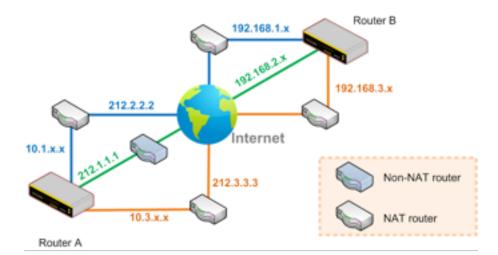
Want to know more about VPN sub-second session failover? Visit our YouTube Channel for a video tutorial! http://youtu.be/TLQgdpPSY88

### 12.2 The Pepwave Router Behind a NAT Router

Pepwave routers support establishing SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> over WAN connections which are behind a NAT (network address translation) router.

To enable a WAN connection behind a NAT router to accept VPN connections, you can configure the NAT router in front of the WAN connection to inbound port-forward TCP port 32015 to the Pepwave router.

If one or more WAN connections on Unit A can accept VPN connections (by means of port forwarding or not), while none of the WAN connections on the peer Unit B can do so, you should enter all of Unit A's public IP addresses or hostnames into Unit B's **Remote IP Addresses / Host Names** field. Leave the field in Unit A blank. With this setting, a SpeedFusion<sup>TM</sup> connection can be set up and all WAN connections on both sides will be utilized.



See the following diagram for an example of this setup in use:

One of the WANs connected to Router A is non-NAT'd (*212.1.1.1*). The rest of the WANs connected to Router A and all WANs connected to Router B are NAT'd. In this case, the **Peer IP Addresses / Host Names** field for Router B should be filled with all of Router A's hostnames or public IP addresses (i.e., *212.1.1.1*, *212.2.2.2*, and *212.3.3.3*), and the field in Router A can be left blank. The two NAT routers on WAN1 and WAN3 connected to Router A should inbound port-forward TCP port 32015 to Router A so that all WANs will be utilized in establishing the VPN.

### 12.3 SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> Status

SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> status is shown in the **Dashboard**. The connection status of each connection profile is shown as below.

SpeedFusion™	Status
FL Office	🔒 Established
NY Office	🔒 Established

After clicking the **Status** button at the top right corner of the SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> table, you will be forwarded to **Status>SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup>**, where you can view subnet and WAN connection information for each VPN peer. Please refer to **Section 22.6** for details.

#### **IP** Subnets Must Be Unique Among VPN Peers

The entire interconnected SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> network is a single non-NAT IP network. Avoid duplicating subnets in your sites to prevent connectivity problems when accessing those subnets.

### 13 IPsec VPN

IPsec VPN functionality securely connects one or more branch offices to your company's main headquarters or to other branches. Data, voice, and video communications between these locations are kept safe and confidential across the public Internet.

IPsec VPN on Pepwave routers is specially designed for multi-WAN environments. For instance, if a user sets up multiple IPsec profiles for a multi-WAN environment and WAN1 is connected and healthy, IPsec traffic will go through this link. However, should unforeseen problems (e.g., unplugged cables or ISP problems) cause WAN1 to go down, our IPsec implementation will make use of WAN2 and WAN3 for failover.

### 13.1 IPsec VPN Settings

Many Pepwave products can make multiple IPsec VPN connections with Peplink, Pepwave, Cisco, and Juniper routers. Note that all LAN subnets and the subnets behind them must be unique. Otherwise, VPN members will not be able to access each other. All data can be routed over the VPN with a selection of encryption standards, such as 3DES, AES-128, and AES-256. To configure IPsec VPN on Pepwave devices that support it, navigate to **Advanced>IPsec VPN**.



A **NAT-Traversal** option and list of defined **IPsec VPN** profiles will be shown. **NAT-Traversal** should be enabled if your system is behind a NAT router. Click the **New Profile** button to create new IPsec VPN profiles that make VPN connections to remote Pepwave, Cisco, or Juniper routers via available WAN connections. To edit any of the profiles, click on its associated connection name in the leftmost column.



Name	Profile 1					
Active ?	۲					
Remote Gateway IP Address / Host Name						
Local Networks	<ul> <li>✓ 192.168.50.0/24</li> <li>□</li> </ul>					
Remote Networks	Network Subnet Mask					
			255.255.2	55.0 (/24)	۲	+
Authentication	Preshared Key O X.50	9 Certifi	cate			
Mode	<ul> <li>Main Mode (All WANs no</li> <li>Aggressive Mode</li> </ul>	eed to h	ave Static I	IP)		
Force UDP Encapsulation						
Preshared Key	☑ Hide Characters					
Local ID 📀						
Remote ID 📀						
Phase 1 (IKE) Proposal	1 AES-256 & SHA1 2	<b>T</b>				
Phase 1 DH Group	<ul> <li>Group 2: MODP 1024</li> <li>Group 5: MODP 1536</li> </ul>					
Phase 1 SA Lifetime	3600	seconds	Default			
Phase 2 (ESP) Proposal	1 AES-256 & SHA1 2	• •				
Phase 2 PFS Group	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Group 2: MODP 1024</li> <li>Group 5: MODP 1536</li> </ul>					
Phase 2 SA Lifetime	28800	seconds	Default			

### **IPsec VPN Settings**

This field is for specifying a local name to represent this connection profile.
When this box is checked, this IPsec VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Check this box and select a WAN to connect to this VPN automatically when the specified WAN is disconnected.
Enter the remote peer's public IP address. For <b>Aggressive Mode</b> , this is optional.
Enter the local LAN subnets here. If you have defined static routes, they will be shown here.
Enter the LAN and subnets that are located at the remote site here.

Authentication	To access your VPN, clients will need to authenticate by your choice of methods. Choose between the <b>Preshared Key</b> and <b>X.509 Certificate</b> methods of authentication.
Mode	Choose <b>Main Mode</b> if both IPsec peers use static IP addresses. Choose <b>Aggressive</b> <b>Mode</b> if one of the IPsec peers uses dynamic IP addresses.
Force UDP Encapsulation	For forced UDP encapsulation regardless of NAT-traversal, tick this checkbox.
Pre-shared Key	This defines the peer authentication pre-shared key used to authenticate this VPN connection. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match.
Remote Certificate (pem encoded)	Available only when <b>X.509 Certificate</b> is chosen as the <b>Authentication</b> method, this field allows you to paste a valid X.509 certificate.
Local ID	In <b>Main Mode</b> , this field can be left blank. In <b>Aggressive Mode</b> , if <b>Remote Gateway IP</b> <b>Address</b> is filled on this end and the peer end, this field can be left blank. Otherwise, this field is typically a U-FQDN.
Remote ID	In <b>Main Mode</b> , this field can be left blank. In <b>Aggressive Mode</b> , if <b>Remote Gateway IP</b> <b>Address</b> is filled on this end and the peer end, this field can be left blank. Otherwise, this field is typically a U-FQDN.
Phase 1 (IKE) Proposal	In <b>Main Mode</b> , this allows setting up to six encryption standards, in descending order of priority, to be used in initial connection key negotiations. In <b>Aggressive Mode</b> , only one selection is permitted.
Phase 1 DH Group	This is the Diffie-Hellman group used within IKE. This allows two parties to establish a shared secret over an insecure communications channel. The larger the group number, the higher the security. <b>Group 2</b> : <b>1024-bit</b> is the default value. <b>Group 5</b> : <b>1536-bit</b> is the alternative option.
Phase 1 SA Lifetime	This setting specifies the lifetime limit of this Phase 1 Security Association. By default, it is set at <b>3600</b> seconds.
Phase 2 (ESP) Proposal	In <b>Main Mode</b> , this allows setting up to six encryption standards, in descending order of priority, to be used for the IP data that is being transferred. In <b>Aggressive Mode</b> , only one selection is permitted.
Phase 2 PFS Group	<ul> <li>Perfect forward secrecy (PFS) ensures that if a key was compromised, the attacker will be able to access only the data protected by that key.</li> <li>None - Do not request for PFS when initiating connection. However, since there is no valid reason to refuse PFS, the system will allow the connection to use PFS if requested by the remote peer. This is the default value.</li> <li>Group 2: 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group. The larger the group number, the higher the security.</li> <li>Group 5: 1536-bit is the third option.</li> </ul>
Phase 2 SA Lifetime	This setting specifies the lifetime limit of this Phase 2 Security Association. By default, it is set at <b>28800</b> seconds.

WAN Connection Priority				
Priority	WAN Selection			
1	WAN 1	•		
2		•		

### WAN Connection Priority

 $\label{eq:WAN connection} \textbf{WAN Connection} \ \ \ \textbf{Select the appropriate WAN connection from the drop-down menu.}$ 

# **14 Outbound Policy Management**

Pepwave routers can flexibly manage and load balance outbound traffic among WAN connections.

#### **Important Note**

Outbound policy is applied only when more than one WAN connection is active.

The settings for managing and load balancing outbound traffic are located at **Advanced>Outbound Policy** or **Advanced>PepVPN**, depending on the model.

Outbound Policy					
Custom					
Rules ( Drag and drop row	ws to change rule order				?
Service	Algorithm	Source	Destination	Protocol / Port	•
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	Any	TCP 443	×
<u>Default</u>	(Auto)				
		Add Rule			

### 14.1 Outbound Policy

Outbound policies for managing and load balancing outbound traffic are located at **Network>Outbound Policy>** or **Advanced>PepVPN>Outbound Policy**.

Outbound Policy			×
Select an Outbound P	olicy		
Policy 🤇	Custom		
	High Application Compatibility		
	Normal Application Compatibility		
	Custom	Save	Cancel

There are three main selections for the outbound traffic policy:

- High Application Compatibility
- Normal Application Compatibility
- Custom

Note that some Pepwave routers provide only the **Send All Traffic To** setting here. See **Section 12.1** for details.

	Outbound Policy Settings
High	Outbound traffic from a source LAN device is routed through the same WAN connection regardless of the destination Internet IP address and protocol. This option provides the

Application Compatibility	highest application compatibility.
Normal Application Compatibility	Outbound traffic from a source LAN device to the same destination Internet IP address will be routed through the same WAN connection persistently, regardless of protocol. This option provides high compatibility to most applications, and users still benefit from WAN link load balancing when multiple Internet servers are accessed.
Custom	Outbound traffic behavior can be managed by defining rules in a custom rule table. A default rule can be defined for connections that cannot be matched with any of the rules.

### The default policy is Normal Application Compatibility.

		Тір
Want to know more about creating outbo	ound rules? V	/isit our YouTube Channel for a video tutorial!
	board Setup Wizard	Network System Status Apply Changes
Interfaces • WAN		Add a New Custom Rule
-LAN O	New Custom Rule	
SpeedFusion	Service Name *	
Outbound Policy	Enable	
Inbound Access	Source	Any 💌
- Servers O	Destination 🕜	IP Network  Mask : 255 255 255 0 (/24)
Services	Protocol	Any 💌 🗲 :: Protocol Selection Tool :: 💌
DNS Settings	Algorithm 🕜	Weighted Balance 💌
NAT Mappings	Load Distribution 🕜 Weight	WANI 10
WLAN Controller	an and a second s	WANZ 10
AP Management		WAND 10
• Wireless		WANH 10
INCLWORKS -		WANS 10
AP Profiles		Hoble Internet 10
User Groups	Terminate Sessiona 🕐 on Link Recovery	Enable
Bandwidth     Control		Save Cancel
Application		
	http://you	itu.be/rKH4AS_bQnE

### 14.2 Custom Rules for Outbound Policy

Click *Image* in the **Outbound Policy** form. Choose **Custom** and press the **Save** button.

Outbound Policy Custom					?
Rules (MDrag and drop Service	rows to change rule ord	ler) Source	Destination	Protocol / Port	?
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	IP Network 192.168.50.0/24	TCP 443	×
		PepVPN Route	25		
<u>Default</u>	efault (Auto)				
		Add Rule			
Expert Mode Enabled					?

The bottom-most rule is **Default**. Edit this rule to change the device's default manner of controlling outbound traffic for all connections that do not match any of the rules above it. Under the **Service** heading, click **Default** to change these settings.

To rearrange the priority of outbound rules, drag and drop them into the desired sequence.

Edit Default Custom Rule	×
Default Rule ?	Custom      Auto     Weighted Balance
Load Distribution Weight ?	WAN 1 10 WAN 2 10 Wi-Fi WAN 10 Cellular 1 10 Cellular 2 10 USB 10
Terminate Sessions on Link? Recovery	Enable
	Save Cancel

By default, **Auto** is selected as the **Default Rule**. You can select **Custom** to change the algorithm to be used. Please refer to the upcoming sections for the details on the available algorithms.

To create a custom rule, click **Add Rule** at the bottom of the table. Note that some Pepwave routers display this button at **Advanced>PepVPN>PepVPN Outbound Custom Rules**.

Add a New Custom Rule				
Service Name *				
Enable				
Source	Any 🔻			
Destination 🤶	Domain Name 🔻			
Protocol 🥐	Any • + :: Protocol Selection Tool :: •			
Algorithm	Weighted Balance 🔻			
Load Distribution Weight	WAN 1 10 WAN 2 10 Wi-Fi WAN 10 Cellular 1 10 Cellular 2 10 USB 10			
Terminate Sessions on   ? Link Recovery	Enable			
	Save Cancel			

New Custom Rule Settings			
Service Name	This setting specifies the name of the outbound traffic rule.		
Enable	This setting specifies whether the outbound traffic rule takes effect. When <b>Enable</b> is checked, the rule takes effect: traffic is matched and actions are taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. When <b>Enable</b> is unchecked, the rule does not take effect: the Pepwave router disregards the other parameters of the rule.		
Source	This setting specifies the source IP address, IP network, or MAC address for traffic that matches the rule.		
Destination	This setting specifies the destination IP address, IP network, or domain name for traffic that matches the rule.          Destination       Domain Name         Protocol       Any         IP Address       Potework         Domain Name       Domain Name         If Domain Name is chosen and a domain name, such as foobar.com, is entered, any outgoing accesses to foobar.com and *.foobar.com will match this criterion. You may enter a wildcard (.*) at the end of a domain name to match any host with a name having the domain name in the middle. If you enter foobar.*, for example, www.foobar.com, www.foobar.co.jp, or foobar.co.uk will also match. Placing wildcards in any other position is not supported.         NOTE: if a server has one Internet IP address and multiple server names, and if one of the names is defined here, accesses to any one of the server names will also match this rule.		
Protocol and Port	This setting specifies the IP protocol and port of traffic that matches this rule.		

Algorithm	<ul> <li>This setting specifies the behavior of the Pepwave router for the custom rule.</li> <li>One of the following values can be selected (note that some Pepwave routers provide only some of these options): <ul> <li>Weighted Balance</li> <li>Persistence</li> <li>Enforced</li> <li>Priority</li> <li>Overflow</li> <li>Least Used</li> <li>Lowest Latency</li> </ul> </li> <li>The upcoming sections detail the listed algorithms.</li> </ul>	
Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery	This setting specifies whether to terminate existing IP sessions on a less preferred WAN connection in the event that a more preferred WAN connection is recovered. This setting is applicable to the <b>Weighted</b> , <b>Persistence</b> , and <b>Priority</b> algorithms. By default, this setting is disabled. In this case, existing IP sessions will not be terminated or affected when any other WAN connection is recovered. When this setting is enabled, existing IP sessions may be terminated when another WAN connection is recovered, such that only the preferred healthy WAN connection(s) is used at any point in time.	

#### 14.2.1 Algorithm: Weighted Balance

This setting specifies the ratio of WAN connection usage to be applied on the specified IP protocol and port. This setting is applicable only when **Algorithm** is set to **Weighted Balance**.

Algorithm 🤶	Weighted Balance 🔻
Load Distribution Weight (?	

The amount of matching traffic that is distributed to a WAN connection is proportional to the weight of the WAN connection relative to the total weight. Use the sliders to change each WAN's weight.

For example, with the following weight settings:

- Ethernet WAN1: 10
- Ethernet WAN2: 10
- Wi-Fi WAN: 10
- Cellular 1: 10
- Cellular 2: 10
- USB: 10

Total weight is 60 = (10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10).

Matching traffic distributed to Ethernet WAN1 is  $16.7\% = (10 / 60 \times 100\%)$ .

Matching traffic distributed to Ethernet WAN2 is  $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$ .

Matching traffic distributed to Wi-Fi WAN is  $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$ .

Matching traffic distributed to Cellular 1 is  $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$ .

Matching traffic distributed to Cellular 2 is  $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$ .

Matching traffic distributed to USB is  $16.7\% = (10 / 60) \times 100\%$ .

#### 14.2.2 Algorithm: Persistence

The configuration of persistent services is the solution to the few situations where link load distribution for Internet services is undesirable. For example, for security reasons, many e-banking and other secure websites terminate the session when the client computer's Internet IP address changes mid-session.

In general, different Internet IP addresses represent different computers. The security concern is that an IP address change during a session may be the result of an unauthorized intrusion attempt. Therefore, to prevent damages from the potential intrusion, the session is terminated upon the detection of an IP address change.

Pepwave routers can be configured to distribute data traffic across multiple WAN connections. Also, the Internet IP depends on the WAN connections over which communication actually takes place. As a result, a LAN client computer behind the Pepwave router may communicate using multiple Internet IP addresses. For example, a LAN client computer behind a Pepwave router with three WAN connections may communicate on the Internet using three different IP addresses.

With the persistence feature, rules can be configured to enable client computers to persistently utilize the same WAN connections for e-banking and other secure websites. As a result, a client computer will communicate using one IP address, eliminating the issues mentioned above.

Algorithm	Persistence •		
Persistence Mode	● By Source ○ By Destination		
Load Distribution	) 🔾 Auto 🖲 Custom		
Load Distribution Weight	WAN 1 10		
	WAN 2 10		
	Wi-Fi WAN 10		
	Cellular 1 10		
	Cellular 2 10		
	USB 10		

#### There are two persistent modes: By Source and By Destination.

By Source:	The same WAN connection will be used for traffic matching the rule and originating from the same machine, regardless of its destination. This option will provide the highest level of application compatibility.
By Destination:	The same WAN connection will be used for traffic matching the rule, originating from the same machine, and going to the same destination. This option can better distribute loads to WAN connections when there are only a few client machines.

The default mode is **By Source**. When there are multiple client requests, they can be distributed (persistently) to WAN connections with a weight. If you choose **Auto** in **Load Distribution**, the weights will be automatically adjusted according to each WAN's **Downstream Bandwidth** which is specified in the WAN settings page). If you choose **Custom**, you can customize the weight of each WAN manually by using the sliders.

#### 14.2.3 Algorithm: Enforced

This setting specifies the WAN connection usage to be applied on the specified IP protocol and port. This setting is applicable only when **Algorithm** is set to **Enforced**.

Algorithm 🕐	Enforced 🔻	
Enforced Connection	WAN: WAN 1 🔹	
	WAN: WAN 1 WAN: WAN 2 WAN: Wi-Fi WAN WAN: Cellular 1 WAN: Cellular 2 WAN: USB VPN: Connection 1	Save Cancel

Matching traffic will be routed through the specified WAN connection, regardless of the health check status of the WAN connection. Starting from Firmware 5.2, outbound traffic can be enforced to go through a specified SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> connection.

#### 14.2.4 Algorithm: Priority

This setting specifies the priority of the WAN connections used to route the specified network service. The highest priority WAN connection available will always be used for routing the specified type of traffic. A lower priority WAN connection will be used only when all higher priority connections have become unavailable.

Algorithm	?	Priority 🔻	
Priority Order	?	Highest Priority	Not In Use
		WAN: WAN 1	VPN: Connection 1
		WAN: WAN 2	
		WAN: WI-FI WAN	
		WAN: Cellular 1	
		WAN: Cellular 2	
		WAN: USB	
		Lowest Priority	
Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery	?	Enable	

Starting from Firmware 5.2, outbound traffic can be prioritized to go through SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> connection(s). By default, VPN connections are not included in the priority list.

#### Tip

Configure multiple distribution rules to accommodate different kinds of services.

#### 14.2.5 Algorithm: Overflow

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that has the highest priority and is not in full load. When this connection gets saturated, new sessions will be routed to the next healthy WAN connection that is not in full load.

Algorithm	?	Overflow •	
Overflow Order	?	Highest Priority	
		WAN: WAN 1	
		WAN: WAN 2	
		🖉 WAN: WI-FI WAN	
		WAN: Cellular 1	
		WAN: Cellular 2	
		WAN: USB	
		Lowest Priority	

Drag and drop to specify the order of WAN connections to be used for routing traffic. Only the highest priority healthy connection that is not in full load will be used.

#### 14.2.6 Algorithm: Least Used

Algorithm ?	Least Used
Connection	<ul> <li>WAN 1</li> <li>WAN 2</li> <li>Wi-Fi WAN</li> <li>Cellular 1</li> <li>Cellular 2</li> <li>USB</li> </ul>

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that is selected in **Connection** and has the most available download bandwidth. The available download bandwidth of a WAN connection is calculated from the total download bandwidth specified on the WAN settings page and the current download usage. The available bandwidth and WAN selection is determined every time an IP session is made.

#### 14.2.7 Algorithm: Lowest Latency

Algorithm ?	Lowest Latency
Connection	<ul> <li>WAN 1</li> <li>WAN 2</li> <li>Wi-Fi WAN</li> <li>Cellular 1</li> <li>Cellular 2</li> <li>USB</li> </ul>

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that is selected in **Connection** and has the lowest latency. Latency checking packets are issued periodically to a nearby router of each WAN connection to determine its latency value. The latency of a WAN is the packet round trip time of the WAN connection. Additional network usage may be incurred as a result.

Тір

The roundtrip time of a 6M down/640k uplink can be higher than that of a 2M down/2M up link because the overall round trip time is lengthened by its slower upload bandwidth, despite its higher downlink speed. Therefore, this algorithm is good for two scenarios:

- All WAN connections are symmetric; or
- A latency sensitive application must be routed through the lowest latency WAN, regardless of the WAN's

available bandwidth.

#### 14.2.8 Expert Mode

**Expert Mode** is available on some Pepwave routers for use by advanced users. To enable the feature, click on the help icon and click **turn on Expert Mode**.

In Expert Mode, a new special rule, **SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> Routes**, is displayed in the **Custom Rules** table. This rule represents all SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> routes learned from remote VPN peers. By default, this bar is on the top of all custom rules. This position means that traffic for remote VPN subnets will be routed to the corresponding VPN peer. You can create custom **Priority** or **Enforced** rules and move them above the bar to override the SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> routes.

Help

This table allows you to fine tune how the outbound traffic should be distributed to the WAN connections.

Click the Add Rule button to add a new rule. Click the X button to remove a rule. Drag a rule to promote or demote its precedence. A higher position of a rule signifies a higher precedence. You may change the default outbound policy behavior by clicking the Default link.

If you require advanced control of PepVPN traffic, <u>turn on Expert Mode</u>.

Upon disabling Expert Mode, all rules above the bar will be removed.

Rules ("Drag and drop rows to cha	nge rule order)				····· ?	
Service	Algorithm	Source	Des	tination	Protocol / Port	
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any		Any	TCP 443	×
	PepVPN	Routes				
<u>Default</u>	t (Auto)					
	Add F	Rule				

#### 15 **Inbound Access**

### **15.1 Port Forwarding Service**

Pepwave routers can act as a firewall that blocks, by default, all inbound access from the Internet. By using port forwarding, Internet users can access servers behind the Pepwave router. Inbound port forwarding rules can be defined at Advanced>Port Forwarding.

Service	IP Address(es)	Server	Protocol	
	No Serv	ices Defined		
	Add	Service		

To define a new service, click Add Service.

Enable	● Yes ○ No		
Service Name	Service_1		
IP Protocol 🥐	TCP ▼ ← :: Protocol Selection Tool :: ▼		
Port 🕐	Any Port 🔻		
Inbound IP Address(es) (Require at least one IP address)	Connection / IP Address(es)	All	lear
(nequire at least one in address)	♥ WAN 1		)
	. WAN 2		
	🗆 Wi-Fi WAN		
	Cellular 1		
	Cellular 2		
	USB USB		
Server IP Address ?	120.78.95.7		

	Port Forwarding Settings
Enable	This setting specifies whether the inbound service takes effect. When <b>Enable</b> is checked, the inbound service takes effect: traffic is matched and actions are taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. When this setting is disabled, the inbound service does not take effect: the Pepwave router disregards the other parameters of the rule.
Service Name	This setting identifies the service to the system administrator. Valid values for this setting consist of only alphanumeric and underscore "_" characters.
IP Protocol	The <b>IP Protocol</b> setting, along with the <b>Port</b> setting, specifies the protocol of the service as TCP, UDP, ICMP, or IP. Traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port(s) is forwarded to the LAN hosts specified by the <b>Servers</b> setting. Please see below for details on the <b>Port</b> and <b>Servers</b> settings. Alternatively, the <b>Protocol Selection Tool</b> drop-down menu can be used to automatically fill in the protocol and a single port number of common Internet services (e.g. HTTP, HTTPS, etc.). After selecting an item from the <b>Protocol Selection Tool</b> drop-down menu, the protocol and port number remain manually modifiable.

99

The **Port** setting specifies the port(s) that correspond to the service, and can be configured to behave in one of the following manners: Any Port, Single Port, Port Range, Port Map, and Range Mapping Any Port Any Port: all traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol is forwarded to the servers specified by the Servers setting. For example, with IP Protocol set to TCP, and Port set to Any Port, all TCP traffic is forwarded to the configured servers. Single Port Service Port: 80 • Single Port: traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port is forwarded via the same port to the servers specified by the Servers setting. For example, with IP Protocol set to TCP, and Port set to Single Port and Service Port 80, TCP traffic received on port 80 is forwarded to the configured servers via port 80. Port Range • Service Ports: 80 - 88 Port Range: traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port range is forwarded via the same respective ports to the LAN hosts specified by Port the Servers setting. For example, with IP Protocol set to TCP, and Port set to Port Range and Service Ports 80-88, TCP traffic received on ports 80 through 88 is forwarded to the configured servers via the respective ports. Port Mapping 🔹 Service Port: 80 Map to Port: 88 Port Mapping: traffic that is received by Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port is forwarded via a different port to the servers specified by the Servers setting. For example, with IP Protocol set to TCP, and Port set to Port Mapping, Service Port 80, and Map to Port 88, TCP traffic on port 80 is forwarded to the configured servers via port 88. (Please see below for details on the Servers setting.) - 88 Range Mapping 🔻 Service Ports: 80 - 96 Map to Ports: 88 Range Mapping: traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port range is forwarded via a different port to the servers specified by the Servers setting. Inbound IP This setting specifies the WAN connections and Internet IP address(es) from which the service Address(es) can be accessed. Server IP This setting specifies the LAN IP address of the server that handles the requests for the Address service.

#### 15.1.1 UPnP / NAT-PMP Settings

UPnP and NAT-PMP are network protocols which allow a computer connected to the LAN port to automatically configure the router to allow parties on the WAN port to connect to itself. That way, the process of inbound port forwarding becomes automated.

When a computer creates a rule using these protocols, the specified TCP/UDP port of all WAN connections' default IP address will be forwarded.

Check the corresponding box(es) to enable UPnP and/or NAT-PMP. Enable these features only if you trust the computers connected to the LAN ports.

UPnP / NAT-PMP Settings	
UPnP	C Enable
NAT-PMP	🗹 Enable
	Save

When the options are enabled, a table listing all the forwarded ports under these two protocols can be found at **Status>UPnP / NAT-PMP**.

### 16 NAT Mappings

NAT mappings allow IP address mapping of all inbound and outbound NAT'dt raffic to and from an internal client IP address. Settings to configure NAT mappings are located at **Advanced>NAT Mappings**.

LAN Clients	Inbound Mappings	Outbound Mappings
<u>192.168.1.23</u>	(WAN 1):10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)	Use Interface IP only
	Add NAT Rule	

To add a rule for NAT mappings, click **Add NAT Rule**.

LAN Client(s)	?	IP Address 🔻	
Address	?		
Inbound Mappings	?	Connection / Inbound IP Address(es)          WAN 1         WAN 2         WI-FI WAN         Cellular 1         Cellular 2	
Outbound Mappings	?	Connection / Outbound IP Address	
		WAN 1	10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)
		WAN 2	Interface IP
		Wi-Fi WAN	Interface IP 🔹
		Cellular 1	Interface IP 🔹
		Cellular 2	Interface IP
		USB	Interface IP 🔹

	NAT Mapping Settings
LAN Client(s)	NAT mapping rules can be defined for a single LAN <b>IP Address</b> , an <b>IP Range</b> , or an <b>IP Network</b> .
Address	This refers to the LAN host's private IP address. The system maps this address to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) in order to facilitate inbound and outbound traffic. This option is only available when <b>IP Address</b> is selected.
Range	The IP range is a contiguous group of private IP addresses used by the LAN host. The system maps these addresses to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) to facilitate outbound traffic. This option is only available when <b>IP Range</b> is selected.
Network	The IP network refers to all private IP addresses and ranges managed by the LAN host. The system maps these addresses to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) to facilitate outbound traffic. This option is only available when <b>IP Network</b> is selected.

http://www.pepwave.com

Inbound Mappings	This setting specifies the WAN connections and corresponding WAN-specific Internet IP addresses on which the system should bind. Any access to the specified WAN connection(s) and IP address(es) will be forwarded to the LAN host. This option is only available when <b>IP Address</b> is selected in the <b>LAN Client(s)</b> field. Note that inbound mapping is not needed for WAN connections in drop-in mode or IP forwarding mode. Also note that each WAN IP address can be associated to one NAT mapping only.
Outbound	This setting specifies the WAN IP addresses that should be used when an IP connection is made from a LAN host to the Internet. Each LAN host in an IP range or IP network will be evenly mapped to one of each selected WAN's IP addresses (for better IP address utilization) in a persistent manner (for better application compatibility).
Mappings	Note that if you do not want to use a specific WAN for outgoing accesses, you should still choose default here, then customize the outbound access rule in the <b>Outbound Policy</b> section. Also note that WAN connections in drop-in mode or IP forwarding mode are not shown here.

Click **Save** to save the settings when configuration has been completed.

#### **Important Note**

Inbound firewall rules override the Inbound Mappings settings.

# 17 QoS

### 17.1 User Groups

LAN and PPTP clients can be categorized into three user groups: **Manager, Staff, and Guest**. This menu allows you to define rules and assign client IP addresses or subnets to a user group. You can apply different bandwidth and traffic prioritization policies on each user group in the **Bandwidth Control** and **Application** sections (note that the options available here vary by model).

The table is automatically sorted by rule precedence. The smaller and more specific subnets are put towards the top of the table and have higher precedence; larger and less specific subnets are placed towards the bottom.

Click the **Add** button to define clients and their user group. Click the **\*** button to remove the defined rule. Two default rules are pre-defined and put at the bottom. They are **All DHCP reservation clients** and **Everyone**, and they cannot be removed. The **All DHCP reservation client represents** the LAN clients defined in the DHCP Reservation table on the LAN settings page. **Everyone** represents all clients that are not defined in any rule above. Click on a rule to change its group.



	Add / Edit User Group
Subnet / IP Address	From the drop-down menu, choose whether you are going to define the client(s) by an <b>IP</b> <b>Address</b> or a <b>Subnet</b> . If <b>IP Address</b> is selected, enter a name defined in DHCP reservation table or a LAN client's IP address. If <b>Subnet</b> is selected, enter a subnet address and specify its subnet mask.
Group	This field is to define which <b>User Group</b> the specified subnet / IP address belongs to.

Once users have been assigned to a user group, their internet traffic will be restricted by rules defined for that particular group. Please refer to the following two sections for details.

### 17.2 Bandwidth Control

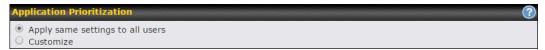
You can define a maximum download speed (over all WAN connections) and upload speed (for each WAN connection) that each individual Staff and Guest member can consume. No limit can be imposed on individual Manager members. By default, download and upload bandwidth limits are set to unlimited (set as **0**).

Individual Bandwidth Limi					minimum		
Enable							
User Bandwidth Limit		Down	load	Uplo	ad		
	Manager	Manager: Unlimited			Unlimited		
	Staff:	0	Mbps 🔻	0	Mbps 🔻 (0	: unlimited)	
	Guest:	0	Mbps 🔻	0	Mbps ▼ (0	: unlimited)	

### 17.3 Application

#### **17.3.1 Application Prioritization**

On many Pepwave routers, you can choose whether to apply the same prioritization settings to all user groups or customize the settings for each group.



Three application priority levels can be set:  $\uparrow$  **High,— Normal**, and  $\downarrow$  **Low**. Pepwave routers can detect various application traffic types by inspecting the packet content. Select an application by choosing a supported application, or by defining a custom application manually. The priority preference of supported applications is placed at the top of the table. Custom applications are at the bottom.

Application	Priority							
	Manager	Staff	Guest	ann.				
All Supported Streaming Applications	↑ High ▼	- Normal 🔻	↑ High ▼	×				
All Email Protocols	↑ High ▼	↑ High ▼	↑ High ▼	×				
MySQL	↑ High ▼	– Normal 🔻	↓ Low ▼	×				
SIP	↑ High ▼	↓ Low ▼	↓ Low ▼	×				
Add								

#### **17.3.2 Prioritization for Custom Applications**

Click the **Add** button to define a custom application. Click the button in the **Action** column to delete the custom application in the corresponding row.

When **Supported Applications** is selected, the Pepwave router will inspect network traffic and prioritize the selected applications. Alternatively, you can select **Custom Applications** and define the application by providing the protocol, scope, port number, and DSCP value.

Add / Edit Appli	cation	*
Type Category Application	Supported Applic     Audio Video Stream     Audio Video Stream     Database     Email     File Sharing / Transt     IM     Miscellaneous	hing Applications V
	Remote Access Security / Tunneling	]

#### 17.3.3 DSL/Cable Optimization

DSL/cable-based WAN connections have lower upload bandwidth and higher download bandwidth. When a DSL/cable circuit's uplink is congested,

the download bandwidth will be affected. Users will not be able to download data at full speed until the uplink becomes less congested. **DSL/Cable Optimization** can relieve such an issue. When it is enabled, the download speed will become less affected by the upload traffic. By default, this feature is enabled.

DSL/Cable Optimization	
Enable	

### 18 Firewall

A firewall is a mechanism that selectively filters data traffic between the WAN side (the Internet) and the LAN side of the network. It can protect the local network from potential hacker attacks, access to offensive websites, and/or other inappropriate uses.

The firewall functionality of Pepwave routers supports the selective filtering of data traffic in both directions:

- Outbound (LAN to WAN)
- Inbound (WAN to LAN)

The firewall also supports the following functionality:

- Intrusion detection and DoS prevention
- Web blocking

With SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> enabled, the firewall rules also apply to VPN tunneled traffic.

Rule	Protocol	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy
<u>Default</u>	Any	Any	Any	Allow
		Add Rule		

Inbound Firewall Rules ("Drag and drop rows to change rule order)								
Rule	Protocol	WAN	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy			
<u>Default</u>	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow			
Add Rule								

Apply Firewall Rules to PepVPN Traffic	?
Enabled	
Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention	2
Disabled	

### 18.1 Outbound and Inbound Firewall Rules

#### 18.1.1 Access Rules

The outbound firewall settings are located at **Advanced>Firewall>Access Rules>Outbound Firewall Rules**.

Outbound Firewall Rules ( Drag and drop rows to change rule order)							
Rule	Protocol		Destination IP Port	Policy			
<u>Default</u>	Any	Any	Any	Allow			
		Add Rule					

Click Add Rule to display the following screen:

Add a New Outbound Firewall Rule						
New Firewall Rule	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Rule Name						
Enable Protocol	?	Any V Contraction Tool :: V				
Source IP & Port	(?)	Any Address				
Destination IP & Port	?	Any Address T				
Action	?	Allow O Deny				
Event Logging	?	Enable				
		Save Cancel				

Inbound firewall settings are located at Advanced>Firewall>Access Rules>Inbound Firewall Rules.

Inbound Firewall Rules (WDrag and drop rows to change rule order)							
Rule	Protocol	WAN	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy		
<u>Default</u>	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow		
Add Rule							

Click **Add Rule** to display the following screen:

Add a New Inbound Firewall Rule	
New Firewall Rule	
Rule Name	
Enable	
WAN Connection (	Any
Protocol (	Any V 🗲 :: Protocol Selection Tool :: V
Source IP & Port (	Any Address
Destination IP & Port (	Any Address 🔻
Action (	● Allow ○ Deny
Event Logging (	Enable
	Save Cancel

Rules are matched from top to bottom. If a connection matches any one of the upper rules, the matching process will stop. If none of the rules match, the **Default** rule will be applied. By default, the **Default** rule is set as **Allow** for both outbound and inbound access.

	Inbound / Outbound Firewall Settings
Rule Name	This setting specifies a name for the firewall rule.
Enable	This setting specifies whether the firewall rule should take effect. If the box is checked, the firewall rule takes effect. If the traffic matches the specified protocol/IP/port, actions will be taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. If the box is not checked, the firewall rule does not take effect. The Pepwave router will disregard the other parameters of the rule.
WAN Connection (Inbound)	Select the WAN connection that this firewall rule should apply to.
Protocol	This setting specifies the protocol to be matched. Via a drop-down menu, the following protocols can be specified:     TCP     UDP     ICMP     IP Alternatively, the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu can be used to automatically fill in the protocol and port number of common Internet services (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, etc.) After selecting an item from the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu, the protocol and port number remains manually modifiable.
Source IP & Port	This specifies the source IP address(es) and port number(s) to be matched for the firewall rule. A single address, or a network, can be specified as the <b>Source IP &amp; Port</b> setting, as indicated by the following screenshot:           Source IP & Port       Single Address * IP:         Single Port       Single Port * Port:         In addition, a single port, or a range of ports, can be specified for the <b>Source IP &amp; Port</b> settings.
Destination IP & Port	This specifies the destination IP address(es) and port number(s) to be matched for the firewall rule. A single address, or a network, can be specified as the <b>Destination IP &amp; Port</b> setting, as indicated by the following screenshot:           Destination IP & Port       Single Address • IP:         Single Port • Port:       In addition, a single port, or a range of ports, can be specified for the <b>Destination IP &amp; Port</b> settings.
Action	<ul> <li>This setting specifies the action to be taken by the router upon encountering traffic that matches the both of the following: <ul> <li>Source IP &amp; port</li> <li>Destination IP &amp; port</li> </ul> </li> <li>With the value of Allow for the Action setting, the matching traffic passes through the router (to be routed to the destination). If the value of the Action setting is set to Deny, the matching traffic does not pass through the router (and is discarded).</li> </ul>
Event Logging	This setting specifies whether or not to log matched firewall events. The logged messages are shown on the page <b>Status&gt;Event Log</b> . A sample message is as follows:

Aug 13 23:47:44 Denied CONN=Ethernet WAN SRC=20.3.2.1 DST=192.168.1.20 LEN=48 PROTO=TCP SPT=2260 DPT=80 • CONN: The connection where the log entry refers to

- SRC: Source IP address
- SRC: Source IP address
- DST: Destination IP address
- LEN: Packet length
- PROTO: Protocol
- SPT: Source port
- **DPT:** Destination port

Click **Save** to store your changes. To create an additional firewall rule, click **Add Rule** and repeat the above steps.

To change a rule's priority, simply drag and drop the rule:

- Hold the left mouse button on the rule.
- Move it to the desired position.
- Drop it by releasing the mouse button.

#### Тір

If the default inbound rule is set to **Allow** for NAT-enabled WANs, no inbound Allow firewall rules will be required for inbound port forwarding and inbound NAT mapping rules. However, if the default inbound rule is set as **Deny**, a corresponding Allow firewall rule will be required.

http://www.pepwave.com

#### 18.1.2 Apply Firewall Rules to PepVpn Traffic



When this option is enabled, Outbound Firewall Rules will be applied to PepVPN traffic. To turn on this feature, click *I*, check the **Enable** check box, and press the **Save** button.

#### **18.1.3 Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention**



Pepwave routers can detect and prevent intrusions and denial-of-service (DoS) attacks from the Internet. To turn on this feature, click *legal*, check the **Enable** check box, and press the **Save** button.

When this feature is enabled, the Pepwave router will detect and prevent the following kinds of intrusions and denial-of-service attacks.

- Port scan
  - NMAP FIN/URG/PSH
  - o Xmas tree
  - Another Xmas tree
  - o Null scan
  - o SYN/RST
  - o SYN/FIN
- SYN flood prevention
- Ping flood attack prevention

## 18.2 Web Blocking

Web Blocking		······
Web Site Domain Name		
		+
Exempted User Groups		()
Manager	Exempt	
Staff	Exempt	
Guest	Exempt	
Exempted Subnets		(?)
Network		Subnet Mask
		255.255.255.0 (/24) 🔻 🕇

#### 18.2.1 Web Blocking

Enter an appropriate website address, and the Pepwave router will block and disallow LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> peer clients to access these websites. Exceptions can be added using the instructions in **Sections 18.2.2** and **18.2.3**.

You may enter a wildcard ".\*" at the end of a domain name to block any web site with a host name having the domain name in the middle. For example, If you enter *foobar.*\*, *www.foobar.com*, *www.foobar.co.jp*, and *foobar.co.uk* will be blocked. Placing the wildcard in any other position is not supported. The Pepwave router will inspect and look for blocked domain names on all HTTP traffic. Secure web (HTTPS) traffic is not supported.

#### 18.2.2 Exempted User Groups

Check and select pre-defined user group(s) who can be exempted from the access blocking rules. User groups can be defined at **QoS>User Groups** section. Please refer to **Section 17.1** for details.

#### **18.2.3 Exempted Subnets**

With the subnet defined in the field, clients on the particular subnet(s) can be exempted from the access blocking rules.

## 18.3 OSPF & RIPv2

The Peplink Balance supports OSPF and RIPv2 dynamic routing protocols. Click the **Network** tab from the top bar, and then click the **OSPF & RIPv2** item on the sidebar to reach the following menu:

OSPF	
Router ID	LAN IP Address     Custom:
Area	Interfaces
<u>0</u>	PepVPN
	Add
RIPv2	
No RIPv2 Defin	ed.
	OSPF
uter ID	This field determines the ID of the router. By default, this is specified as the LAN IP

configure it. To set a new area, click Add. To delete an exi	sting area, click 🛛 X .
--	-------------------------

OSPF Settings	- 30 - 30
Area ID	
Link Type	<ul> <li>Broadcast</li> <li>Point-to-Point</li> </ul>
Authentication	MD5 T
Interfaces	<ul> <li>LAN (192.168.168.1/24)</li> <li>V167 (192.168.167.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 1 (10.91.137.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 2 (10.91.138.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 3 (10.91.139.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 4</li> <li>WAN 5</li> <li>WAN 6</li> <li>WAN 7</li> <li>WAN 8</li> <li>WAN 9</li> <li>WAN 10</li> <li>WAN 11</li> <li>WAN 12</li> </ul>
	OK Cancel

	OSPF Settings
Area ID	Determine the name of your <b>Area ID</b> to apply to this group. Machines linked to this group will send and receive related OSPF packets, while unlinked machines will ignore it.
Link Type	Choose the network type that this area will use.
Authentication	Choose an authentication method, if one is used, from this drop-down menu. Available options are <b>MD5</b> and <b>Text</b> . Enter the authentication key next to the drop-down menu.
Interfaces	Determine which interfaces this area will use to listen to and deliver OSPF packets

http://www.pepwave.com

To access RIPv2 settings, click .

RIPv2 Set	tings 🔹
Authenticat	ion None 🔻
Interfaces	<ul> <li>LAN (192.168.168.1/24)</li> <li>V167 (192.168.167.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 1 (10.91.137.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 2 (10.91.138.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 3 (10.91.139.1/24)</li> <li>WAN 4</li> <li>WAN 5</li> <li>WAN 6</li> <li>WAN 7</li> <li>WAN 8</li> <li>WAN 9</li> <li>WAN 10</li> <li>WAN 11</li> <li>WAN 12</li> </ul>
	OK Cancel
	RIPv2 Settings
entication Choose an authentication method, if one is used, from this drop-down menu. Available options are MD5 and Text. Enter the authentication key next to the drop-down menu.	
erfaces	Determine which interfaces this group will use to listen to and deliver RIPv2 packets

## 18.4 Remote User Access

a Networks routed by a Peplink Balance can be remotely accessed via L2TP with IPsec or PPTP. To configure this feature, navigate to **Network > Remote User Access** 

Remote User Access Settings			
Enable	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>		
VPN Type	L2TP with IPsec      PPTP IPsec NAT-Traversal will be enabled to ensure compatibility for most of the devices		
Preshared Key	······· ✓ Hide Characters		
Listen On 📀	Connection / IP Address(es)		
	WAN1		
	♥ WAN2	✓ Interface IP	
	✓ WAN3	✓ Interface IP	
	☑ Mobile Internet	✓ Interface IP	
User Accounts	Username	Password	
	admin	× ×	
		+	

	Remote User Access Settings		
Enable	Click the checkbox to enable Remote User Access.		
VPN Type	Determine whether remote devices can connect to the Balance using L2TP with IPsec or PPTP. For greater security, we recommend you connect using L2TP with IPsec.		
Preshared Key	Enter your preshared key in the text field. Please note that remote devices will need this preshared key to access the Balance.		
Listen On	This setting is for specifying the WAN IP addresses where the PPTP server of the router should listen on.		
User Accounts	This setting allows you to define the PPTP User Accounts. Click Add to input username and password to create an account. After adding the user accounts, you can click on a username to edit the account password. Click the button X to delete the account in its corresponding row.		
	Click the $\textcircled{0}$ button to switch to enters user accounts by pasting the information in CSV format.		

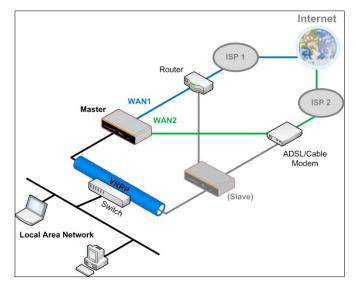
http://www.pepwave.com

## **Miscellaneous Settings**

The miscellaneous settings include configuration for high availability, PPTP server, service forwarding, and service passthrough.

## 18.5 High Availability

Many Pepwave routers support high availability (HA) configurations via an open standard virtual router redundancy protocol (VRRP, RFC 3768). In an HA configuration, two Pepwave routers provide redundancy and failover in a master-slave arrangement. In the event that the master unit is down, the slave unit becomes active. High availability will be disabled automatically where there is a drop-in connection configured on a LAN bypass port.



In the diagram, the WAN ports of each Pepwave router connect to the router and to the modem. Both Pepwave routers connect to the same LAN switch via a LAN port.

An elaboration on the technical details of the implementation of the virtual router redundancy protocol (VRRP, RFC 3768) by Pepwave routers follows:

- In an HA configuration, the two Pepwave routers communicate with each other using VRRP over the LAN.
- The two Pepwave routers broadcast heartbeat signals to the LAN at a frequency of one heartbeat signal per second.
- In the event that no heartbeat signal from the master Pepwave router is received in 3 seconds (or longer) since the last heartbeat signal, the slave Pepwave router becomes active.
- The slave Pepwave router initiates the WAN connections and binds to a previously configured LAN IP address.
- At a subsequent point when the master Pepwave router recovers, it will once again become active.

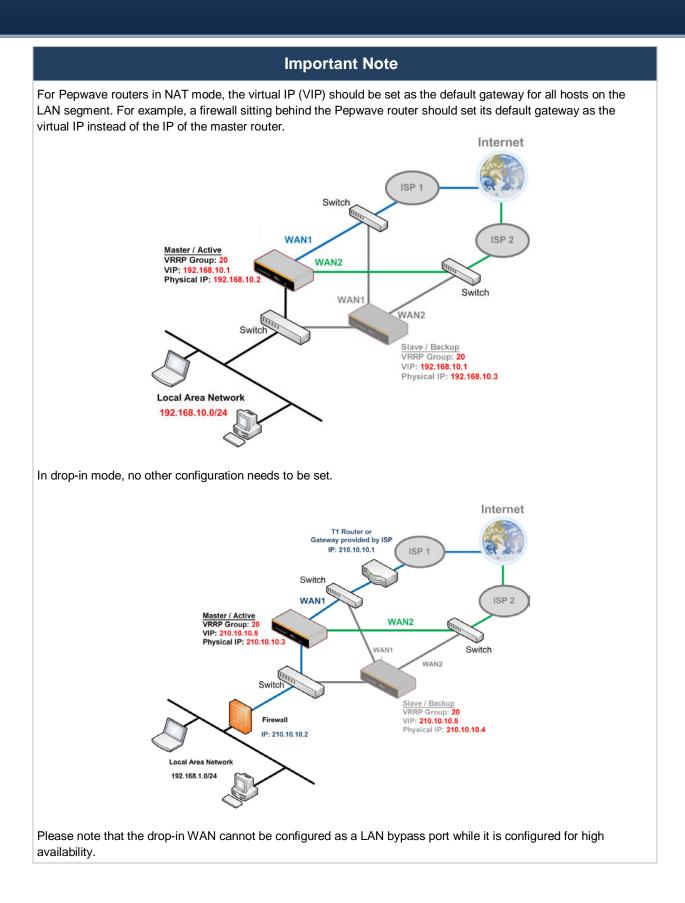
## You can configure high availability at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>High Availability**.

## Interface for Master Router

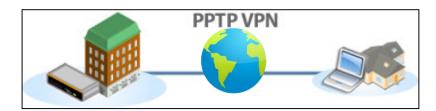
## Interface for Slave Router

High Availability		High Availability	
Enable		Enable 🕜	
Group Number	⑦ 5 ▼	Group Number 🕜	5 💌
Preferred Role	🕐 🖲 Master 🔘 Slave	Preferred Role	🛇 Master 🖲 Slave
Resume Master Role Upon Recovery	<ul><li>▼</li></ul>	Configuration Sync.	Master Serial Number: 54BF-5WEY-E37Q
Virtual IP	0	Virtual IP	
LAN Administration IP	() 192.168.1.1	LAN Administration IP	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	Subnet Mask 📀	255.255.255.0

	High Availability
Enable	Checking this box specifies that the Pepwave router is part of a high availability configuration.
Group Number	This number identifies a pair of Pepwave routers operating in a high availability configuration. The two Pepwave routers in the pair must have the same <b>Group Number</b> value.
Preferred Role	This setting specifies whether the Pepwave router operates in master or slave mode. Click the corresponding radio button to set the role of the unit. One of the units in the pair must be configured as the master, and the other unit must be configured as the slave.
Resume Master Role Upon Recovery	This option is displayed when <b>Master</b> mode is selected in <b>Preferred Role</b> . If this option is enabled, once the device has recovered from an outage, it will take over and resume its <b>Master</b> role from the slave unit.
Configuration Sync.	This option is displayed when <b>Slave</b> mode is selected in <b>Preferred Role</b> . If this option is enabled and the <b>Master Serial Number</b> entered matches with the actual master unit's, the master unit will automatically transfer the configuration to this unit. Please make sure the <b>LAN IP Address</b> and the <b>Subnet Mask</b> fields are set correctly in the LAN settings page. You can refer to the <b>Event Log</b> for the configuration synchronization status.
Master Serial Number	If <b>Configuration Sync.</b> is checked, the serial number of the master unit is required here for the feature to work properly.
Virtual IP	The HA pair must share the same <b>Virtual IP</b> . The <b>Virtual IP</b> and the <b>LAN Administration IP</b> must be under the same network.
LAN Administration IP	This setting specifies a LAN IP address to be used for accessing administration functionality. This address should be unique within the LAN.
Subnet Mask	This setting specifies the subnet mask of the LAN.



## 18.6 PPTP Server



Pepwave routers feature a built-in PPTP server, which enables remote computers to conveniently and securely access the local network. PPTP server settings are located at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>PPTP Server**.

Check the box to enable PPTP server functionality. All connected PPTP sessions are displayed at **Status>Client List**. Please refer to **Section 22.3** for details. Note that available options vary by model.

	nnection / IP Address(es) WAN 1	
		2 40 00 0 450 (Jaharing Tr)
	WAN 1	A 10,000 2,150 (Interface TC)
	WAN 2	✓ Interface IP
	Wi-Fi WAN	✓ Interface IP
	Cellular 1	✓ Interface IP
	Cellular 2	✓ Interface IP
	Central 2	Interface IP
	USB	✓ Interface IP
Authentication (?) Loca	al User Accounts 🔻	
		assword
	Priname P	+

http://www.pepwave.com

PPTP Server Settings		
Listen On	This setting is for specifying the WAN connection(s) and IP address(es) that the PPTP server should listen on.	
Authentication	This setting is for specifying the user database source for PPTP authentication. Three sources can be selected: Local User Accounts, LDAP Server, or RADIUS Server. Local User Accounts - User accounts are stored in the Pepwave router locally. You can add/modify/delete accounts in the User Accounts table. LDAP Server - Authenticate with an external LDAP server. This has been tested with Open LDAP servers where passwords are NTLM hashed. Active Directory is not supported. (You can choose to use RADIUS to authenticate with a Windows server.) RADIUS Server - Authenticate with an external RADIUS server. This has been tested with Microsoft Windows Internet Authentication Service and FreeRADIUS servers where passwords are NTLM hashed or in plain text.	
User Accounts	This setting allows you to define PPTP user accounts for authentication via local user accounts. Click <b>Add</b> to input username and password to create an account. After adding the user accounts, you can click on a username to edit the account password. Click <b>X</b> to delete the account in its corresponding row.	

## 18.7 Certificate Manager

Certificate Manager		
VPN Certificate	No Certificate	<u>Assign</u>
Web Admin SSL Certificate 🛛 🧿	No Certificate	<u>Assign</u>
Captive Portal SSL Certificate	No Certificate	<u>Assign</u>

This section allows you to assign certificates for local VPN and web admin SSL. The local keys will not be transferred to another device by any means.

## 18.8 Service Forwarding

Service forwarding settings are located at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>Service Forwarding**.

SMTP Forwarding Setup	
SMTP Forwarding	Enable
Web Proxy Forwarding Setup	
Web Proxy Forwarding	Enable
DNS Forwarding Setup	<b>N</b>
Forward Outgoing DNS Requests to Local DNS Proxy	Enable
Custom Service Forwarding Setu	p
Custom Service Forwarding	Enable

#### **Service Forwarding**

SMTP Forwarding

When this option is enabled, all outgoing SMTP connections destined for any host at TCP port 25 will be intercepted. These connections will be redirected to a specified SMTP server and port number. SMTP server settings for each WAN can be specified

	after selecting Enable.
Web Proxy Forwarding	When this option is enabled, all outgoing connections destined for the proxy server specified in <b>Web Proxy Interception Settings</b> will be intercepted. These connections will be redirected to a specified web proxy server and port number. Web proxy interception settings and proxy server settings for each WAN can be specified after selecting <b>Enable</b> .
DNS Forwarding	When this option is enabled, all outgoing DNS lookups will be intercepted and redirected to the built-in DNS name server. If any LAN device is using the DNS name servers of a WAN connection, you may want to enable this option to enhance the DNS availability without modifying the DNS server setting of the clients. The built-in DNS name server will distribute DNS lookups to corresponding DNS servers of all available WAN connections. In this case, DNS service will not be interrupted, even if any WAN connection is down.
Custom Service Forwarding	When this option is enabled, incoming connections from specified ports will be intercepted and forwarded to a local server.

#### **18.8.1 SMTP Forwarding**

Some ISPs require their users to send e-mails via the ISP's SMTP server. All outgoing SMTP connections are blocked except those connecting to the ISP's. Pepwave routers support intercepting and redirecting all outgoing SMTP connections (destined for TCP port 25) via a WAN connection to the WAN's corresponding SMTP server.

SMTP Forwarding Setup				
SMTP Forwarding	Enable			
Connection		Enable Forwarding?	SMTP Server	SMTP Port
WAN 1				
WAN 2				
Wi-Fi WAN				
Cellular 1				
Cellular 2				
USB				

To enable the feature, select **Enable** under **SMTP Forwarding Setup**. Check **Enable Forwarding** for the WAN connection(s) that needs forwarding. Under SMTP Server, enter the ISP's e-mail server host name or IP address. Under **SMTP Port**, enter the TCP port number for each WAN.

The Pepwave router will intercept SMTP connections. Choose a WAN port according to the outbound policy, and then forward the connection to the SMTP server if the chosen WAN has enabled forwarding. If the forwarding is disabled for a WAN connection, SMTP connections for the WAN will be simply be forwarded to the connection's original destination.

#### Note

If you want to route all SMTP connections only to particular WAN connection(s), you should create a custom rule in outbound policy (see **Section 14.2**).

## 18.8.2 Web Proxy Forwarding

Web Proxy Forwarding Setup				
Web Proxy Forwarding	🗹 Enable			
Web Proxy Interception Settin	gs////////////////////////////////////			
Proxy Server	IP Address (Current settings in u		ort	
Connection		Enable Forwarding3	Proxy Server IP A	Address : Port
WAN 1				:
WAN 2				:
Wi-Fi WAN				:
Cellular 1				:
Cellular 2				:
USB				:

When this feature is enabled, the Pepwave router will intercept all outgoing connections destined for the proxy server specified in **Web Proxy Interception Settings**, choose a WAN connection with reference to the outbound policy, and then forward them to the specified web proxy server and port number. Redirected server settings for each WAN can be set here. If forwarding is disabled for a WAN, web proxy connections for the WAN will be simply forwarded to the connection's original destination.

#### 18.8.3 DNS Forwarding



When DNS forwarding is enabled, all clients' outgoing DNS requests will also be intercepted and forwarded to the built-in DNS proxy server.

#### **18.8.4 Custom Service Forwarding**

Custom Service Forwarding Setup					
Custom Service Forwarding	Enable				
Settings	TCP Port	Server IP Address	Server Port		
				+	

After clicking the **enable** checkbox, enter your TCP port for traffic heading to the router, and then specify the IP Address and Port of the server you wish to forward to the service to.

## **18.9 Service Passthrough**

Service passthrough settings can be found at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>Service Passthrough**.

Service Passthrough Support			
SIP 🤶	<ul> <li>Standard Mode</li> <li>Compatibility Mode</li> <li>Define custom signal ports</li> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ul>		
H.323	I Enable		
FTP 🥐	Image: Control ports         1.       2.       3.		
ТЕТР	🗹 Enable		
IPsec NAT-T	<ul> <li>✓ Enable</li> <li>✓ Define custom ports</li> <li>1. 2. 3.</li> <li>✓ Route IPsec Site-to-Site VPN via WAN 1 ▼</li> </ul>		

(Registered trademarks are copyrighted by their respective owner)

Some Internet services need to be specially handled in a multi-WAN environment. Pepwave routers can handle these services such that Internet applications do not notice being behind a multi-WAN router. Settings for service passthrough support are available here.

	Service Passthrough Support
SIP	Session initiation protocol, aka SIP, is a voice-over-IP protocol. The Pepwave router can act as a SIP application layer gateway (ALG) which binds connections for the same SIP session to the same WAN connection and translate IP address in the SIP packets correctly in NAT mode. Such passthrough support is always enabled, and there are two modes for selection: <b>Standard Mode</b> and <b>Compatibility Mode</b> . If your SIP server's signal port number is non-standard, you can check the box <b>Define custom signal ports</b> and input the port numbers to the text boxes.
H.323	With this option enabled, protocols that provide audio-visual communication sessions will be defined on any packet network and pass through the Pepwave router.
FTP	FTP sessions consist of two TCP connections; one for control and one for data. In a multi-WAN situation, they must be routed to the same WAN connection. Otherwise, problems will arise in transferring files. By default, the Pepwave router monitors TCP control connections on port 21 for any FTP connections and binds TCP connections of the same FTP session to the same WAN. If you have an FTP server listening on a port number other than 21, you can check <b>Define custom control ports</b> and enter the port numbers in the text boxes.
TFTP	The Pepwave router monitors outgoing TFTP connections and routes any incoming TFTP data packets back to the client. Select <b>Enable</b> if you want to enable TFTP passthrough support.
IPsec NAT-T	This field is for enabling the support of IPsec NAT-T passthrough. UDP ports 500, 4500, and 10000 are monitored by default. You may add more custom data ports that your IPsec system uses by checking <b>Define custom ports</b> . If the VPN contains IPsec site-to-

site VPN traffic, check **Route IPsec Site-to-Site VPN** and choose the WAN connection to route the traffic to.

## 18.10 GPS Forwarding

Using the GPS forwarding feature, some Pepwave routers can automatically send GPS reports to a specified server. To set up GPS forwarding, navigate to **Advanced>GPS Forwarding**.

GPS Forwarding	
Enable	
Server	Server IP Address / Host Name Port Protocol Report Interval
	UDP 💌 1 💌 second(s)
GPS Report Format	● NMEA ◎ TAIP
NMEA Sentence Type	GPRMC
	GPGGA
	GPVTG
	GPGSA
	GPGSV

	GPS Forwarding
Enable	Check this box to turn on GPS forwarding.
Server	Enter the name/IP address of the server that will receive GPS data. Also specify a port number, protocol ( <b>UDP</b> or <b>TCP</b> ), and a report interval of between 1 and 10 seconds. Click to save these settings.
GPS Report Format	Choose from NMEA or TAIP format for sending GPS reports.
NMEA Sentence Type	If you've chosen to send GPS reports in NMEA format, select one or more sentence types for sending the data (GPRMC, GPGGA, GPVTG, GPGSA, and GPGSV).
TAIP Sentence Type/TAIP ID (optional)	If you've chosen to send GPS reports in TAIP format, select one or more sentence types for sending the data ( <b>PV—Position / Velocity Solution</b> and <b>CP—Compact Velocity Solution</b> ). You can also optionally include an ID number in the <b>TAIP ID</b> field.

# **19 AP Controller**

The AP controller acts as a centralized controller of Pepwave AP devices. With this feature, users can customize and manage multiple APs from a single Pepwave router interface.

#### **Special Note**

Each Pepwave router can control a limited number of routers without additional cost. To manage more, a Full Edition license is required. Please contact your Authorized Reseller or the Peplink Sales Team for more information and pricing details.

To configure, navigate to the **AP** tab.

## 19.1 Wireless SSID

This menu is the first one that appears after clicking the **AP** tab. This screen can also be reached by clicking **AP>Wireless SSID**. Note the appearance of this screen varies by model.

AP Controller	
AP Management ?	☑ Integrated AP ☑ External AP
Permitted AP	Any  Approved List
	(One serial number per line)

AP Controller		
AP Management	The AP controller for managing Pepwave APs can be enabled by checking this box. When this option is enabled, the AP controller will wait for management connections originating from APs over the LAN on TCP and UDP port 11753. It will also wait for captive portal connections on TCP port 443. An extended DHCP option, <b>CAPWAP Access Controller addresses</b> (field 138), will be added to the DHCP server. A local DNS record, <b>AP Controller</b> , will be added to the local DNS proxy.	
Permitted AP	Access points to manage can be specified here. If <b>Any</b> is selected, the AP controller will manage any AP that reports to it. If <b>Approved List</b> is selected, only APs with serial numbers listed in the provided text box will be managed.	

SSID		
PEPWAVE 8D1C	WPA/WPA2 - Personal	X
New SSID		

Current SSID information appears in the **SSID** section. To edit an existing SSID, click its name in the list. To add a new SSID, click **Add**. Note that the following settings vary by model.

SSID	*
SSID Settings	······································
SSID	PEPWAVE_8D1C
VLAN ID	LAN (No VLAN) V
Broadcast SSID	
Data Rate	● Auto ○ Fixed
Multicast Filter	
Multicast Rate	MCS8/MCS0/6M
IGMP Snooping	
Layer 2 Isolation	
Band Steering	Disable 🔻
Security Settings	
Security Policy	Open (No Encryption)
Access Control	
Restricted Mode	None
	Save Cancel

	SSID Settings
SSID	This setting specifies the SSID of the virtual AP to be scanned by Wi-Fi clients.
Enable	Select <b>Yes</b> to enable the virtual AP.
VLAN ID	This setting specifies the VLAN ID to be tagged on all outgoing packets generated from this wireless network (i.e., packets that travel from the Wi-Fi segment through the Pepwave AP One unit to the Ethernet segment via the LAN port). The default value of this setting is <b>0</b> , which means VLAN tagging is disabled (instead of tagged with zero).
Broadcast SSID	This setting specifies whether or not Wi-Fi clients can scan the SSID of this wireless network. <b>Broadcast SSID</b> is enabled by default.
Data Rate <sup>A</sup>	Select <b>Auto</b> to allow the Pepwave router to set the data rate automatically, or select <b>Fixed</b> and choose a rate from the displayed drop-down menu.
Multicast Filter <sup>A</sup>	This setting enables the filtering of multicast network traffic to the wireless SSID.
Multicast Rate <sup>A</sup>	This setting specifies the transmit rate to be used for sending multicast network traffic. The selected <b>Protocol</b> and <b>Channel Bonding</b> settings will affect the rate

http://www.pepwave.com

	options and values available here.
IGMP Snooping <sup>A</sup>	To allow the Pepwave router to listen to internet group management protocol (IGMP) network traffic, select this option.
DHCP Option 82 <sup>A</sup>	If you use a distributed DHCP server/relay environment, you can enable this option to provide additional information on the manner in which clients are physically connected to the network.
Network Priority (QoS) <sup>A</sup>	Select from <b>Gold</b> , <b>Silver</b> , and <b>Bronze</b> to control the QoS priority of this wireless network's traffic.
Layer 2 Isolation <sup>A</sup>	<b>Layer 2</b> refers to the second layer in the ISO Open System Interconnect model. When this option is enabled, clients on the same VLAN, SSID, or subnet are isolated to that VLAN, SSID, or subnet, which can enhance security. Traffic is passed to upper communication layer(s). By default, the setting is disabled.
Band Steering <sup>A</sup>	Band steering allows the Pepwave router to steer AP clients from the 2.4GHz band to the 5GHz band for better usage of bandwidth. To make steering mandatory, select <b>Enforce</b> . To cause the Pepwave router to preferentially choose steering, select <b>Prefer</b> . The default for this setting is <b>Disable</b> .

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature. Click the 2 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

Security Settings		
Security Policy		WPA2 - Personal
Encryption		AES:CCMP
Shared Key	?	•••••
		Hide Characters

#### **Security Settings**

Security<br/>PolicyThis setting configures the wireless authentication and encryption methods. Available<br/>options are Open (No Encryption), WPA/WPA2 - Personal, WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise<br/>and Static WEP.

Access Control	
Restricted Mode	Deny all except listed 🔹
MAC Address List	

#### **Access Control**

The settings allow administrator to control access using MAC address filtering. Available options are **None**, **Deny all except listed**, **Accept all except listed**, and **RADIUS MAC Authentication**.

#### Restricted Mode

When **WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise** is configured, RADIUS-based 802.1 x authentication is enabled. Under this configuration, the **Shared Key** option should be disabled. When using this method, select the appropriate version using the **V1/V2** controls. The security level of this method is known to be very high.

	When <b>WPA/WPA2- Personal</b> is configured, a shared key is used for data encryption and authentication. When using this configuration, the <b>Shared Key</b> option should be enabled. Key length must be between eight and 63 characters (inclusive). The security level of this method is known to be high. The configuration of <b>Static WEP</b> parameters enables pre-shared WEP key encryption. Authentication is not supported by this method. The security level of this method is known to be weak.	
MAC Address List	Connection coming from the MAC addresses in this list will be either denied or accepted based the option selected in the previous field.	

RADIUS Server Settings	Primary Server	Secondary Server
Host		
Secret		
Authentication Port	1812 Default	1812 Default
Accounting Port	1813 Default	1813 Default

	RADIUS Server Settings
Host	Enter the IP address of the primary RADIUS server and, if applicable, the secondary RADIUS server.
Secret	Enter the RADIUS shared secret for the primary server and, if applicable, the secondary RADIUS server.
Authentication Port	In field, enter the UDP authentication port(s) used by your RADIUS server(s) or click the <b>Default</b> button to enter <b>1812</b> .
Accounting Port	In field, enter the UDP accounting port(s) used by your RADIUS server(s) or click the <b>Default</b> button to enter <b>1813</b> .

## 19.2 Settings

On many Pepwave models, the AP settings screen (**AP>Settings**) looks similar to the example below:

AP Settings	() ()
SSID	?       2.4 GHz       5 GHz       Integrated AP supports 2.4 GHz only.         Ø       Ø       PEPWAVE_8D1C
Operating Country	United States
Preferred Frequency	● 2.4 GHz ○ 5 GHz Integrated AP supports 2.4 GHz only.
5 GHz Protocol	802.11n/ac
5 GHz Channel Bonding	Auto
5 GHz Channel	Auto • Edit Channels: 36 40 44 48
2.4 GHz Protocol	802.11ng
2.4 GHz Channel Bonding	20 MHz •
2.4 GHz Channel	1 (2.412 GHz) 🔻
Management VLAN ID	(P) LAN (No VLAN) ▼
Power Boost	
Output Power	Max T
Beacon Rate	1Mbps V Default
Beacon Interval	100ms •
DTIM	1 Default
Slot Time	9 µs Default
ACK Timeout	48 µs Default
Frame Aggregation	

	AP Settings	
SSID	<b>SSID</b> These buttons specify which wireless networks will use this AP profile. You can also select the frequencies at which each network will transmit. Please note that the Pepwarouter does not detect whether the AP is capable of transmitting at both frequencies. Instructions to transmit at unsupported frequencies will be ignored by the AP.	
Operating Country	<ul> <li>This drop-down menu specifies the national/regional regulations which the AP should follow.</li> <li>If a North American region is selected, RF channels 1 to 11 will be available and the maximum transmission power will be 26 dBm (400 mW).</li> <li>If European region is selected, RF channels 1 to 13 will be available. The maximum transmission power will be 20 dBm (100 mW).</li> <li>NOTE: Users are required to choose an option suitable to local laws and regulations. Per FCC regulation, the country selection is not available on all models marketed in US. All US models are fixed to US channels only.</li> </ul>	
Preferred Frequency	These buttons determine the frequency at which access points will attempt to broadcast. This feature will only work for APs that can transmit at both 2.4GHz and 5GHz frequencies.	
5 GHz Protocol	This section displays the 5 GHz protocols your APs are using.	
5GHz Channel Bonding	There are three options: <b>20 MHz</b> , <b>20/40 MHz</b> , and <b>40 MHz</b> . With this feature enabled, the Wi-Fi system can use two channels at once. Using two channels improves the performance of the Wi-Fi connection.	

5 GHz Channel	This drop-down menu selects the 5 GHz 802.11 channel to be utilized. If <b>Auto</b> is set, the system will perform channel scanning based on the scheduled time set and choose the most suitable channel automatically.
2.4 GHz Protocol	This section displays the 2.4GHz protocols your APs are using.
2.4 GHz Channel Bonding	There are three options: <b>20 MHz</b> , <b>20/40 MHz</b> , and <b>40 MHz</b> . With this feature enabled, the Wi-Fi system can use two channels at once. Using two channels improves the performance of the Wi-Fi connection.
2.4 GHz Channel	This drop-down menu selects the 802.11 channel to be utilized. Available options are from 1 to 11 and from 1 to 13 for the North America region and Europe region, respectively. (Channel 14 is only available when the country is selected as Japan with protocol 802.11b.) If <b>Auto</b> is set, the system will perform channel scanning based on the scheduled time set and choose the most suitable channel automatically.
Management VLAN ID	This field specifies the VLAN ID to tag to management traffic, such as AP to AP controller communication traffic. The value is <b>0</b> by default, meaning that no VLAN tagging will be applied. NOTE: change this value with caution as alterations may result in loss of connection to the AP controller.
Power Boost <sup>A</sup>	With this option enabled, the AP under this profile will transmit using additional power. Please note that using this option with several APs in close proximity will lead to increased interference.
Output Power <sup>A</sup>	This drop-down menu determines the power at which the AP under this profile will broadcast. When fixed settings are selected, the AP will broadcast at the specified power level, regardless of context. When <b>Dynamic</b> settings are selected, the AP will adjust its power level based on its surrounding APs in order to maximize performance. The <b>Dynamic:</b> Auto setting will set the AP to do this automatically. Otherwise, the
	<b>Dynamic: Manual</b> setting will set the AP to dynamically adjust only of instructed to do so. If you have set <b>Dynamic:Manual</b> , you can go to <b>AP&gt;Toolbox&gt;Auto Power Adj.</b> to give your AP further instructions.
Beacon Rate <sup>A</sup>	This drop-down menu provides the option to send beacons in different transmit bit rates. The bit rates are <b>1Mbps</b> , <b>2Mbps</b> , <b>5.5Mbps</b> , <b>6Mbps</b> , and <b>11Mbps</b> .
Beacon Interval <sup>A</sup>	This drop-down menu provides the option to set the time between each beacon send. Available options are <b>100ms</b> , <b>250ms</b> , and <b>500ms</b> .
DTIM <sup>A</sup>	This field provides the option to set the frequency for beacon to include delivery traffic indication messages (DTIM). The interval unit is measured in milliseconds.
Slot Time <sup>A</sup>	This field provides the option to modify the unit wait time before it transmits. The default value is <b>9µs</b> .
ACK Timeout <sup>A</sup>	This field provides the option to set the wait time to receive acknowledgement packet before doing retransmission. The default value is <b>48µs</b> .
Frame Aggregation <sup>A</sup>	With this feature enabled, throughput will be increased by sending two or more data frames in a single transmission.
<sup>A</sup> - Advanced featur	e. Click the 🔯 button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

Web Administration Settings (on External AP)				
Enable				
Web Access Protocol	○ HTTP ● HTTPS			
Management Port	443			
HTTP to HTTPS Redirection				
Admin Username	admin			
Admin Password	25db591396e0	Generate		

	Web Administration Settings
Enable	Check the box to allow the Pepwave router to manage the web admin access information of the AP.
Web Access Protocol	These buttons specify the web access protocol used for accessing the web admin of the AP. The two available options are <b>HTTP</b> and <b>HTTPS</b> .
Management Port	This field specifies the management port used for accessing the device.
HTTP to HTTPS Redirection	This option will be available if you have chosen <b>HTTPS</b> as the <b>Web Access Protocol</b> . With this enabled, any HTTP access to the web admin will redirect to HTTPS automatically.
Admin User Name	This field specifies the administrator username of the web admin. It is set as <i>admin</i> by default.
Admin Password	This field allows you to specify a new administrator password. You may also click the <b>Generate</b> button and let the system generate a random password automatically.

Navigating to **AP>Settings** on some Pepwave models displays a screen similar to the one shown below:

Wi-Fi Radio Settings	
Operating Country	United States
Wi-Fi Antenna	○ Internal
Wi-Fi AP Settings	(?)
Protocol	802.11ng •
Channel	1 (2.412 GHz)
Channel Width	Auto
Output Power	Max 🔻 🗆 Boost
Beacon Rate 📀	1Mbps •
Beacon Interval 🛛 💡	100ms •
DTIM 🥐	1
Slot Time ?	9 µs
ACK Timeout	48 µs
Frame Aggregation	🖉 Enable
Guard Interval	○ Short ○ Long

#### O InControl management enabled. Settings can now be configured on InControl.

# Wi-Fi Radio Settings Operating Country This option sets the country whose regulations the Pepwave router follows. Wi-Fi Antenna Choose from the router's internal or optional external antennas, if so equipped.

#### **Important Note**

Per FCC regulations, the country selection is not available on all models marketed in the US. All US models are fixed to US channels only.

	Wi-Fi AP Settings
Protocol	This option allows you to specify whether 802.11b and/or 802.11g client association requests will be accepted. Available options are <b>802.11ng</b> and <b>802.11na</b> . By default, <b>802.11ng</b> is selected.
Channel	This option allows you to select which 802.11 RF channel will be used. <b>Channel 1</b> (2.412 GHz) is selected by default.
Channel Width	Auto (20/40 MHz) and 20 MHz are available. The default setting is Auto (20/40 MHz), which allows both widths to be used simultaneously.
Output Power	This option is for specifying the transmission output power for the Wi-Fi AP. There are 4 relative power levels available – <b>Max</b> , <b>High</b> , <b>Mid</b> , and <b>Low</b> . The actual output power will be bound by the regulatory limits of the selected country.
Beacon Rate <sup>A</sup>	This option is for setting the transmit bit rate for sending a beacon. By default, <b>1Mbps</b> is

	selected.
Beacon Interval <sup>A</sup>	This option is for setting the time interval between each beacon. By default, <b>100ms</b> is selected.
DTIM <sup>A</sup>	This field allows you to set the frequency for the beacon to include a delivery traffic indication message. The interval is measured in milliseconds. The default value is set to <b>1 ms</b> .
Slot Time <sup>A</sup>	This field is for specifying the wait time before the Surf SOHO transmits a packet. By default, this field is set to $9 \mu s$ .
ACK Timeout <sup>A</sup>	This field is for setting the wait time to receive an acknowledgement packet before performing a retransmission. By default, this field is set to $48 \ \mu s$ .
Frame Aggregation <sup>A</sup>	This option allows you to enable frame aggregation to increase transmission throughput.
Guard Interval <sup>A</sup>	This setting allows choosing a short or long guard period interval for your transmissions.

<sup>A</sup> - Advanced feature, please click the Ø button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

## 19.3 Toolbox

Tools for managing firmware packs can be found at **AP>Toolbox**.

P		Release Date	Details	Action
1	126	2013-08-26	1	

Firmware	Packs
----------	-------

Here, you can manage the firmware of your AP. Clicking on will result in information regarding each firmware pack. To receive new firmware packs, you can click **Check for Updates** to download new packs, or you can click **Manual Upload** to manually upload a firmware pack. Click **Default** to define which firmware pack is default.

## 20 System Settings

## 20.1 Admin Security

There are two types of user accounts available for accessing the web admin: *admin* and *user*. They represent two user levels: the admin level has full administration access, while the user level is read-only. The user level can access only the device's status information; users cannot make any changes on the device.

	WAN Committee Sta						
	Propriev 1 (Highest)				WAN Connection 5 Priority 3 (Hightst)	dates	
	E PI mark	Connected	Details.		10 w.m	Connected	
	Priority 2				Pricetty 2		
	Coluier	So som card Detected Infrantizer	Details		Collular	No 63M Gard Detacted	
	Priority 3				Diselved With wate	E Disabled	
	Disabled				O MOT MAA	U District.	
	an FI WAR	© Disabled	Cetalis		LAN Interface		
	IAN Interface				WEETAP	MALV	_
	Router IF Address: 19.	2.166.50.5	14		PEPMAVE_71	00	
pret	WE TEAD		CN • Betalls		Device Informatio		
	PEPWWE_7300			1200 TANK	Model:	Peowave MAX BR1	
	Device Information			Logout	Firmware: Uptime:	6.2.0 build 1901 5 days 23 hours 52 minutes	
	Model: Firmware:	Pepinase NAX BA1 6.2.0 huld 1901			CPU Load: Throughput:	5 dans 23 hours 57 minutes 24%	
	Uptime: CPU toef: Throughput:	5 days 23 hours 57 minutes 14% 1.0 Mbps 1 0.0 Mbps			Throughput:	0.0 maps 10.1 maps	
	Lungshippt	e no labe a vo unte				as a read-only user	
		Copyright @ Pegarave: All rights reserved.			-	Copyright @ Pepwave. All rights reserved.	

Admin account UI

User account UI

A web login session will be logged out automatically when it has been idle longer than the **Web Session Timeout**. Before the session expires, you may click the **Logout** button in the web admin to exit the session.

**0 hours 0 minutes** signifies an unlimited session time. This setting should be used only in special situations, as it will lower the system security level if users do not log out before closing the browser. The **default** is 4 hours, 0 minutes.

For security reasons, after logging in to the web admin Interface for the first time, it is recommended to change the administrator password. Configuring the administration interface to be accessible only from the LAN can further improve system security. Administrative settings configuration is located at **System>Admin Security**.

Admin Settings	() ()
Router Name	MAX_BR1_710D hostname: max-br1-710d
Admin User Name	admin
Admin Password	••••••
Confirm Admin Password	••••••
Read-only User Name	user
User Password	
Confirm User Password	
Web Session Timeout 🤶 🤶	4 Hours 0 Minutes
Authentication by RADIUS	Enable
Auth Protocol	MS-CHAP v2 V
Auth Server	Port Default
Auth Server Secret	V Hide Characters
Auth Timeout	3 seconds
Accounting Server	Port Default
Accounting Server Secret	V Hide Characters
CLI SSH 🤶	Enable
CLI SSH Port	8822 Default
CLI SSH Access	LAN/WAN -
Security	НТТР •
Web Admin Port	80 Default
Web Admin Access	LAN Only 🔻

	Admin Settings
Router Name	This field allows you to define a name for this Pepwave router. By default, <b>Router Name</b> is set as <b>MAX_XXXX</b> or <b>Surf_SOHO_XXXX</b> , where <i>XXXX</i> refers to the last 4 digits of the unit's serial number.
Admin User Name	Admin User Name is set as admin by default, but can be changed, if desired.
Admin Password	This field allows you to specify a new administrator password.
Confirm Admin Password	This field allows you to verify and confirm the new administrator password.
Read-only User Name	Read-only User Name is set as user by default, but can be changed, if desired.
User Password	This field allows you to specify a new user password. Once the user password is set, the read-only user feature will be enabled.
Confirm User Password	This field allows you to verify and confirm the new user password.
Web Session Timeout	This field specifies the number of hours and minutes that a web session can remain idle before the Pepwave router terminates its access to the web admin interface. By default, it is set to <b>4 hours</b> .

	1
Authentication by RADIUS	With this box is checked, the web admin will authenticate using an external RADIUS server. Authenticated users are treated as either "admin" with full read-write permission or "user" with read-only access. Local admin and user accounts will be disabled. When the device is not able to communicate with the external RADIUS server, local accounts will be enabled again for emergency access. Additional authentication options will be available once this box is checked.
Auth Protocol	This specifies the authentication protocol used. Available options are <b>MS-CHAP v2</b> and <b>PAP</b> .
Auth Server	This specifies the access address and port of the external RADIUS server.
Auth Server Secret	This field is for entering the secret key for accessing the RADIUS server.
Auth Timeout	This option specifies the time value for authentication timeout.
Accounting Server	This specifies the access address and port of the external accounting server.
Accounting Server Secret	This field is for entering the secret key for accessing the accounting server.
Network Connection	This option is for specifying the network connection to be used for authentication. Users can choose from LAN, WAN, and VPN connections.
CLI SSH	The CLI (command line interface) can be accessed via SSH. This field enables CLI support. For additional information regarding CLI, please refer to <b>Section 21.14</b> .
CLI SSH Port	This field determines the port on which clients can access CLI SSH.
CLI SSH Access	This menu allows you to choose between granting access to LAN and WAN clients, or to LAN clients only.
Security	This option is for specifying the protocol(s) through which the web admin interface can be accessed: • HTTP • HTTPS • HTTP/HTTPS
Web Admin Port	This field is for specifying the port number on which the web admin interface can be accessed.
Web Admin Access	This option is for specifying the network interfaces through which the web admin interface can be accessed: <ul> <li>LAN only</li> <li>LAN/WAN</li> </ul> <li>If LAN/WAN is chosen, the WAN Connection Access Settings form will be displayed.</li>

WAN Connection Access Settings		
Allowed Source IP Subnets (?	○ Any ● Allow access from the fo	ollowing IP subnets only
Allowed WAN IP Address(es)	Connection / IP Address(es)	All Clear
	WAN 2	
	Cellular 1 Cellular 2	

	WAN Connection Access Settings
Allowed Source IP Subnets	<ul> <li>This field allows you to restrict web admin access only from defined IP subnets.</li> <li>Any - Allow web admin accesses to be from anywhere, without IP address restriction.</li> <li>Allow access from the following IP subnets only - Restrict web admin access only from the defined IP subnets. When this is chosen, a text input area will be displayed beneath:</li> <li>The allowed IP subnet addresses should be entered into this text area. Each IP subnet must be in form of <i>w.x.y.z/m</i>, where <i>w.x.y.z</i> is an IP address (e.g., <i>192.168.0.0</i>), and <i>m</i> is the subnet mask in CIDR format, which is between 0 and 32 inclusively (For example, <i>192.168.0.0/24</i>).</li> <li>To define multiple subnets, separate each IP subnet one in a line. For example: <ul> <li>192.168.0.0/24</li> <li>10.8.0.0/16</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Allowed WAN IP Address(es)	This is to choose which WAN IP address(es) the web server should listen on.

## 20.2 Firmware

Pepwave router firmware is upgradeable through the web admin interface. Firmware upgrade functionality is located at **System>Firmware**.

Firmware Upgrade		
Current firmware version: 6.2.1 Firmware check pending		
	Check for Firmware	
Manual Firmware Upgrade		
Firmware Image	Choose File No file chosen	
	Manual Upgrade	

There are two ways to upgrade the unit. The first method is through an online download. The second method is to upload a firmware file manually.

To perform an online download, click on the **Check for Firmware** button. The Pepwave router will check online for new firmware. If new firmware is available, the Pepwave router will automatically download the firmware. The rest of the upgrade process will be automatically initiated.

You may also download a firmware image from the Peplink website and update the unit manually. To update using a firmware image, click **Choose File** to select the firmware file from the local computer, and then click **Manual Upgrade** to send the firmware to the Pepwave router. It will then automatically initiate the firmware upgrade process.

Please note that all Peplink devices can store two different firmware versions in two different partitions. A firmware upgrade will always replace the inactive partition. If you want to keep the inactive firmware, you can simply reboot your device with the inactive firmware and then perform the firmware upgrade.

#### **Important Note**

The firmware upgrade process may not necessarily preserve the previous configuration, and the behavior varies on a case-by-case basis. Consult the release notes for the particular firmware version before installing. Do not disconnect the power during firmware upgrade process. Do not attempt to upload a non-firmware file or a firmware file that is not supported by Peplink. Upgrading the Pepwave router with an invalid firmware file will damage the unit and may void the warranty.

#### **Important Note**

If the firmware is rolled back from 5.x to 4.x, the configurations will be lost.

## 20.3 Time

**Time Settings** enables the system clock of the Pepwave router to be synchronized with a specified time server. Time settings are located at **System>Time**.

Time Settings		
Time Zone	(GMT+07:00) Krasnoyarsk	-
	Show all	
Time Server	0.peplink.pool.ntp.org	Default

Save

	Time Settings
Time Zone	This specifies the time zone (along with the corresponding Daylight Savings Time scheme). The <b>Time Zone</b> value affects the time stamps in the Pepwave router's event log and e-mail notifications. Check <b>Show all</b> to show all time zone options.
Time Server	This setting specifies the NTP network time server to be utilized by the Pepwave router.

## 20.4 Email Notification

Email notification functionality provides a system administrator with up-to-date information on network status. The settings for configuring email notifications are found at **System>Email Notification**.

Email Notification Setup	0
Email Notification	I Enable
SMTP Server	smtp.mycompany.com Image: Comparison of the second seco
SSL Encryption	☑ (Note: any server certificate will be accepted)
SMTP Port	465 Default
SMTP User Name	smtpuser
SMTP Password	•••••
Confirm SMTP Password	•••••
Sender's Email Address	admin@mycompany.com
Recipient's Email Address	system@mycompany.com staff@mycompany.com

Test Email Notification Save

## **Email Notification Settings**

Email Notification

This setting specifies whether or not to enable email notification. If **Enable** is checked, the Pepwave router will send email messages to system administrators when the WAN status changes or when new firmware is available. If **Enable** is not checked, email notification is disabled and the Pepwave router will not send email messages.

SMTP Server	This setting specifies the SMTP server to be used for sending email. If the server requires authentication, check <b>Require authentication</b> .
SSL Encryption	Check the box to enable SMTPS. When the box is checked, <b>SMTP Port</b> will be changed to <b>465</b> automatically.
SMTP Port	This field is for specifying the SMTP port number. By default, this is set to <b>25</b> ; when <b>SSL Encryption</b> is checked, the default port number will be set to <b>465</b> . You may customize the port number by editing this field. Click <b>Default</b> to restore the number to its default setting.
SMTP User Name / Password	This setting specifies the SMTP username and password while sending email. These options are shown only if <b>Require authentication</b> is checked in the <b>SMTP Server</b> setting.
Confirm SMTP Password	This field allows you to verify and confirm the new administrator password.
Sender's Email Address	This setting specifies the email address the Pepwave router will use to send reports.
Recipient's Email Address	This setting specifies the email address(es) to which the Pepwave router will send email notifications. For multiple recipients, separate each email addresses using the enter key.

After you have finished setting up email notifications, you can click the **Test Email Notification** button to test the settings before saving. After **Test Email Notification** is clicked, you will see this screen to confirm the settings:

Test Email Notification	
SMTP Server	smtp.mycompany.com
SMTP Port	465
SMTP UserName	smtpuser
Sender's Email Address	admin@mycompany.com
Recipient's Email Address	system@mycompany.com staff@mycompany.com

Send Test Notification Cancel

Click **Send Test Notification** to confirm. In a few seconds, you will see a message with detailed test results.

Test email sent. Email notification settings are not saved, it will be saved after clicked the 'Save' button.

#### Test Result

[INFO] Try email through connection #3
[<-] 220 ESMTP
[->] EHLO balance
[<-] 250-smtp Hello balance [210.210.210.210]
250-SIZE 100000000
250-8BITMIME
250-PIPELINING
250-AUTH PLAIN LOGIN
250-STARTTLS
</pre>

## 20.5 Event Log

Event log functionality enables event logging at a specified remote syslog server. The settings for configuring the remote system log can be found at **System>Event Log**.

Send Events to Remote Syslog Server			
Remote Syslog			
Remote Syslog Host			
Push Events to Mobile De	vices		
Push Events			
		Save	

Event Log Settings		
Remote Syslog	This setting specifies whether or not to log events at the specified remote syslog server.	
Remote Syslog Host	This setting specifies the IP address or hostname of the remote syslog server.	
	The Pepwave router can also send push notifications to mobile devices that have our Mobile Router Utility installed. Check the box to activate this feature.	
Push Events	For more information on the Router Utility, go to: www.peplink.com/products/router-utility	

http://www.pepwave.com

~

¥

## 20.6 SNMP

SNMP or simple network management protocol is an open standard that can be used to collect information about the Pepwave router. SNMP configuration is located at **System>SNMP**.

SNMP Settings			
SNMP Device Name	MAX_HD2_8D1C		
SNMP Port	161 Default		
SNMPv1	Enable		
SNMPv2c	Enable		
SNMPv3	Enable		
	Save		
Community Name Allowed Source Network Access Mode No SNMPv1 / SNMPv2c Communities Defined			
Add SNMP Community			
SNMPv3 User Name Authentication / Privacy Access Mode			
No SNMPv3 Users Defined			
Add SNMP User			

	SNMP Settings
SNMP Device Name	This field shows the router name defined at System>Admin Security.
SNMP Port	This option specifies the port which SNMP will use. The default port is <b>161</b> .
SNMPv1	This option allows you to enable SNMP version 1.
SNMPv2	This option allows you to enable SNMP version 2.
SNMPv3	This option allows you to enable SNMP version 3.

To add a community for either SNMPv1 or SNMPv2, click the **Add SNMP Community** button in the **Community Name** table, upon which the following screen is displayed:

SNMP Community		×
Community Name	My Company	
Allowed Network	192.168.1.25 / 255.255.255.0 (/24)	•
		Save Cancel

	SNMP Community Settings
Community Name	This setting specifies the SNMP community name.
Allowed Source Subnet Address	This setting specifies a subnet from which access to the SNMP server is allowed. Enter subnet address here (e.g., <i>192.168.1.0</i> ) and select the appropriate subnet mask.

To define a user name for SNMPv3, click Add SNMP User in the SNMPv3 User Name

User Name	SNMPUser
Authentication	SHA V password
Privacy	DES 🔻 privacypassword

table, upon which the following screen is displayed:

SNMPv3 User Settings		
User Name	This setting specifies a user name to be used in SNMPv3.	
Authentication Protocol	This setting specifies via a drop-down menu one of the following valid authentication protocols:      NONE     MD5     SHA When MD5 or SHA is selected, an entry field will appear for the password.	
Privacy Protocol	<ul> <li>This setting specifies via a drop-down menu one of the following valid privacy protocols:</li> <li>NONE</li> <li>DES</li> <li>When DES is selected, an entry field will appear for the password.</li> </ul>	

## 20.7 InControl

InControl Management	
InControl Management	✓ Allow InControl Management
Privately Host InControl	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>
InControl Host	

InControl is a cloud-based service which allows you to manage all of your Peplink and Pepwave devices with one unified system. With it, you can generate reports, gather statistics, and configure your devices automatically. All of this is now possible with InControl.

When this check box is checked, the device's status information will be sent to the Peplink InControl system. This device's usage data and configuration will be sent to the system if you enable the features in the system.

Alternately, you could also privately host InControl. Simply check the box beside the "Privately Host InControl" open, and enter the IP Address of your InControl Host.

You can sign up for an InControl account at https://incontrol2.peplink.com/. You can register your devices under the account, monitor their status, see their usage reports, and receive offline notifications.

## 20.8 Configuration

Backing up Pepwave router settings immediately after successful completion of initial setup is strongly recommended. The functionality to download and upload Pepwave router settings is found at **System>Configuration**. Note that available options vary by model.

Image: Configurations       Image: Configurations         Image: Configuration File       Image: Configuration File         Image: Configuration File       The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Settings       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration fite A connetrepart. To do so, click the Uploa	Restore Configu	ration to Factory Settings
Upload Configurations       Image: Configuration File       Image: Con		
Impload Configurations       Impload         Impload Configurations From High Availability Pair       Impload         Impload Configurations From High Availability Pair       Impload         Impload Configurations From High Availability Pair       Impload         Impload Configuration File       Impload         Impload       Impload         Impload       Impload         Impload       Impload         Configuration File       Impload         Impload       Impload         Configuration to Factory       The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download Active Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes of the Apply Changes of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations       The ability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Uploa	Download Activ	e Configurations
Configuration File       It of the selected.         Upload       Upload         Upload       It of the selected.         Download Active Configurations       The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download Active Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations from High       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA		Download
Configuration File       It of the selected.         Upload       Upload         Upload       It of the selected.         Download Active Configurations       The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download Active Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations from High       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA		
Upload       Upload         Upload Configurations from High Availability Pair       Image: Configuration File         Configuration File       Browse         Upload       Upload         Configuration file       The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download Active Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configurations file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations from High       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.		
Configuration File         Ite Browse, No file selected.         Upload         Configuration         Configuration file Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download Active Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations from High       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.		
Configuration File         Ite Browse, No file selected.         Upload         Configuration         Configuration file Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download Active Configurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload Configurations       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload Configurations from High       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.		
Upload         Upload         Configuration         Configuration         The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Ocnfigurations       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload       Configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.	Upload Configu	rations from High Availability Pair
Configuration         Restore         Configuration         The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.         Download       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Download       Click Download to backup the current active settings.         Upload       To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.         Upload       In a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.	Configuration File	
Restore Configuration to Factory SettingsThe Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.Download Active ConfigurationsClick Download to backup the current active settings.Upload ConfigurationsTo restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.Upload Configurations from HighIn a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA		Upload
Configuration to Factory SettingsThe Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.Download Active ConfigurationsClick Download to backup the current active settings.Upload ConfigurationsTo restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.Upload Configurations from HighIn a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.		Configuration
Active ConfigurationsClick Download to backup the current active settings.Upload ConfigurationsTo restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.Upload Configurations from HighIn a high availability (HA) configuration, a Pepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA	Configuration to Factory	settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the
Upload Configurationsconfiguration file on the local computer, and then click Upload. The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.Upload 	Active	Click <b>Download</b> to backup the current active settings.
<b>Configurations</b> from High of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the <b>Upload</b> button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA counterpart.	•	configuration file on the local computer, and then click <b>Upload</b> . The new settings can then be applied by clicking the <b>Apply Changes</b> button on the page header, or you can cancel
	Configurations from High	of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the <b>Upload</b> button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve router so that it is different from the HA

### 20.9 Feature Add-ons

Some Pepwave routers have features that can be activated upon purchase. Once the purchase is complete, you will receive an activation key. Enter the key in the **Activation Key** field, click **Activate**, and then click **Apply Changes**.

Feature Activation	
Activation Key	

### 20.10 Reboot

This page provides a reboot button for restarting the system. For maximum reliability, the Pepwave router can equip with two copies of firmware. Each copy can be a different version. You can select the firmware version you would like to reboot the device with. The firmware marked with **(Running)** is the current system boot up firmware.

Please note that a firmware upgrade will always replace the inactive firmware partition.

Reboot System	?
Select the firmware you want to use to start up this device:	
Firmware 1: 6.2.1 build 2977 (Running)	
© Firmware 2: 6.2.1b01 build 2949	
Reboot	

## 20.11 Ping

The ping test tool sends pings through a specified Ethernet interface or a SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> VPN connection. You can specify the number of pings in the field **Number of times**, to a maximum number of 10 times. **Packet Size** can be set to a maximum of 1472 bytes. The ping utility is located at **System>Tools>Ping**, illustrated below:

Ping	
Connection	WAN 1
Destination	10.10.10.1
Packet Size	56
Number of times	Times 5
	Start Stop
Results	Clear Log
PING 10.10.10.1 (10.10.10.1) from 10.8	8.3.158 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=1 t	tl=62 time=27.6 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=2 t	tl=62 time=26.5 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=3 t	tl=62 time=28.9 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=4 t	tl=62 time=28.3 ms
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=5 t	tl=62 time=27.7 ms
10.10.10.1 ping statistics	
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% pa	cket loss, time 4005ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 26.516/27.855	/28.933/0.814 ms

Tip

A system administrator can use the ping utility to manually check the connectivity of a particular LAN/WAN connection.

### 20.12 Traceroute Test

The traceroute test tool traces the routing path to the destination through a particular Ethernet interface or a SpeedFusion<sup>TM</sup> connection. The traceroute test utility is located at **System>Tools>Traceroute**.

Connection	WAN 1 🔻	
Destination	64.233.189.99	
	Start Stop	
Results		
		Clear Log
CHARGE TO BA 222, 289, 99	(SA.215.109.89), 30 hops max, 40 hors packats	
	254) 3.758 ma 6.471 ma 6.267 ma	
10.86.99.294 (10.86.99.29	40 3.909 mg 3.199 mg 5.446 mg	
1.05.00.09.1 (10.00.09.1) L	279 ma 1.525 ma 1.865 ma	
1034632054632053	2 ma 0.202 ma 0.296 ma	
118.163.88.254 (118.163.1	88.204(-3.384 mg-138.179.246.22 (138.179.246.22) 5.707 mg-128.263.48.204 (118.163.48	254) 3.472 mg
100.7146.329 (190.71.46	129) 5.688 ma 168.85.225.46 (188.85.225.46) 5.287 ma 3.283 ma	
1205-128-1.198 (205-128-1	1582 A.301 mg 7.488 mg 7.488 mg	
1006-075-09-004-0206-075-0	06.1940 4.611 va 200.128.6.1 (200.128.6.1) 4.672 va 162.75.188.118 (165.75.188.118) 4.	242.4%
100.108.8.209 (200.108.8	2201 3.238 mg 72.54.384.346 (72.54.384.346) 4.451 mg 238.138.4.339 (238.138.4.339) 4.	476 ma
10 75 14 205 20 (75 14 205	201 9-842 mg 74-128-49-198 (74-128-49-198) 4-877 mg 72-14-201-20 (75-14-201-20) 9-884	100
11 12 14 233 38 (72 14 255	201 4 58e eu 205 45 252 141 (205 85 252 141) 1 215 141 1 315 eu 205 45 243 30 (205 45 243 30) 4	atter ma
12 1098-88-1961-117 (1098-88-1	N3.2117 4.877 ma 208.85.242 143 (208.85.242 187) 4.809 ma 4.589 ma	
CE 216.259.80.47 (218.279.	85.471 A.882 ma * 1.382 ma	
	88.000 S. 170 ma 9.184 ma 9.400 ma	

A system administrator can use the traceroute utility to analyze the connection path of a LAN/WAN connection.

Tip

### 20.13 PepVPN Test

The **PepVPN Test** tool can help to test the throughput between different VPN peers. You can define the **Test Type**, **Direction**, and **Duration** of the test, and press **Go!** to perform the throughput test. The VPN test utility is located at **System>Tools>PepVPN Test**, illustrated as follows:

<b>PepVPN</b> Throughpu	ıt Test
Profile	NY Office 🔻
Туре	● TCP ◎ UDP
Direction	Opload Opposed
Duration	10 seconds (5 - 600)
	Go!
Results	
	(Empty)

## 20.14 CLI (Command Line Interface Support)

The CLI (command line interface) can be accessed via SSH. This field enables CLI support. The below settings specify which TCP port and which interface(s) should accept remote SSH CLI access. The user name and password used for remote SSH CLI access are the same as those used for web admin access.

Putty			- • • ×
login as: admin admin@192.168.1.1's password: Last login: Mon Nov 7 19:03:59 > get	2011 from 192.168	010100	
> yet bandwidth clientlist cpuload system uptime wan > system debugmode reboot >	eventlog ha	s2svpn	Jession 

## 21 Status

## 21.1 Device

System information is located at **Status>Device**.

System Information	
Router Name	MAX_HD2_8D1C
Model	Pepwave MAX HD2
Hardware Revision	2
Serial Number	2830-A48A-8D1C
Firmware	6.2.0 build 2891
PepVPN Version	4.0.0
Modem Support Version	1017 ( <u>Modem Support List</u> )
Host Name	max-hd2-8d1c
Uptime	7 days 50 minutes
System Time	Mon Feb 23 11:14:13 WET 2015
Diagnostic Report	<u>Download</u>
Remote Assistance	Turn on

### **System Information**

Router Name	This is the name specified in the Router Name field located at System>Admin Security.
Model	This shows the model name and number of this device.
Product Code	If your model uses a product code, it will appear here.
Hardware Revision	This shows the hardware version of this device.
Serial Number	This shows the serial number of this device.
Firmware	This shows the firmware version this device is currently running.
PepVPN Version	This shows the current PepVPN version.
Modem Support Version	This shows the modem support version. For a list of supported modems, click <b>Modem Support List</b> .
Host Name	The host name assigned to the Pepwave router appears here.
Uptime	This shows the length of time since the device has been rebooted.
System Time	This shows the current system time.
Diagnostic Report	The <b>Download</b> link is for exporting a diagnostic report file required for system investigation.

Remote Assistance

Click Turn on to enable remote assistance.

Interface	MAC Address
LAN	00:1A:DD:BD:54:40
WAN 1	00:1A:DD:BD:54:41
WAN 2	00:1A:DD:BD:54:42

The second table shows the MAC address of each LAN/WAN interface connected. To view your device's End User License Agreement (EULA), click 4.

#### **Important Note**

If you encounter issues and would like to contact the Pepwave Support Team (http://www.pepwave.com/contact/), please download the diagnostic report file and attach it along with a description of your issue. In Firmware 5.1 or before, the diagnostic report file can be obtained at **System>Reboot**.

### 21.1.1 GPS Data

The MAX HD2 and HD2 IP67 automatically store up to seven days of GPS location data in GPS eXchange format (GPX). To review this data using third-party applications, click **Status>Device** and then download your GPX file.

The Pepwave MAX BR1, HD2, and HD2 IP67 export real-time location data in NMEA format through the LAN IP address at TCP port 60660. It is accessible from the LAN or over a SpeedFusion connection. To access the data via a virtual serial port, install a virtual serial port driver. Visit http://www.peplink.com/index.php?view=faq&id=294 to download the driver.

## 21.2 Active Sessions

Information on active sessions can be found at Status>Active Sessions>Overview.

Session data captured within		
	n one minute. <u>Refresh</u>	
Service	Inbound Sessions	Outbound Sessions
AIM/ICQ	0	1
Bittorrent	0	32
DNS	0	51
Flash	0	1
HTTPS	0	76
Jabber	0	5
MSN	0	11
NTP	0	4
00	0	1
Remote Desktop	0	3
SSH	0	12
SSL	0	64
XMPP	0	4
Yahoo	0	1
Interface	Inbound Sessions	Outbound Sessions
WAN 1	0	176
WAN 2	0	32
Wi-Fi WAN	0	51
Cellular 1	0	64
Cellular 2	0	0
USB	0	0
	Top Clients	
Client IP Address	Total Sessions	
10.9.66.66	1069	
10.9.98.144	147	
10.9.2.18	63	
10.9.66.14	56	
10.9.2.26	33	

This screen displays the number of sessions initiated by each application. Click on each service listing for additional information. This screen also indicates the number of sessions initiated by each WAN port. In addition, you can see which clients are initiating the most sessions.

You can also perform a filtered search for specific sessions. You can filter by subnet, port, protocol, and interface. To perform a search, navigate to **Status>Active Sessions>Search**.

Overview	Search					
Session dat	ta captureo	d within one minute. <u>Re</u>	<u>fresh</u>			
IP / Subnet		Source or Destination 🔻		/ 255.255.2	255.255 (/32) 🔻	
Port		Source or Destination 🔻				
Protocol / S	ervice	ТСР	•			
Interface		□ 1 WAN 1 □ 1 Cellular 1 □	<ul> <li>2 WAN 2</li> <li><b>j2</b> Cellula</li> </ul>		🗆 🔗 Wi-Fi WA 🗆 🐓 USB	N
Search						
Outbound						
Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Service No sessions	Interface		Idle Time
Total searc	hed result	s: 0	140 202010112			
Inbound Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Service	Interface		Idle Time
		Descination in	No sessions	Intenace		Idle Hille
Total searc	hed result	s: 0				
Transit	hindi					<i>mininini</i> in the second s
	Source IP	Destination IP	Service No sessions	Interface		Idle Time
Total searc	hed result	s: 0				

This **Active Sessions** section displays the active inbound/outbound sessions of each WAN connection on the Pepwave router. A filter is available to sort active session information. Enter a keyword in the field or check one of the WAN connection boxes for filtering.

### 21.3 Client List

The client list table is located at **Status>Client List**. It lists DHCP and online client IP addresses, names (retrieved from the DHCP reservation table or defined by users), current download and upload rate, and MAC address.

Clients can be imported into the DHCP reservation table by clicking the **s** button on the right. You can update the record after import by going to **Network>LAN**.

Filter	<ul> <li>Online Clients Only</li> <li>DHCP Clients Only</li> </ul>			
Client List				(
IP Address 🔺 Nan		Download Upload (kbps) (kbps)	MAC Address	Import

If the PPTP server (see Section 19.2), SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> (see Section 12.1), or AP controller (see Section 20) is enabled, you may see the corresponding connection name listed in the Name field.

## 21.4 WINS Client

The WINS client list table is located at **Status>WINS Client**.

WINS Client List	
Name 🔺	IP Address
UserA	10.9.2.1
UserB	10.9.30.1
UserC	10.9.2.4
	Flush All

The WINS client table lists the IP addresses and names of WINS clients. This option will only be available when you have enabled the WINS server (navigation:

**Network>Interfaces>LAN**). The names of clients retrieved will be automatically matched into the Client List (see previous section). Click **Flush All** to flush all WINS client records.

WINS Client List	
Name 🔺	IP Address
UserA	10.9.2.1
UserB	10.9.30.1
UserC	10.9.2.4

Flush All

## 21.5 UPnP / NAT-PMP

The table that shows the forwarded ports under UPnP and NAT-PMP protocols is located at **Status>UPnP/NAT-PMP**. This section appears only if you have enabled UPnP / NAT-PMP as mentioned in **Section 15.1.1**.

External 🔺	Internal	Internal Address	Туре	Protocol	Description	
47453	3392	192.168.1.100	UPnP	UDP	Application 031	×
35892	11265	192.168.1.50	NAT-PMP	TCP	NAT-PMP 58	2
4500	3560	192.168.1.20	UPnP	TCP	Application 013	*
5921	236	192.168.1.30	UPnP	ТСР	Application 047	
22409	8943	192.168.1.70	NAT-PMP	UDP	NAT-PMP 97	*
2388	27549	192.168.1.40	UPnP	TCP	Application 004	

Click to delete a single UPnP / NAT-PMP record in its corresponding row. To delete all records, click **Delete All** on the right-hand side below the table.

Important Note
UPnP / NAT-PMP records will be deleted immediately after clicking the button or <b>Delete All,</b> without the need to click <b>Save</b> or <b>Confirm</b> .

## 21.6 SpeedFusion Status

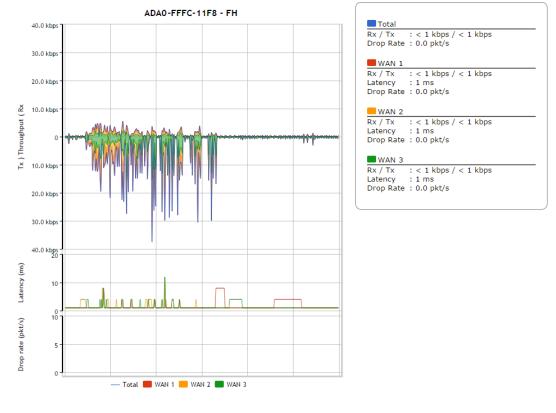
Current SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> status information is located at **Status>SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup>**. Details about SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> connection peers appears as below:

PepVPN with SpeedFusion	- Remote Peer Details	un na shan an sh	ow disconnected profiles
Search			
Remote Peer 🔺	Profile	Information	
ADA0-FFFC-11F8	FH	192.168.77.0/24	
🔒 🕨 3ED2-8F63-1824	380-5 - NO NAT	192.168.3.0/24	

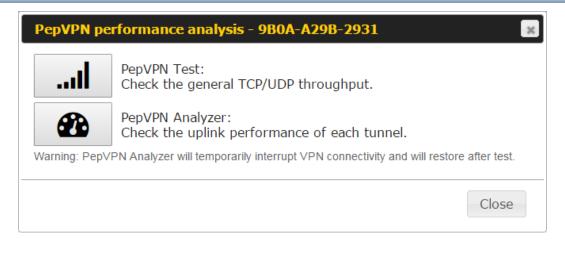
Click on the corresponding peer name to explore the WAN connection(s) status and subnet information of each VPN peer.

Remote Peer 🔺	Profile			Information				
ADA0-FFFC-11F8	FH			192.168.77.	0/24		.hl	-
WAN 1	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	1 ms
WAN 2	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	1 ms
WAN 3	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	1 ms
Total	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	1.1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s		
3ED2-8F63-1824	380-5 - NC	NAT		192.168.3.0	/24			<b>8</b>
WAN 1	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	4 ms
WAN 2	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	4 ms
WAN 3	Rx:	< 1 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	4 ms
Total	Rx:	1.6 kbps	Tx:	< 1 kbps	Drop rate:	0.0 pkt/s		

Click the button for a chart displaying real-time throughput, latency, and droprate information for each WAN connection.



When pressing the button, the following menu will appear:





### PepVPN Test: Check the general TCP/UDP throughput.

After clicking the icon, the following menu appears:

Configuration						?
Туре		💽 TCP 🔍 UDP				
Direction		🖲 Upload 🔍 Download	d			Start
Duration		10 seconds (5 - 600)	)			
WAN Statistics					<i>MANNA</i>	
🔲 WAN 1	Rx:	2.5 kbps Tx:	5.3 kbps Drop	rate: 0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	186 ms
WAN 3	Rx:	n/a Tx:	n/a Drop	rate: n/a	Latency:	n/a
WAN 4	Rx:	n/a Tx:	n/a Drop	rate: n/a	Latency:	n/a
Total	Rx:	2.5 kbps Tx:	5.3 kbps Drop	rate: 0.0 pkt/s	Latency:	186 ms

Select the L2 protocol (TCP/UDP), direction, and duration and click the **Start** button to begin the general throughput test.

Results		
0.1250 MB /	1.00 sec =	1.0485 Mbps
1.0000 MB /	1.00 sec =	8.3888 Mbps
1.3125 MB /	1.00 sec =	11.0098 Mbps
3.0000 MB /	1.00 sec =	25.1465 Mbps
5.6875 MB /	1.00 sec =	47.7473 Mbps
6.0625 MB /	1.00 sec =	50.8562 Mbps
4.9375 MB /	1.00 sec =	41.4188 Mbps
4.5000 MB /	1.00 sec =	37.7487 Mbps
5.0000 MB /	1.00 sec =	41.9438 Mbps
5.6875 MB /	1.00 sec =	47.7099 Mbps
37.3167 MB /	10.05 sec =	31.1504 Mbps 8 %TX 9 %RX 47 retrans 132.62 msRTT
TEST DONE		



PepVPN Analyzer: Check the uplink performance of each tunnel.

The bandwidth bonding feature of PepVPN occurs when multiple WAN lines from one end merge with multiple WAN lines from the other end. For this to happen, each WAN line needs to form a connection with all the WAN lines on the opposite end. The function of the PepVPN analyzer is to report the throughput, packet loss, and latency of all possible combinations of connections. **Please note that the PepVPN Analyzer will temporarily interrupt VPN connectivity and will restore after test.** 

After clicking the icon, the analyzer will require several minutes to perform its analysis depending the number of WAN links in the SpeedFusion<sup>™</sup> Tunnel. Once the test the complete, the report will appear:

Results					hhidde		?
Estimated time: Time remaining:							
		1(	0%				
Local WAN1 > Remote WAN3	Local WAN1 > Remote WAN4	Local WAN1 > Remote WAN5	Local WAN1 > Remote WAN6	Tx Avg. (Mbps)	Tx Max. (Mbps)	Packet loss (%)	RTT (ms)
0				5.87	16.95	0.76	420.51
	0			20.72	26.39	1.59	29.89
		0		30.10	43.69	2.24	29.61
			0	45.01	55.93	2.16	28.24
0	0			24.87	33.56	0.86	49.86
0		0		19.30	31.28	0.01	49.78
	0	0		18.59	30.41	2.08	39.78
0	0	0		20.56	34.60	0.00	38.11
0			0	36.70	59.16	2.64	42.06
	0		0	19.98	30.40	4.40	38.01
0	0		0	31.63	42.99	0.72	37.99
		0	0	36.88	55.78	2.60	33.89
0		0	0	38.30	47.89	0.01	29.98
	0	0	0	33.21	55.23	2.69	30.48
0	0	0	0	30.02	46.66	3.77	28.68

"O" indicates that specific WAN / Tunnel is active for that particular test.

"Tx Avg." is the averaged throughput across the full 10 seconds time, while "Tx Max." is the averaged throughput of the fastest 30% of time.

## 21.7 Event Log

Event log information is located at **Status>Event Log**.

Device Event Log	g 🖉 Auto Refr
Feb 17 04:43:26	System: Changes applied
Feb 16 10:27:01	System: Time synchronization successful
Feb 16 10:26:25	WAN: WAN 1 connected (10.88.3.158)
Feb 16 10:26:01	WAN: Priority changed (Priority 1 - WAN 1, WAN 2 / Priority 2 - Cellular 1, Cellular 2 / Disabled - Wi-Fi WAN)
Feb 16 10:25:40	System: Started up (6.2.0 build 2891)
Feb 16 10:17:27	System: Changes applied
Feb 16 10:17:00	System: Time synchronization successful
Feb 16 10:19:23	WAN: WAN 1 connected (10.88.3.158)
Feb 16 10:18:58	WAN: Priority changed (Priority 1 - WAN 1, WAN 2 / Priority 2 - Cellular 1, Cellular 2 / Disabled - Wi-Fi WAN)
Feb 16 10:18:37	System: Started up (6.2.0.201501210247-r12145 build)
	End of

The log section displays a list of events that has taken place on the Pepwave router. Check **Auto Refresh** to refresh log entries automatically. Click the **Clear Log** button to clear the log.

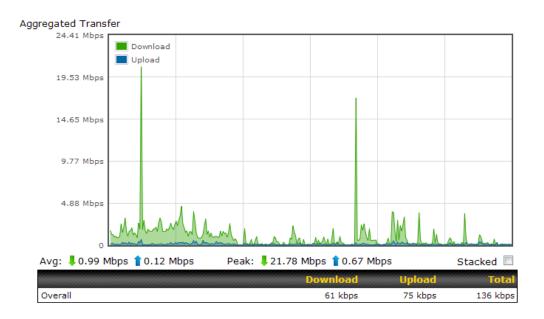
## 21.8 Bandwidth

This section shows bandwidth usage statistics and is located at **Status>Bandwidth**. Bandwidth usage at the LAN while the device is switched off (e.g., LAN bypass) is neither recorded nor shown.

#### 21.8.1 Real-Time

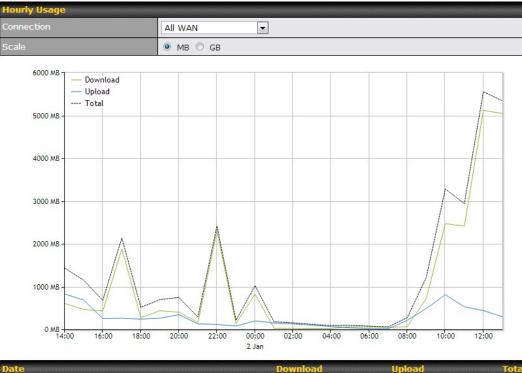
The **Data transferred since installation** table indicates how much network traffic has been processed by the device since the first bootup. The **Data transferred since last reboot** table indicates how much network traffic has been processed by the device since the last bootup.

Data transferred since installation (Sun Oct 10	0 05:56:02 PST 2010)		
	Download	Upload	Total
All WAN Connections	216.68 GB	91.70 GB	308.38 GB
Data transferred since last reboot			[ <u>Hide Details</u>
	Download	Upload	Total
All WAN Connections	0.74 GB	0.63 GB	1.37 GB
WAN1	0.67 GB	0.61 GB	1.28 GB
WAN2	0.07 GB	0.02 GB	0.09 GB



#### 21.8.2 Hourly

This page shows the hourly bandwidth usage for all WAN connections, with the option of viewing each individual connection. Select the desired connection to check from the drop-down menu.



Download	Upload	Total
5 047 MB	295 MB	5 342 MB
5 117 MB	439 MB	5 556 MB
2 414 MB	526 MB	2 940 MB
2 470 MB	812 MB	3 282 MB
725 MB	488 MB	1 213 MB
64 MB	211 MB	275 MB
	5 117 MB 2 414 MB 2 470 MB 725 MB	5 117 MB         439 MB           2 414 MB         526 MB           2 470 MB         812 MB           725 MB         488 MB

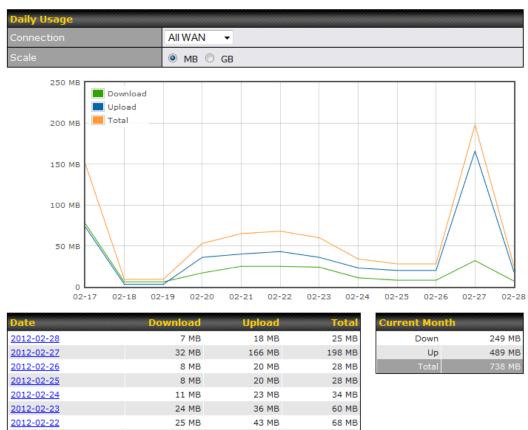
#### 21.8.3 Daily

http://www.pepwave.com

This page shows the daily bandwidth usage for all WAN connections, with the option of viewing each individual connection.

Select the connection to check from the drop-down menu. If you have enabled the Bandwidth Monitoring feature, the Current Billing Cycle table for that WAN connection will be displayed.

Click on a date to view the client bandwidth usage of that specific date. This feature is not available if you have selected to view the bandwidth usage of only a particular WAN connection. The scale of the graph can be set to display megabytes (**MB**) or gigabytes (**GB**).



2012-02-20	17 MB	36 MB	53 MB
2012-02-19	6 MB	3 MB	9 MB
2012-02-18	6 MB	3 MB	9 MB
2012-02-17	77 MB	73 MB	150 MB
	A II \A/A I		

25 MB

All WAN Daily Bandwidth Usage

40 MB

65 MB

2012-02-21

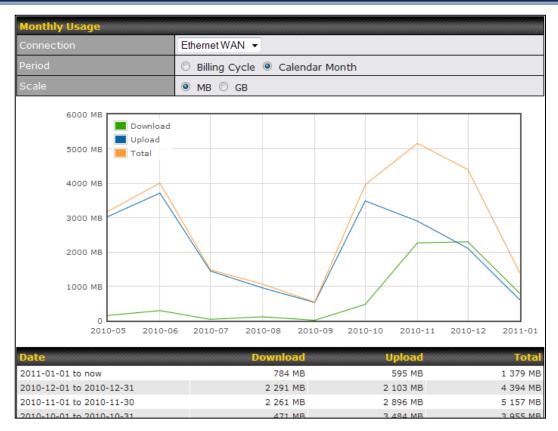
#### 21.8.4 Monthly

This page shows the monthly bandwidth usage for each WAN connection. If you have enabled the **Bandwidth Monitoring** feature, you can check the usage of each particular connection and view the information by **Billing Cycle** or by **Calendar Month**.

Click the first two rows to view the client bandwidth usage in the last two months. This feature is not available if you have chosen to view the bandwidth of an individual WAN connection. The scale of the graph can be set to display megabytes (**MB**) or gigabytes (**GB**).



All WAN Monthly Bandwidth Usage



#### Ethernet WAN Monthly Bandwidth Usage

Тір
By default, the scale of data size is in <b>MB</b> . 1GB equals 1024MB.

## Appendix A. Restoration of Factory Defaults

To restore the factory default settings on a Pepwave router, follow the steps below:

- 1. Locate the reset button on the front or back panel of the Pepwave router.
- 2. With a paper clip, press the reset button and hold it for at least 10 seconds, until the unit reboots itself.

After the Pepwave router finishes rebooting, the factory default settings will be restored.

### **Important Note**

All previous configurations and bandwidth usage data will be lost after restoring factory default settings. Regular backup of configuration settings is strongly recommended.

## Appendix B. Declaration

#### 1. The device supports time division technology

#### 2. Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE**

<u>FCC Radiation Exposure Statement (for MAX700/ HD2/ HD2 IP67/ BR1)</u> This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement (for MAX On-The-Go)

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

- 1. 20cm minimum when the product is operated alone without co-transmitting with a plug-in 3G USB dongle device.
- 2. 65cm minimum when the product is operated with a plug-in 3G USB device which has maximum of 7W ERP output power.
- 3. For co-transmission scenario which is not covered above, please consult the RF technician or device supplier.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination.

### 3. CE Statement for Pepwave Routers

Europe – EU Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC. The following test methods have been applied in order to prove presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC:

- EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11 : 2009+A1 : 2010+ A12: 2011 Safety of Information Technology Equipment

#### - EN50385 : 2002 / Article 3(1)(a)

Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of radio base stations and fixed terminal stations for wireless telecommunication systems with the basic restrictions or the reference levels related to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields (110MHz - 40 GHz) - General public

#### EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband Transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using spread spectrum modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

### - EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1: 2011

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Base Stations (BS), Repeaters and User Equipment (UE) for IMT-2000 Third-Generation cellular networks; Part 1: Harmonized EN for IMT-2000, introduction and common requirements, covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

- EN 301 511 V9.0.2: 2003
   Global System for Mobile communications (GSM); Harmonized standard for mobile stations in the GSM 900 and DCS 1800 bands covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE directive (1999/5/EC)
- EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2: 2008 Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements
- EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1: 2005

ElectroMagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment ad services; Part 7: Specific conditions for mobile and portable radio and ancillary equipment of digital cellular radio telecommunications systems (GSM and DCS)

- EN 301 489-17 V2.2.1: 2012 Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 17: Specific conditions for 2,4 GHz wideband transmission systems and 5 GHz high performance RLAN equipment
- EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1: 2010

Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 24: Specific conditions for IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA) for Mobile and portable (UE) radio and ancillary equipment



⊠Česky [Czech]	[Jméno výrobce] tímto prohlašuje, že tento [typ zařízení] je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.
⊡ Dansk [Danish]	Undertegnede [fabrikantens navn] erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr [udstyrets typebetegnelse] overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.
Deutsch [German]	Hiermit erklärt [Name des Herstellers], dass sich das Gerät [Gerätetyp] in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.
testi [Estonian]	Käesolevaga kinnitab [tootja nimi = name of manufacturer] seadme [seadme tüüp = type of equipment] vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.
English	Hereby, <i>[name of manufacturer]</i> , declares that this <i>[type of equipment]</i> is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

■ Español [Spanish]	Por medio de la presente [nombre del fabricante] declara que el [clase de equipo] cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.
ຟ Ελληνική [Greek]	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ [name of manufacturer] ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ [type of equipment] ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.
⊞ Français [French]	Par la présente [nom du fabricant] déclare que l'appareil [type d'appareil] est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
italiano [Italian]	Con la presente [nome del costruttore] dichiara che questo [tipo di apparecchio] è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
Latviski [Latvian]	Ar šo <i>[name of manufacturer / izgatavotāja nosaukums]</i> deklarē, ka <i>[type of equipment / iekārtas tips]</i> atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.
⊡Lietuvių [Lithuanian]	Šiuo <i>[manufacturer name]</i> deklaruoja, kad šis <i>[equipment type]</i> atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.
메 Nederlands [Dutch]	Hierbij verklaart [naam van de fabrikant] dat het toestel [type van toestel] in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
Index Malti [Maltese]	Hawnhekk, <i>[isem tal-manifattur]</i> , jiddikjara li dan <i>[il-mudel tal-prodott]</i> jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn relevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.
Magyar [Hungarian]	Alulírott, <i>[gyártó neve]</i> nyilatkozom, hogy a [ <i> típus]</i> megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb előírásainak.
I Polski [Polish]	Niniejszym <i>[nazwa producenta]</i> oświadcza, że <i>[nazwa wyrobu]</i> jest zgodny z zasadniczymi wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/EC.
Português [Portuguese]	[Nome do fabricante] declara que este [tipo de equipamento] está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.
I Slovensko [Slovenian]	[Ime proizvajalca] izjavlja, da je ta [tip opreme] v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi določili direktive 1999/5/ES.
Islovensky [Slovak]	<i>[Meno výrobcu]</i> týmto vyhlasuje, že <i>[typ zariadenia]</i> spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.
ffi Suomi [Finnish]	[Valmistaja = manufacturer] vakuuttaa täten että [type of equipment = laitteen tyyppimerkintä] tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
Svenska [Swedish]	Härmed intygar <i>[företag]</i> att denna <i>[utrustningstyp]</i> står I överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.

# **PEPWAVE** Broadband Possibilities

www.pepwave.com

**Contact Us:** 

Sales http://www.pepwave.com/contact/sales/

Support http://www.pepwave.com/contact/

Business Development and Partnerships http://www.pepwave.com/partners/channel-